FACULTY OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES

SYLLABUS

FOR

B.Sc. in Optometry (SEMESTER – I & II)

(Under Choice based Credit System)

Examinations: 2021 Onwards

I K GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY KAPURTHALA

Note:

(i) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time. Please visit the University website time to time.

I.K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Kapurthala

IK Gujral Punjab Technical University

VISION

To be an institution of excellence in the domain of higher technical education that serves as the fountainhead for nurturing the future leaders of technology and techno- innovation responsible for the techno-economic, social, cultural and environmental prosperity of the people of the State of Punjab, the Nation and the World.

MISSION

To provide seamless education through the pioneering use of technology, in partnership with industry and society with a view to promote research, discovery and entrepreneurship and To prepare its students to be responsible citizens of the world and the leaders of technology and techno-innovation of the 21st Century by developing in them the desirable knowledge, skill and attitudes base for the world of work and by instilling in them a culture for seamlessness in all facets of life.

OBJECTIVES

To offer globally-relevant, industry-linked, research-focused, technology- enabled seamless education at the graduate, postgraduate and research levels in various areas of engineering & technology and applied sciences keeping in mind that the manpower so spawned is excellent in quality, is relevant to the global technological needs, is motivated to give its best and is committed to the growth of the Nation;

To foster the creation of new and relevant technologies and to transfer them to industry for effective utilization;

To participate in the planning and solving of engineering and managerial problems of relevance to global industry and to society at large by conducting basic and applied research in the areas of technologies. To develop and conduct continuing education programmes for practicing engineers and managers with a view to update their fundamental knowledge base and problem-solving capabilities in the various areas of core competence of the University;

To develop strong collaborative and cooperative links with private and public sector industries and government user departments through various avenues such as undertaking of consultancy projects, conducting of collaborative applied research projects, manpower development programmes in cutting-edge areas of technology, etc;

To develop comprehensive linkages with premier academic and research institutions within the country and abroad for mutual benefit;

To provide leadership in laboratory planning and in the development of instructional resource material in the conventional as well as in the audio- visual, the video and computer-based modes;

To develop programmes for faculty growth and development both for its own faculty as well as for the faculty of other engineering and technology institutions;

To anticipate the global technological needs and to plan and prepare to cater to them;

To interact and participate with the community/society at large with a view to inculcate in them a feel for scientific and technological thought and endeavour; and To actively participate in the technological development of the State of Punjab through the undertaking of community development programmes including training and education programmes catering to the needs of the unorganized sector as well as that of the economically and socially weaker sections of society.

ACADEMIC PHILOSOPHY

The philosophy of the education to be imparted at the University is to awaken the "deepest potential" of its students as holistic human beings by nurturing qualities of self-confidence, courage, integrity, maturity, versatility of mind as well as a capacity to face the challenges of tomorrow so as to enable them to serve humanity and its highest values in the best possible way.

TITLE OF THE PROGRAM: B.Sc. OPTOMETRY

YEAR OF IMPLEMENTATION: New Syllabus will be implemented from June 2021 onwards.

DURATION: The course shall be three years, with semester system (6 semesters, with two semesters in a year). The Choice based credit system will be applicable to all the semesters.

ELGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION: Candidates with 50% marks (5% relaxation for SC/ST) in aggregate in 10+2 with Medical (Physics, Chemistry & Biology)/ Diploma in Optometry with minimum aggregate of 50% marks.

INTAKE CAPACITY: 30 (Thirty)

MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION: English.

SCHEME OF THE PROGRAM:

Sr.	Course Course Type Course Title		Course Title	L-T-P*	Credits	Marks D	Distribution	Marks
No.	Code	•1				Internal	External	
1.	BOPT 101-21	Core Theory	Basics of Anatomy-I	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
2.	BOPT 102-21	Core Theory	Basics of Physiology-I	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
3.	BOPT 103-21	Core Theory	Basics of Biochemistry-I	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
4.	BOPT 104-21	Core Practical/Lab	Basics of Anatomy-I Practical	0-0-4	2	60	40	100
5.	BOPT 105-21	Core Practical/Lab	Basics of Physiology-I Practical	0-0-4	2	60	40	100
6.	BOPT 106-21	Core Practical/Lab	Basics of Biochemistry-I Practical	0-0-4	2	60	40	100
7.	BTHU 101-18	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)- I	English	1-0-0	1	40	60	100
8.	BTHU 102-18	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-(AECC)	English Practical/Laboratory	0-0-2	1	30	20	50
9.	HVPE- 101-18	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-(AECC)	Human Values, De- addiction & Traffic Rules	3-0-0	3	40	60	100
10.	HVPE- 102-18	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-(AECC)	Human Values, De- addiction & Traffic Rules (Lab/Seminar)	0-0-1	1	25	**	25
11.	BMPD 102-18		Mentoring & Professional Development	0-0-1	1	25	**	25
		Total		13-3-16	25	460	440	900

Semester-I

Sr.	Course	Course Type	Course Title	L-T-P*	Credits	Marks D	istribution	Marks
No.	Code	course rype	Course Thie	L-1-1	Cicuits	Internal	External	IVIAI KS
		a		2.1.0				100
1.	BOPT	Core Theory	Basics of Anatomy-II	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
	201-21							
2.	BOPT	Core Theory	Basics of Physiology-II	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
	202-21		,			-		
3.	BOPT	Core Theory	Basics of	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
5.	203-21	core meory	Biochemistry-II	510	•	10	00	100
4.	BOPT	Core	Basics of Anatomy-II	0-0-4	2	60	40	100
т.	204-21	Practical/Lab	Practical	004	2	00	40	100
5.	BOPT	Core		0-0-4	2	60	40	100
э.		• • • •	Basics of Physiology-II	0-0-4	Z	00	40	100
	105-21	Practical/Lab	Practical					
6.	BOPT	Core	Basics of	0-0-4	2	60	40	100
	206-21	Practical/Lab	Biochemistry-II					
			Practical					
7.	EVS	Ability	Environmental Studies	2-0-0	2	40	60	100
	102-18	Enhancement				-		
	102 10	Compulsory						1
		Course (AECC)						
0	DMDD	Course (AECC)	Mantanin - 8	0.0.1	1	25	**	25
8.	BMPD		Mentoring &	0-0-1	1	25	**	25
	102-18		Professional					1
			Development					
		Total		11-3-13	21	365	360	725

Semester-II

*A course can either have four Hrs Lecture or Three Hrs Lecture + One Hrs Tutorial as per requirement

**The Human Values, De-addiction and Traffic Rules (Lab/ Seminar) and Mentoring and Professional

Development course will have internal evaluation only.

THE	ORY				
S.No			Weightage in Marks		Remarks
1	Internal Evaluation	Mid-Semester Examination	30	10	MSTs, Quizzes assignments, attendance,
2		Attendance	5	5	etc. Constitute internal evaluation. Best of two
3		Assignments	5	5	mid-semester exams will be considered for evaluation
4	External	End-Semester	60	30	Conduct and checking of
	Evaluation	Examination			the answer sheets will be at the university level.
	Total		100	50	
PRA	CTICAL				•
1	Internal Evaluation	Daily evaluation of practical performance/ record/ viva voce		15	
2		Attendance		5	
3		Internal Practical Examination	-	10	
4	External Evaluation	Final Practical Examination		20	
		Total	4	50	

EXAMINATION AND EVALUATION

PATTERN OF END-SEMESTER EXAMINATION

- I. Part A will be One Compulsory question consisting of short answer type questions [Q No. 1(a-h)] covering whole syllabus. There will be no choice in this question. It will be of 16 marks comprising of 8 questions of 2 marks each.
- II. **Part B** will be comprising of eight questions [2-9]. Student will have to attempt any six questions from this part. It will be of 24 marks with **6 questions of 4 marks each**.
- III. Part C will be comprising of two compulsory questions with internal choice in both these questions [10-11]. It will be of 20 marks with 2 questions of 10 marks each.

SYLLABUS OF THE PROGRAM

The syllabus has been upgraded as per provision of the UGC module and demand of the academic environment. The contents of the syllabus have been duly arranged unit wise and included in such a manner so that due importance is given to requisite intellectual and laboratory skills. The application part of the respective contents has been appropriately emphasized.

SEMESTER-I

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry					
BOP	BOPT 101-21					
Basi	Basics of Anatomy-I					
L:3	T:1	P:0	Credits:4			
3						
Duration (hours)						
To te	To teach the fundamental concepts of Human Anatomy					
	B.So BOP Basic L:3 3	B.Sc. in O BOPT 101-2 Basics of An L:3 T:1 3	B.Sc. in Optomet BOPT 101-21 Basics of Anatomy-I L:3 T:1 P:0 3			

Details of the Course (Human Anatomy)

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
Ι	Introduction: Definition of anatomy and its divisions, Terms of location, positions and planes. Embryology of Eye. General Anatomy of Eye: Eye Orbit, Sclera, Cornea, Choroid, Ciliary Body, Iris & Retina. Refractory media: Aqueous Humor, Anterior Chamber, Posterior Chamber, Lens, Vitreous Body, Eyelids, Conjunctiva.	12
Π	Cardiovascular System: Arteries & veins, Capillaries & arterioles, Heart- size, location, chambers, blood supply of heart, pericardium, Systemic & pulmonary circulation, Major blood vessels of Heart- Aorta, pulmonary artery, common carotid artery, subclavian artery, axillary artery, brachial artery, common iliac artery, femoral artery, Inferior vena cava, portal circulation, great saphenous vein.	12
III	Central Nervous System: Brain, regions of brain, Cerebrum, Cerebellum, Brainstem, Cerebral Cortex and Diencephalon. Brain ventricles, Cranial Nerves. Types of Nerve Cells, Nerve Impulse: Conduction & Transmission.	12
IV	Musculoskeletal system: Structure of Bone & its types, Joints- Classification of joints with examples; details of synovial joint, Bones & joints of upper limb, lower limb and their movements, Axial skeleton & appendicular skeleton, Skull, spine & its movements, intervertebral disc, Muscles & its types, Muscles of the upper limb, lower limb, trunk and neck.	10

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Ross & Wilson Anatomy	Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
1	and Physiology		
	Principles of Anatomy &	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
2	Physiology		
	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in	Churchill Livingstone,
3		Health and Illness	New York
	Arthur C, Guyton and	Text book of Medical	Hall. Miamisburg, OH,
4	John.E	Physiology	U.S.A

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry				
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 102-21				
Subject Title:	Basics of Physiology-I					
Contact Hours:	L:3	T:1	P:0	Credits:4		
Examination	3					
Duration (hours)						
Objective(s):	To te	To teach the fundamental concepts of Human Physiology				

Details of the Course (Human Physiology)

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	Gastrointestinal System: Physiological Anatomy, functions of GIT, Salivary Gland-functions of saliva, Stomach- structure and functions, Gastric secretions-composition, functions, Mechanism, Pancreas- structure, functions, composition of Pancreatic juice, Liver-Functions of liver, Bile-Composition, functions, Jaundice-Types and its causes, Gall Bladder- Functions, Intestine- Movements of small and large intestine, Digestion and Absorption of Carbohydrates, Proteins, Fats, Hormones of GIT- Functions of Gastrin, Secretin, CCK-PZ.	12
П	Respiratory System: Physiological Anatomy, Functions of the respiratory system, Types of respiration, respiratory membrane, Lung volumes and capacities, vital capacity and factors affecting it, Transport of Oxygen- Forms of transportation, Oxy-hemoglobin dissociation curve and factors affecting it, Transport of Carbon-Dioxide- Forms of transportation, Hypoxia-Definition, types, effects of hypoxia, Cyanosis-Definition and types, Artificial Respiration-CPR	12
III	Cardiovascular System: Heart-Physiological Anatomy, Nerve supply, Properties of cardiac muscle, Cardiac Cycle-Events –systole, diastole, Cardiac Output-Definition and factors affecting it, Heart sounds-normal heart sounds, its causes, areas of auscultations, Blood Pressure-Definition, normal value, Physiological variations, its measurement, ECG- normal waves, Shock-Definition, Types.	10
IV	Blood: Red Blood Cells- Functions, count, Physiological variations. Erythropoisis-stages, Hemoglobin-Functions, Physiological variations, White Blood cells-Functions, count, morphology, Platelets-count, morphology, functions. Hemostasis-Definition, Mechanism, clotting factors, Blood groups-ABO system, Rh system, Blood transfusion- Indication, transfusion reactions, Anaemias-classification, morphological and Etiological, effects of anaemia on body.	10

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	Ross & Wilson Anatomy and Physiology	Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
2	Principles of Anatomy & Physiology	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
3	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness	Churchill Livingstone, New York
4	Arthur C,Guyton and John.E	Text book of Medical Physiology	Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

Course Name	B.S	B.Sc. in Optometry				
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 103-21				
Subject Title:	Basi	Basics of Biochemistry-I				
Contact Hours:	L:3	T:1	P:0	Credits:4		
Examination	3					
Duration (hours)						
Objective (s):	To te	To teach the fundamental concepts of cell biology & biochemistry.				

Unit	Contents	Contact
		Hours
Ι	Cell: Morphology, structure & functions of cell, cell membrane, Nucleus, chromatin, Mitochondria, Endoplasmic Reticulum, Ribosomes. Carbohydrates: Definition, chemical structure, functions, sources, classifications, Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides, mucopoloysaccharide and its importance, glycoproteins Lipids: Definition, function, sources, classification, simple lipid, compound lipid, derived lipid, unsaturated and saturated fatty acid. Essential fatty acids and their importance, Blood lipids and their implications, cholesterol with its importance.	12
П	Proteins :Definition, sources, amino acids, structure of protein, their classification, simple protein, conjugated protein, derived proteins and their properties. Enzymes: Definitions, mechanism of action, factors affecting enzyme action, enzyme of clinical importance.	14
Ш	 Nutrition Vitamins: Types, functions and role. Principal minerals and their functions(Ca, P, Mg, Na, K, Cl) Balanced diet, Diet for Chronically and terminally ill patients, post operative patients Bioenergetics: Energy rich compounds, Respiratory chain and Biological oxidation. 	10
IV	Carbohydrate Metabolism: Glycolysis, TCA cycle, Glycogen metabolism, Gluconeogenesis, Maintenance of Blood Glucose. Diabetes Mellitus and its complications.	16

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Lehninger	Principles of Biochemistry	W.H. Freeman &
1			Company, New York
	Berg, J.M., Tymoczko,		W.H. Freeman &
2	J.L. and Stryer L	Biochemistry	Company, New York
	Voet, D.J., Voet, J.G. and	Principles of Biochemistry	John Wiley & Sons, New
3	Pratt, C.W		York
	Murray, R.K., Granner,	Harper's Biochemistry	Lange Medical
	D.K., Mayes and P.A.,		Books/McGraw Hill
4	Rodwell, V.W		

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry				
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 104-21				
Subject Title:	Basic	Basics of Anatomy-I Practical				
Contact Hours:	L:0	L:0 T:0 P:4 Credits:2				
Examination	3					
Duration (hours)						
Objective(s):	To n	To make the students learn practical aspects of Human Anatomy				

Sr.	Contents	Contact
No.		Hours
I	 Histology: • Epithelium: Simple (squamous, cuboidal, columnar, ciliated), Stratified, Transitional • Bone, muscles (skeletal, smooth, cardiac) • Cartilage (hyaline, elastic, fibro cartilage). • Connective Tissue (loose and dense). • Arteries (large & medium sized), Veins. • Demonstration of various parts of Eye • Demonstration of tissues of body • Demonstration of parts of digestive system • Demonstration of parts of Nervous system : Brain & Spinal Cord • Demonstration of various parts of circulatory system (Demonstration from models) • Demonstration of structural differences between skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscles (permanent mounts) 	
	 Demonstration of various bones and joints To study circulatory system from charts and transverse section (TS) of artery and vein from permanent slides. To study digestive system from charts and TS of liver, spleen and pancreas from permanent slides. To study various body fluids. 	
	Note: Demonstrations can be done with the help of models, charts and histological slides	

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Ross & Wilson Anatomy	Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
1	and Physiology		
	Principles of Anatomy &	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
2	Physiology		
	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in	Churchill Livingstone,
3		Health and Illness	New York
	Arthur	Text book of Medical	Hall. Miamisburg, OH,
4	C,GuytonandJohn.E	Physiology	U.S.A

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY					
Course Name	B.So	B.Sc. in Optometry			
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 105-21			
Subject Title:	Basi	Basics of Physiology-I Practical			
Contact Hours:	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2	
Examination	3				
Duration (hours)					
Objective (s):	To r	To make the students learn practical aspects of Human Physiology			

Sr.	Contents	Contact					
No.		Hours					
Ι	Examination of blood film for various blood cells from stained slides.						
	Blood pressure estimation						
	Estimation of Hemoglobin Concentration						
	- Determination of Bleeding Time and Clotting Time						
	- Determination of Blood Groups						
	- Recording of normal Blood Pressure						
	- Clinical Examination of Arterial Pulse						
	- Determination of Vital Capacity						

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Ross & Wilson Anatomy	Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
1	and Physiology		
2	Principles of Anatomy & Physiology	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in	Churchill Livingstone,
3		Health and Illness	New York
	Arthur	Text book of Medical	Hall. Miamisburg, OH,
4	C,GuytonandJohn.E	Physiology	U.S.A

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry				
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 106-21				
Subject Title:	Basi	Basics of Biochemistry-I Practical				
Contact Hours:	L:0	L:0 T:0 P:4 Credits:2				
Examination	3					
Duration (hours)						
Objective(s):	To n	To make the students learn practical aspects of Biochemistry				

Sr. No.	Contents
Ι	 Safety measures in laboratories. Preparation of normal and molar solutions. Preparation of buffers. Determination of pKa of acetic acid and glycine. Qualitative tests for carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids, proteins and nucleic acids. Separation of amino acids/ sugars/ bases by thin layer chromatography. Estimation of vitamin C.

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	D. Shaheen	Physical Biochemistry	Wiley Blackwell Publishers
2	T. G. Coopers	The Tools of Biochemistry	Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
	Voet, D.J., Voet, J.G. and	Principles of Biochemistry	John Wiley & Sons, New
3	Pratt, C.W		York
4	Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes and P.A.,	Harper's Biochemistry	Lange Medical Books/McGraw Hill
4	Rodwell, V.W		

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry				
Subject Code:	BTH	BTHU101-18				
Subject Title:	Engl	ish				
Contact Hours:	L:1	T:0	P:0	Credits:4		
Examination	3					
Duration (hours)						
Objective (s):	To le	To learn effective communication both oral & written.				

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
Ι	Theory of Communication	4
	Types and modes of Communication	
Π	Language of Communication Verbal and Non-verbal (Spoken & verbal), Personal, Social and Business Barriers and Strategies, Intra-personal, Inter-personal and Group communication	6
III	Reading and Understanding Close Reading, Comprehension, Summary Paraphrasing, Analysis and Interpretation, Translation(from Hindi/Punjabi to English and vice- versa), Literary/Knowledge Texts	10
IV	Documenting, Report Writing, Making Notes, Letter Writing	10

- 1. Fluency in English Part II, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 2. Business English, Pearson, 2008.
- 3. Language, Literature and Creativity, Orient Blackswan, 2013.
- 4. *Language through Literature* (forthcoming) ed. Dr. Gauri Mishra, Dr Ranjana Kaul, Dr Brati Biswas
- 5. On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001
- 6. Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry				
Subject Code:	BTH	BTHU102-18				
Subject Title:	Engl	English Practical				
Contact Hours:	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2		
Examination	3					
Duration (hours)						
Objective(s):	To le	To learn effective communication both oral & written.				

Sr. No.	Contents Interactive practice sessions in Language Lab on Oral Communication						
Ι							
	Listening Comprehension						
	Self Introduction, Group Discussion and Role Play						
	Common Everyday Situations:						
	Conversations and Dialogues						
	Communication at Workplace						
	Interviews Formal Presentations, Effective Communication/ Mis-communication Public Speaking						

- 1. Fluency in English Part II, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- 2. Business English, Pearson, 2008.
- 3. Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- 4. *Communication Skills*. Sanjay Kumar and Pushp Lata. Oxford University Press. 2011.
- 5. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press

I.K.	I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry					
Subject Code:	HVP	E-101-1	8				
Subject Title:	Hum	Human Values, De-addiction & Traffic Rules					
Contact Hours:	L:3	L:3 T:0 P:0 Credits:3					
Examination	3						
Duration (hours)							
Objective(s):	To develop a sense of social responsibility, traffic rules and about menace of drugs.						

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours	
I	Course Introduction – Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education Understanding the need, basic guidelines, content and process for Value Education Self Exploration–what is it? – its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation-as the mechanism for self exploration Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities- the basic requirements for 18ulfilment of aspirations of every human being with their	6	
	correct priority Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario Method to 18ulfil the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels		
Π	Understanding Harmony in the Human Being – Harmony in Myself!Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body'Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' – Sukh and Suvidha Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer)Understanding the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I' Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Swasthya; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail Programs to ensure Sanyam and Swasthya Practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice Sessions.	6	
Ш	Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-Human Relationship Understanding harmony in the Family- the basic unit of human interaction Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Nyaya and program for its 18ulfilment to ensure Ubhay-tripti; Trust (Vishwas) and Respect (Samman) as the foundational values of relationship Understanding the meaning of Vishwas; Difference between intention and competence Understanding the meaning of Samman, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): Samadhan, Samridhi, Abhay, Sah-astitva as comprehensive Human	6	

		1
	Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society	
	(AkhandSamaj), Universal Order (SarvabhaumVyawastha)- from family to	
	world family!	
	Practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice Sessions	
IV	Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence – Whole existence as	4
	Co-existence	
	Understanding the harmony in the Nature	
	Interconnectedness and mutual 19ulfilment among the four orders of nature-	
	recyclability and self-regulation in nature	
	Understanding Existence as Co-existence (<i>Sah-astitva</i>) of mutually	
	interacting units in all-pervasive space	
	Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence	
	Practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice	
	Sessions.	
V	Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on	6
V	Professional	6
	Natural acceptance of human values	
	Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct	
	Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic	
	Universal Order	
	Competence in professional ethics:	
	Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting	
	universal human order,	
	Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people-	
	friendly and eco-friendly	
	production systems,	
	Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies	
	and management patterns for above production systems.	
	Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and	
	production systems	
	Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order:	
	At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible	
	engineers, technologists	
	and managers	

Text Book

R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, 2009, A Foundation Course in Value Education.

Reference Books

1. Ivan Illich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and HarperCollins, USA

2. E.F. Schumacher, 1973, *Small is Beautiful: a study of economics as if people mattered*, Blond & Briggs, Britain.

3. A Nagraj, 1998, Jeevan Vidya ek Parichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.

4. Sussan George, 1976, How the Other Half Dies, Penguin Press. Reprinted 1986, 1991

5. PL Dhar, RR Gaur, 1990, Science and Humanism, Commonwealth Purblishers.

6. A.N. Tripathy, 2003, Human Values, New Age International Publishers.

- 7. Subhas Palekar, 2000, *How to practice Natural Farming*, Pracheen(Vaidik) Krishi Tantra Shodh, Amravati.
- 8. Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, 1972, *Limits to Growth*
- Club of Rome's report, Universe Books.

9. E G Seebauer & Robert L. Berry, 2000, *Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists & Engineers*, Oxford University Press

10. M Govindrajran, S Natrajan & V.S. Senthil Kumar, *Engineering Ethics (including Human Values)*, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd.

11. B P Banerjee, 2005, Foundations of Ethics and Management, Excel Books.

12. B L Bajpai, 2004, *Indian Ethos and Modern Management*, New Royal Book Co., Lucknow. Reprinted 2008.

Relevant CDs, Movies, Documentaries & Other Literature:

- 1. Value Education website, http://uhv.ac.in
- 2. Story of Stuff, <u>http://www.storyofstuff.com</u>
- 3. Al Gore, An Inconvenient Truth, Paramount Classics, USA
- 4. Charlie Chaplin, Modern Times, United Artists, USA
- 5. IIT Delhi, Modern Technology the Untold Story

I.K.	I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry					
Subject Code:	HVP	HVPE102-18					
Subject Title:	Subject Title: Human Values, De-addiction & Traffic Rules Lab/Seminar			addiction & Traffic Rules Lab/Seminar			
Contact Hours:	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2			
Examination	3						
Duration (hours)	Duration (hours)						
Objective (s):	To develop a sense of social responsibility, traffic rules and about						
_	mena	menace of drugs.					

Sr. No.	Contents
Ι	One each seminar will be organized on Drug De-addiction and Traffic Rules. Eminent scholar and experts of the subject will be called for the Seminar atleast once during the semester. It will be binding for all the students to attend the seminar

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY								
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry						
Subject Code:	BMP	BMPD 102-18						
Subject Title:	Mentoring & Professional Development							
Contact Hours:	L:0	L:0 T:0 P:1 Credits:1						
Examination	3							
Duration (hours)								
Objective (s):	To learn the life long learning skills.							

Sr.	Contents							
No.								
Ι	Part-A (Class Activities)							
	1. Expert and video lectures							
	2. Aptitude Test							
	3. Group Discussion							
	4. Quiz (General/Technical)							
	5. Presentations by the students							
	6. Team building Exercises							
	7* A part of above six points practicals on Fundamentals of Computers are also added as per Annexure-I							
II	Part-B (Outdoor Activities)							
	1. Sports/NSS/NCC							
	 Society Activities of various students chapter i.e. ISTE, SCIE, SAE, CSI, Cultural Club, etc. 							

Evaluation shall be based on rubrics for Part – A & B

Mentors/Faculty incharges shall maintain proper record student wise of each activity conducted and the same shall be submitted to the department.

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY							
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry					
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 201-21					
Subject Title:	Basi	Basics of Anatomy-II					
Contact Hours:	L:3	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4					
Examination	3	3					
Duration (hours)	Puration (hours)						
Objective(s):	To te	To teach the fundamental concepts of Human Anatomy					
Details of the Course (Human Anotamy)							

Details of the Course (Human Anatomy)

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours				
Ι	Introduction: Ocular Muscles, Visual Pathways, Sympathetic & Para- sympathetic nervous system, Vascular supply of eye, Lacrimal apparatus, , Aqueous Humor, Vitreous Humor.	8				
II	Excretory System: Morphology and Anatomy of Human Kidney, Ureters, Urinary Bladder, Urethra. Structure of Nephron: Bowman's Capsule, Proximal Convoluted Tubule, Distal Convoluted Tubule, Collecting Tubule, Loop of Henle, Collecting Duct.					
III	Nervous System: Spinal Cord and Cranial Nerves, Sympathetic and Para- sympathetic Nervous System. Reflex Action and its types, Reflex Arc. Sensory Organs: Morphology and Anatomy of Ear, Tongue and Skin and their receptors.	12				
IV	Endocrine System: Endocrine Glands and their types-Pituitary, Hpothalamus, Pineal, Thyroid, Parathyroids, Thymus, Adrenals, Kidneys, Pancreas, Gonads (Testes & Ovaries) and Alimentary Canal.	8				

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Ross & Wilson Anatomy	Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
1	and Physiology		
2	Principles of Anatomy & Physiology	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in	Churchill Livingstone,
3		Health and Illness	New York
4	Arthur C,Guyton and John.E	Text book of Medical Physiology	Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY							
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry					
Subject Code:	BOPT 202-21						
Subject Title:	Basics of Physiology-II			-II			
Contact Hours:	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4			Credits:4			
Examination	3						
Duration (hours)	Duration (hours)						
Objective(s):	To teach the fundamental concepts of Human Physiology						

Details of the Course (Human Physiology)

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	Ocular Physiology: Introduction of General Physiology of the eye, Extrinsic eye muscles and their actions (Ocular movements), Vision and its general aspects, Pigments of eye and its photochemistry, Electrophysiology of the eye, Visual acuity, Vernier acuity and its measurement, Visual Perception: Binocular vision, Stereoscopic vision, Scotopic and Photopic vision. Colour vision, Colour defects and Colour mixing. Mechanism of Accommodation.	10
Π	Excretory System: Physiological functions of Kidneys and Osmoregulation. Mechanism of Urine formation, Counter-current mechanism, Urea Cycle, Various types of Kidney disorders. Kidney failure and its causes. Haemodialysis.	10
III	Nervous System: Functions of Spinal cord and Cranial nerves. Reflex action and its mechanism, Conditioned and Unconditioned Reflex action, Reflex arc. Mechanism of Nerve impulse generation and its transmission. Transmission of Nerve Impulsa along the nerve fibre and at Synapse. The physiology of various receptors in tongue, nose and skin. Mechanism of hearing in ear.	12
IV	Endocrine System: Hormones and its types, Mechanism of Hormone action, Various hormones secreted by endocrine glands and their functions, Disorders of Endocrine Glands.	8

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
		Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
1	and Physiology		
	Principles of Anatomy &	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
2	Physiology		
	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in	Churchill Livingstone,
3		Health and Illness	New York
	Arthur C, Guyton and	Text book of Medical	Hall. Miamisburg, OH,
4	John.E	Physiology	U.S.A

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry					
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 203-21					
Subject Title:	Basi	cs of Bio	ochemist	ry-II			
Contact Hours:	L:3	T:1	P:0	Credits:4			
Examination	3						
Duration (hours)							
Objective (s):	To teach the fundamental concepts of cell biology & biochemistry.						

Unit	Contents	Contact					
		Hours					
Ι	Nucleic Acids & its metabolism: Nucleosides, Nucleotides, Purines,	8					
	Pyrimidines, Structure of DNA & its types (A, B & Z DNA's), RNA &						
	its types, Metabolism of Purines & Pyrimidines and their disorders.						
II	Metabolism of Fatty Acids: Digestion, absorption of lipids.	10					
	Chylomicrons, Oxidation of Fatty Acids. Disorders of Fat metabolism,						
	Fatty Liver & its causes. Ketosis & its salient features, causes and						
	diagnosis of Ketosis. Lipoproteins, classification & types of						
	Lipoproteins, LDL & HDL, their functions & clinical applications.						
	Hyperlipidemias and Cardiovascular Diseases.						
III	Metabolism of Amino Acids: Formation of ammonia, Transamination,	8					
	Biological significance & clinical significance of Transamination.						
	Transdeamination: oxidative & non-oxidative deamination, Urea Cycle,						
	disorders of urea cycle.						
IV	Clinical Biochemistry: Water and Electrolyte, Fluid compartment, daily	12					
	intake and output sodium and potassium balance						
	Hormones: Actions of Hormone Insulin, Glucagon, Thyroid and						
	Parathyroid hormones, Cortical hormones.						
	Acid Base Balance, role of lungs and kidneys,– Regulation of blood pH,						
	acidosis, Alkalosis,						
	Physical Chemistry: Osmosis, Dialysis, Donann membrane equilibirium						
	Liver, Gastric, Pancreatic and Kidney functions tests.						

Reference Books

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Lehninger	Principles of Biochemistry	W.H. Freeman &
1			Company, New York
	Berg, J.M., Tymoczko,		W.H. Freeman &
2	J.L. and Stryer L	Biochemistry	Company, New York
	Voet, D.J., Voet, J.G. and	Principles of Biochemistry	John Wiley & Sons, New
3	Pratt, C.W		York
	Murray, R.K., Granner,	Harper's Biochemistry	Lange Medical
	D.K., Mayes and P.A.,		Books/McGraw Hill
4	Rodwell, V.W		

I.K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Kapurthala

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY						
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry				
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 204-21				
Subject Title:	Basi	Basics of Anatomy-II Practical				
Contact Hours:	L:0					
Examination	3					
Duration (hours)						
Objective (s):	To make the students learn practical aspects of Human Anatomy					

Sr.	Contents	Contact
No.		Hours
Ι	• Study the Cross Section of Human Eye using Eye model.	
	• Study of the Eye receptor Cells: Rods & Cones through charts.	
	• Demonstration of parts of Human Excretory System using model:	
	Kidneys, Ureter, Urethera.	
	Study the Structure of Nephron.	
	• Demonstration of parts of Nervous system : Spinal Cord and	
	Cranial Nerves along with Sympathetic & Para-sympathetic	
	Nervous System.	
	• Demonstration of Morphology & Anatomy of Ear, Skin and	
	Tongue using various models.	
	• Demonstration various Endocrine Glands using Charts and	
	Models.	
	Note: Demonstrations can be done with the help of models, charts and	
	histological slides	

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Ross & Wilson Anatomy	Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
1	and Physiology		
	Principles of Anatomy &	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
2	Physiology		
	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in	Churchill Livingstone,
3		Health and Illness	New York
	Arthur	Text book of Medical	Hall. Miamisburg, OH,
4	C,GuytonandJohn.E	Physiology	U.S.A

I.K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Kapurthala

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY					
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry			
Subject Code:	BOP	BOPT 105-21			
Subject Title:	Basics of Physiology-II Practical		-II Practical		
Contact Hours:	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2	
Examination	3				
Duration (hours)					
Objective (s):	To make the students learn practical aspects of Human Physiology				

Sr. No.	Contents	Contact Hours
I	 Determine the Physiological Blind Spot by Mariotte's Experiment. Determine the Physiological Blind Spot by Mariotte's Experiment. Test the distant and close vision using Snellen's chart and Jaeger's chart. Determine the Color Vision using Ishihara's chart. Conduct the Rinne's test, Schwabach's test and Weber's test for hearing. Determine the taste sensation using Strong solutions of sucrose (10%), sodium chloride (15%) and weak solutions of acetic acid (1%), and quinine sulphate (0.1%). Calculate the Effective filtration pressure from the given data. 	

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
	Ross & Wilson Anatomy	Anne Waugh, Allison Grant	Churchill Livingstone
1	and Physiology		
2	Principles of Anatomy & Physiology	Tortora & Bryan	WILEY
	J		
	Kathleen J.W. Wilson	Anatomy and Physiology in	Churchill Livingstone,
3		Health and Illness	New York
	Arthur	Text book of Medical	Hall. Miamisburg, OH,
4	C,GuytonandJohn.E	Physiology	U.S.A

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY					
Course Name	B.Sc	B.Sc. in Optometry			
Subject Code:	BOPT 206-21				
Subject Title:	Basics of Biochemistry-II Practical				
Contact Hours:	L:0 T:0 P:4 Credits:2			Credits:2	
Examination	3				
Duration (hours)					
Objective(s):	To make the students learn practical aspects of Biochemistry				

Sr. No.	Contents
Ι	 Kidney function tests Renal function tests Analysis of Normal Urine Composition of urine Procedure for routine screening Common renal disease Urinary calculus Urine examination for detection of abnormal constituents Sugar and Protein levels in Urine

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year		
1	D. Shaheen	Physical Biochemistry	Wiley Blackwell Publishers		
2	T. G. Coopers	The Tools of Biochemistry	Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.		
	Voet, D.J., Voet, J.G. and	Principles of Biochemistry	John Wiley & Sons, New		
3	Pratt, C.W		York		
	Murray, R.K., Granner,	Harper's Biochemistry	Lange Medical		
	D.K., Mayes and P.A.,		Books/McGraw Hill		
4	Rodwell, V.W				

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY									
Course Name	Course Name B.Sc. in Forensic Sciences								
Subject Code:	EVS	102-18							
Subject Title:	Envi	Environmental Studies							
Contact Hours:	L:2	L:2 T:0 P:0 Credits:2							
Examination	Examination 3								
Duration (hours)	Duration (hours)								
Objective(s):To learn the basics of Environmental issues.									

Details of Syllabus

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	Introduction to Environmental Studies Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies: Scope & Importance Need for Public Awareness Ecosystems Concept of an Ecosystem: Structure & functions of an ecosystem (Producers, Consumers & Decomposers) Energy Flow in an ecosystem: Food Chain, Food web and Ecological Pyramids Characteristic features, structure & functions of following Ecosystems: • Forest Ecosystem • Aquatic Ecosystem (Ponds, Lakes, River & Ocean)	4
II	Natural Resources Renewable & Non-renewable resources Forest Resources: Their uses, functions & values (Biodiversity conservation, role in climate change, medicines) & threats (Overexploitation, Deforestation, Timber extraction, Agriculture Pressure), Forest Conservation Act Water Resources: Their uses (Agriculture, Domestic & Industrial), functions & values, Overexploitation and Pollution of Ground & Surface water resources (Case study of Punjab), Water Conservation, Rainwater Harvesting, Land Resources: Land as a resource; Land degradation, soil erosion and desertification. Energy Resources: Renewable & non-renewable energy resources, use of alternate energy resources (Solar, Wind, Biomass, Thermal), Urban problems related to Energy	8
III	Biodiversity & its conservation Types of Biodiversity: Species, Genetic & Ecosystem India as a mega biodiversity nation, Biodiversity hot spots and biogeographic regions of India Examples of Endangered & Endemic species of India, Red data book Environmental Pollution & Social Issues Types, Causes, Effects & Control of Air, Water, Soil & Noise Pollution Nuclear hazards and accidents & Health risks Global Climate Change: Global warming, Ozone depletion, Acid rain, Melting of Glaciers & Ice caps, Rising sea levels Environmental disasters: Earthquakes, Floods, Cyclones, Landslides	8
IV	Field Work Visit to a National Park, Biosphere Reserve, Wildlife Sanctuary Documentation & preparation of a Biodiversity (flora & fauna) register of campus/river/forest Visit to a local polluted site : Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Identification & Photography of resident or migratory birds, insects (butterflies) Public hearing on environmental issues in a village	16

- 1. Carson, R. 2002. Silent Spring. Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.
- 2. Gadgil, M., & Guha, R.1993. This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India. Univ. of California Press.
- 3. Gleeson, B. and Low, N. (eds.) 1999. Global Ethics and Environment, London, Routledge.
- 4. Gleick, P. H. 1993. Water in Crisis. Pacific Institute for Studies in Dev., Environment & Security. Stockholm Env. Institute, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 5. Groom, Martha J., Gary K. Meffe, and Carl Ronald Carroll. Principles of Conservation Biology. Sunderland: Sinauer Associates, 2006.
- 6. Grumbine, R. Edward, and Pandit, M.K. 2013. Threats from India's Himalava dams. Science, 339: 36--- 37.
 7. McCully, P. 1996. *Rivers no more: the environmental effects of dams*(pp. 29--- 64). Zed
- Books.
- 8. McNeill, John R. 2000. Something New Under the Sun: An Environmental History of the Twentieth Century.
- 9. Odum, E.P., Odum, H.T. & Andrews, J. 1971. Fundamentals of Ecology. Philadelphia: Saunders.
- 10. Pepper, I.L., Gerba, C.P. & Brusseau, M.L. 2011. Environmental and Pollution Science. Academic Press.
- 11. Rao, M.N. & Datta, A.K. 1987. Waste Water Treatment. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 12. Raven, P.H., Hassenzahl, D.M. & Berg, L.R. 2012. Environment. 8th edition. John Wiley & Sons.
- 13. Rosencranz, A., Divan, S., & Noble, M. L. 2001. Environmental law and policy in India. Tripathi 1992.
- 14. Sengupta, R. 2003. *Ecology and economics*: An approach to sustainable development. OUP.
- 15. Singh, J.S., Singh, S.P. and Gupta, S.R. 2014. Ecology, Environmental Science and Conservation. S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi.
- 16. Sodhi, N.S., Gibson, L. & Raven, P.H. (eds). 2013. Conservation Biology: Voices from the Tropics. John Wiley & Sons.
- 17. Thapar, V. 1998. Land of the Tiger: A Natural History of the Indian Subcontinent.
- 18. Warren, C. E. 1971. Biology and Water Pollution Control. WB Saunders.
- 19. Wilson, E. O. 2006. The Creation: An appeal to save life on earth. New York: Norton.
- 20. World Commission on Environment and Development. 1987. Our Common Future. Oxford University Press.

I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY								
Course Name	Course Name B.Sc. in Optometry							
Subject Code:	BMPD 102-18							
Subject Title:	Men	Mentoring & Professional Development						
Contact Hours:	L:0	L:0 T:0 P:1 Credits:1						
Examination	Examination 3							
Duration (hours)								
Objective(s):To learn the life long learning skills.								

Sr.	Contents
No.	
Ι	Part-A (Class Activities)
	1. Expert and video lectures
	2. Aptitude Test
	3. Group Discussion
	4. Quiz (General/Technical)
	5. Presentations by the students
	6. Team building Exercises
	7* A part of above six points practicals on Fundamentals of Computers are also added as per Annexure-I
II	Part-B (Outdoor Activities)
	1. Sports/NSS/NCC
	 Society Activities of various students chapter i.e. ISTE, SCIE, SAE, CSI, Cultural Club, etc.

Evaluation shall be based on rubrics for Part – A & B

Mentors/Faculty incharges shall maintain proper record student wise of each activity conducted and the same shall be submitted to the department.



Study Scheme & Syllabus of

Bachelor of Optometry Batch 2021 onwards By Board of Studies PTU



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Sr. No.	Semester	Subject Code	Торіс	Page No.
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2.			Program Specific Outcomes	4
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4.			Examination and Evaluation	8
5.			Question Paper Pattern for MST	9
6.	Semester 3 rd Detailed syllabus			11-29
7.	Semester 4 th			30-44
	Detailed syllabus			



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Program	n Educational Objectives:
PEO1	The graduates will interpret the results of common ophthalmic procedures, develop differential and conclusive diagnoses, including the skillful use of Vision Care Instruments and material and management of Eye and Vision conditions.
PEO2	The graduates will have successful careers as optometric health leaders and entrepreneurs (vision therapist, contact lens practitioner, low vision specialist, ocularist, occupational optometrist, academics, and research).
PEO3	Graduates will possess considerable leadership skills in a broad and multidisciplinary team and be able to work and communicate effectively in an inter-disciplinary context either solo or in a team
PEO4	Graduates' professional and ethical qualities will enable them to meaningfully contribute to teams.
Program	n Outcomes:
PO1	OPTOMETRIC PROBLEM SOLVING AND MANAGEMENT : To create, produce, and prescribe a variety of optical aids, such as eyeglasses, sunglasses, contact lenses, and ophthalmic lenses.
PO2	OPTOMETRY KNOWLEDGE : To deliver care to patients under a range of different situations, efficiently, and affordably, while putting each patient's needs first. POLLUTION ANALYSIS: To illustrate the statistical and scientific concepts that underlie the practice of optometry
PO3	FORMULATE/DESIGN A SOLUTION : using research-based knowledge and research techniques, such as data collection, analysis, and interpretation designs, and combining the data to provide a reliable result
PO4	DESIGN AND DEVELOP COMPLEX PROBLEM : To develop systems that meet the necessary needs while taking into account the public's health and safety, as well as cultural, societal, and environmental factors, and to design solutions for complex optometry problems.
PO5	DESIGN AND DEVELOP COMPLEX PROBLEM: To design solutions for complex optometry problems and develop systems that meet the required needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal and environmental considerations.
PO6	PROFESSIONAL DISCIPLINE: To undertake Public Health Optometry projects and vision screening eye camps for educating on ocular hygiene and related counseling
PO7	ETHICAL LEARNING: To apply ethical principles and to commit professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the optometric practice.
PO8	COMMUNICATION: To communicate effectively on complex optometric activities with optometry Body and with society as such in eye screening and being able to comprehend and write effective reports, provide effective presentations and propose solutions
PO9	LIFE LONG LEARNING: To recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life- long learning in the broadest context of technological change.
PO10	ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY: Understand the impact of professional optometry solution in society as well as on environmental basis and display the



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knowledge of need of productive and sustainable development
knowledge of need of productive and sustainable development.

Progra to: -	Im Specific Outcomes: At the end of the Program, the student will be able
PSO1	Incremental development of students learning and clinical skills development through the stages of the programme.
PSO2	Integration of theoretical, practical and clinical aspects of the curriculum
PSO3	Knowledge and skills acquired during study will help the graduates to solve the wide range of ocular problems encountered in optometric clinical practice
PSO4	Ability to develop a professional attitude towards the patients, colleagues and communities



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Semester		Third (3 rd)									
Course Code	Group	Cours e Type	Course Name /	Load Allocation				Marks Distribution		Total Marks	Credit
			Title	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If Applicable)	Internal	External		
BOPT- 301-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Ocular Microbiolog Y	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 302-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Visual optics –I	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 303-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Optometric optics-I	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 304-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Optometric Instruments	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 305-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Ocular Disease –I	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 306-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Clinical examination of visual system	3	1	0	-	20	60	80	3
BOPT- 307-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Indian Medicine and Telemedicin e	2	0	0	-	20	60	80	3
BOPT- 308-21	Allied Health Sciences	Practic al	Clinical Optometry- II	0	0	6	-	-	-	-	3



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Department of Dean Academics I. K. Gujral Punjab Technical University

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List of Elective

Elective-I (if applicable)

Elective-II (if applicable)

Elective-III (if applicable)

Open Elective (if applicable)

Semester		Fourth (4 th)									
Cour se	Group	Course Type	Course Name /	Load Allocation				Marks Distribution		Total Marks	Credit
Code			Title	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If Applicable)	Internal	External		
BOPT- 401- 21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Optometric optics — II & Dispensing Optics	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 402- 21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Visual Optics- II	2	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 403- 21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Ocular Disease –II and glaucoma	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 404- 21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Pathology	3	1		-	25	75	100	
BOPT- 405- 21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Basic and Ocular Pharmacolog y	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT- 406- 21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Introduction to Quality & Patient safety	2	1	0	-	25	75	100	4
BOPT-	Allied	Practica	Clinical	0	0	6	-	-	-	-	2



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407-	Health	1	optometry-				
21	Sciences		III				

Examination and Evaluation

Theory			
Sr. No.	Evaluation Criteria	Weightage in Marks	Remarks
1.	Mid Term / Sessional Tests	20	Internal Evaluation (25Marks)
2.	Attendance	2	MSTs, Quizzes, Assignments,
3.	Assignments	3	Attendance etc., constitute internal evaluation. Average of two mid semester test will be considered for evaluation.
4.	End Semester Examination	75	External Evaluation
5.	Total	100	Marks May be rounded off to nearest integer

Practical						
Evaluation Criteria	Weightage in Marks	Remarks				
Evaluation of Practical Record / Viva Voce / Attendance / Seminar / Presentation	80	Internal Evaluation				
Final Practical Performance + Viva Voce	20	External Evaluation				
Total	100	Marks May be rounded off to nearest integer				



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Question Paper Pattern for MST:

Roll No:

No. of Pages

I. K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Jalandhar Department of Optometry

Mid-Semester Test (I / II / III) (Regular / Reappear): -	1 st	Date: -	DD/MM/YYYY
Programme: -		Semester: -	1st Semester
Course Code: -		Course: -	Optometry
Maximum Marks: -	30	Time: -	1 HH 30 MM

* Note: - Section A is Compulsory; Attempt any two questions from Section B and One Question from Section C.

Marks C	Cos
02	
02	
02	
02	
02	
Marks C	Cos
5	
5	
5	
Marks C	Cos
10	
10	
	02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 03 02 04 02 05 5 5 5 5 5 10 10



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Details of Course Objectives

C01	The course's objectives are to teach students about the general anatomical structures of the human body, evaluate those issues, and apply that knowledge to various diagnostic procedures and health problems.
CO2	The course aims to teach students about structural and functional anomalies of the visual system, how to investigate and treat them, the role of optometry in healthcare, and what is expected of and expected of healthcare professionals.
CO3	The course's objective is to increase students' understanding by teaching them about numerous transport mechanisms, biological oxidation, the nitrogen-sulfur cycle, and the biosynthesis of nucleic acids, as well as how to maintain these processes' normal values in day-to-day situations.
CO4	The purpose of the course is to provide in-depth knowledge of the physiological processes that occur within human organs and to correlate systemic and ocular disorders
CO5	The course's objectives are to teach students about the general anatomical structures of the human body, evaluate those issues, and apply that knowledge to various diagnostic procedures and health problems.



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Detailed syllabus of 3rd semester

Semest	er	First (3	rd)								
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation		Dist	rks ribut on	Total Marks	Credit		
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 301-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Ocular Microbiology	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

Course Objective

This course covers the basic biological, biochemical and pathogenic characteristics of pathogenic organisms.

Course Outcomes

CO1	The student would be able to produce knowledge of bacteria with diagrams
CO2	Student will be able to tell the distinguishing features of prokaryotes and eukaryotes
CO3	Students would have knowledge of different sterilization techniques and microbial preservation.
CO4	Students will understand the structure and its working action of the microbes in the day to day living.

Unit-1	Introduction to microbes and microscopes	12 Hours	
Chapter 1.1	History of Microbiology and Microscopy		
	History of Microbiology and Microscopy-		
	Meaning, definition and history of Microbiology, Importance and applications of		
	Microbiology.		
Chapter 1.2	Principles and mechanisms of different microscopy		
	Principles and mechanisms of different microscopy – bright fi phase-contrast, fluorescent and electron microscopy (SEM an		
	stage micrometers. Size determination of microorganisms.		



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Chapter 1.3	Principles and types of stains				
	Principles and types of stains -Simple stain, differential stain, negative stain,				
	structural stains - spore, capsule, flagella. Hanging-drop method, wet mount				
	method Ocular bacterial, Fungal Infections				
Unit-2	Bacteria and Virus 12 Hours				
Chapter 2.1	Biology of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Microorganisms				
	Biology of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Microorganisms-				
	Outline classification of living organisms:				
	Prokaryotes - General characteristics of bacteria, archaebacteria, rickettsias,				
	mycoplasmas, cyanobacteria and actinomycetes., Outline classification for				
	bacteria as per the second edition of Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology				
	(up to order level Structure and multiplication of lambda bacteriophage.				
	Eukaryotes - General characteristics and classification (up to the order level) of				
	eukaryotic microorganisms - Protozoa, microalgae, molds and yeasts. Hospital Infections- causative agents, transmission methods, investigation				
	prevention and control, principles and practice of biomedical waste management				
Chapter 2.2	Bacteria				
	Cell structure, elementary idea about classification and morphological basis.				
	Staining reactions: Gram staining, spore staining, acid fast staining. Bacterial				
	growth: nutritional requirements, physical factor affecting, culture media, and				
	growth curve. Elementary idea about bactericidal agents: Phenol, alcohol.				
	Sterilization (principles, types & methods). Pasteurization. Antibiotics:				
	Bacteriostatic and bactericidal effects				
Chapter 2.3	Virus				
	Elementary knowledge of viral-morphology, viral genome and classification, viral				
	replication. Herpes viruses, hepatitis viruses, miscellaneous viruses, human				
Unit-3	immunodeficiency viruses. Disinfections, Sterilizations and Fungi and Immunity 14 Hours				
Chapter 3.1	Disinfections, Sterilizations and Fungi and Immunity14 HoursMicrobiological Techniques				
	Sterilization and disinfection techniques, Principles and methods of sterilization.,				
	Physical methods -autoclave, hot-air oven, pressure cooker, laminar air flow,				
	filter sterilization., Radiation methods – UV rays, gamma rays, ultrasonic				
	methods., Chemical methods - Use of alcohols, aldehydes, fumigants, phenols,				
	halogens and hypochlorite's				
Chapter 3.2					
-	Disinfectants				
<u> </u>	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various				
-	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants.				
	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants. Preservation of microbial cultures - sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral				
	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants. Preservation of microbial cultures - sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization, sand cultures, storage at low temperature.				
	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants. Preservation of microbial cultures - sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization, sand cultures, storage at low temperature. Microbial growth & death, Laboratory culture, host pathogen interactions,				
	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants. Preservation of microbial cultures - sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization, sand cultures, storage at low temperature. Microbial growth & death, Laboratory culture, host pathogen interactions, antimicrobial chemotherapy, pathogenic mechanisms common to external ocular				
	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants. Preservation of microbial cultures - sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization, sand cultures, storage at low temperature. Microbial growth & death, Laboratory culture, host pathogen interactions, antimicrobial chemotherapy, pathogenic mechanisms common to external ocular infections process – clinical pathology. Physiology, pathology, treatment &				
	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants. Preservation of microbial cultures - sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization, sand cultures, storage at low temperature. Microbial growth & death, Laboratory culture, host pathogen interactions, antimicrobial chemotherapy, pathogenic mechanisms common to external ocular infections process – clinical pathology. Physiology, pathology, treatment & epidemiology of infectious diseases caused by bacteria, virus, fungi & parasitic				
	Disinfectants Mode of action, use of various disinfectants, testing efficiency of various disinfectants. Preservation of microbial cultures - sub culturing, overlaying cultures with mineral oils, lyophilization, sand cultures, storage at low temperature. Microbial growth & death, Laboratory culture, host pathogen interactions, antimicrobial chemotherapy, pathogenic mechanisms common to external ocular infections process – clinical pathology. Physiology, pathology, treatment &				



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Structure & function of immune system – Structure and function of thymus,
spleen & red Bone narrow- Immunity& its types, plasma proteins & immune
reaction, cells involved in immune system. Humoral immunity theories of antibody
formation. Structure & function of lymph nodes. Structure & function of thymus,
spleen & red Bone narrow. Nonspecific immunity,
Antibody mediated immunity, specific immunity, cell modified immunity, Active
immunity, Passive immunity. Disorder of growth – metaplasia, dysplasia,
neoplasia. Circulatory disturbances – thrombosis, infarction, ischemia, embolism.
Degeneration (calcification).

- 1. General Microbiology by Hans Günter Schlegel, C. ZaOMrosch, M. Kogut
- 2. General Microbiology by Roger Y. Stanier
- 3. General Microbiology by Robert F. OMyd

Reference Books

- 1. Text OMok of Microbiology by Ananthanereyan
- 2. Medical Microbiology by Paniker& Satish Gupte
- 3. Practical Medic.al Microbiology by Mackie & MacCartney Volume 1 and volume



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Semest	er	First (3 rd)									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Lo	ad A	lloca	ition	Dist	rks ribut on	Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 302-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Visual optics –I	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

This course deals with the concept of eye as an optical instrument and thereby covers various optical components of eye, types of refractive errors, clinical approach in diagnosis and management of various types of refractive errors.

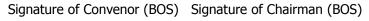
Course Objectives

The course aims to develop the insight of the basic visual techniques and their optimization and to develop an understanding of the structure of eye and defects of the eye and an understanding of the diffraction and their relation to the correctness of various vision defects

Course Outcomes

CO1	Student will come to know about the vision related defects and their correction measures.
CO2	Student will come to know about the focus of the eye and change in power according to
	change in vertex distance
CO3	Student will come to know the spectacle distance
CO4	Students will know about the effects of convergence and accommodation in eye

Unit-1	121	Hours					
Chapter 1.1	Review of Geometrical Optics						
	Review of Geometrical Optics: Geometrical Optics, their properties. Optical						
	constants of the eye and their measurement. Purkinje images. Corr	neal curvature					
	and thickness.						
Chapter 1.2	Optical Defects of the Eye						
	Optical Defects of the Eye- Shape of Cornea, Shape & RI of the lens, Optical axis, Visual axis (angle alpha, Fixation axis (angle gamma), Aberration of the Optical system of eye, Depth of focus, Diffraction & resolving power						
Unit-2	12	Hours					
Chapter 2.1	Refractive errors						
	Emmetropia and ametropia, Axial versus spherical ametro	opia, Myopia					





	Hypermetropia (Hyperopial) Astigmatism.				
Chapter 2.2	Accommodation				
	Accommodation- possible mechanism of accommodation- Schiener disc experiment- theories of accommodation- modern theory- changes in the lens during accommodation- the amplitude of accommodation- the measurement of the amplitude of accommodation				
Chapter 2.3	Presbyopia				
	Depth of field, luminance and blur tolerance- amplitude of accommodation versus age. Presbyopia-near vision addition- estimate of addition-unequal near vision addition- effect of changing the spectacle distance – hypermetropia and accommodation.				
Unit-3	14 Hours				
Chapter 3.1	Spectro radiometric curve				
	Spectro radiometric curve- V λ - λ curve- photopic and scotopic vision CIE standard observes. Photometric quantities and units- Luminous Flux, Lumen- Illuminance, lux Luminous intensity, Candela – Luminance, Candela/m2. Inverse square law and Cosine law of illumination (Illuminance)				
Chapter 3.2	Photometry				
	 Photometry- Lumer Brodhum photometer, Guild Flicker photometer- Photocells photo multipliers – photodiodes-noise in physical photometers. Determination lighting of Polar curve of lamps. Glare and glare index- disability glare- discomfort glare- control of glare- contrast Light sources- Special energy distribution- luminous efficacy- color rendering properties- Flicker contracts- Daylight, its properties- color lamp – Incandescent. lamps - low pressure Hg-lamps- High pressure Hg-lamps- Low-pressure NA-lamp- High pressure NA-lamps- Typical applications 				

- 1. Principles & Practice of Refraction, Duke Elder
- 2. Ophthalmic Optics & Refraction (System of Opthalmology-Vol. 5), Duke Elder
- 3. Visual Optics & Refraction- A clinical approach, David D. Michaels
- 4. OMrish's-Clinical Refraction.

Reference Books

- 1. Anatomy and physiology of the eye- A.K. Khurrana
- 2. Ocular Diseases- A.k.Khurrana
- 3. Will's Eye Manual- Will's



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Semest	er	First (3 rd)									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Lo	ad A	lloca	ntion	Dist	rks ribut on	Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 303-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Optometric optics-I	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

This course deals with understanding the theory behind spectacle lenses and frames, their materials, types, advantages and disadvantages, calculations involved, when and how to prescribe. It will impart construction, design application and development of lenses, particularly of the methods of calculating their power and effect.

Course Objectives

Skills/knowledge to be acquired at the end of this course: -

- Measurement of lens power, lens centration using conventional techniques
- Transposition of various types of lenses
- Measurement of surface powers using lens measure.
- Method of laying off the lens for glazing process

Course Outcomes

CO1	Knowledge to select the tool power for grinding process.
CO2	Knowledge of prism and decent ration in ophthalmic lenses. Knowledge of different types of
	materials used to make lenses and its characteristics.
CO3	Knowledge lens designs –single vision, bifocals, progressive lens. Knowledge on tinted and
	protective lenses.
CO4	Knowledge on special lenses like iseikonic, spectacle magnifiers. Knowledge on spectacle
	frames –manufacture, materials

Unit-1		12 Hours				
Chapter 1.1	Introduction –Light, Mirror, Reflection, Refraction and Absorption					
Chapter 1.2	Prisms –Definition, properties, Refraction through prisms, Thickness difference,					
	Base-apex notation, uses, nomenclature and units, Sign Conventions, Fresnel's					
	prisms, rotary prisms					
Chapter 1.3	Lenses –Definition, units, terminology used to describe, form of lenses					
Chapter 1.4	Vertex distance and vertex power, effectively calculations					
Unit-2		12 Hours				
Chapter 2.1	Lens shape, size and types i.e., Spherical, cylindrical and Sphero-cylindrical					
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	Transpositions –Simple, Toric and Spherical equivalent			
Chapter 2.2	Prismatic effect, centration, decentration and Prentice rule, Prismatic effect of			
	Planocylinder and Spherocylindrical lenses			
Chapter 2.3	Spherometer & Sag formula, Edge thickness calculations			
Unit-3		14 Hours		
Chapter 3.1	Magnification in high plus lenses, Minification in high minus le	enses		
Chapter 3.2	Tilt induced power in spectacles			
Chapter 3.3	Aberration in Ophthalmic Lenses			

1.Jalie M: The principles of Ophthalmic Lenses, The Association of Dispensing Opticians, London, 1994.

Reference Books

1.David Wilson: Practical Optical Dispensing, OTEN- DE, NSW TAFE Commission,1999 2. C V Brooks, IM OMrish: System for Ophthalmic Dispensing, Second edition, Butterworth Heinemann, USA, 1996



First (3rd)



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Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation		Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit		
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 304-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Optometric Instruments	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

This course covers commonly used optometric instruments, its basic principle, description and usage in clinical practice.

Course Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to gain theoretical knowledge and basic practical skill in handling the following instruments

- 1. Visual Acuity chart/drum
- 2. Retinoscope
- 3. Trail OMx
- 4. Jackson Cross cylinder
- 5. Direct ophthalmoscope
- 6. Slit lamp Bio microscope
- 7. Slit lamp Ophthalmoscopy (+90, 78 D)
- 8. Gonioscope
- 9. Tonometer: Applanation Tonometer
- 10. Keratometer
- 11. Perimeter
- 12. Electro diagnostic instrument (ERG, VEP, EOG)
- 13.A Scan Ultrasound
- 14. Lens meter

Course Outcomes

CO1	Students will come to know about the various instruments used in the optometry
CO2	Student will be able to make a correct choice between the instruments used in the current
	day practice
CO3	Student will be able to demonstrate the working of the various instruments used in the optometry
CO4	
04	Students will learn about the principle of working of various instruments and also will know
	to examine the various eye structures

Unit-1		12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Optotypes and MTF, Spatial Frequency	



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Defensetters	Test shouts standards	
Refractive	Test charts standards.	
instruments	Choice of test charts	
	Trial case lenses	
	Refractor (phoropter) head units	
	Optical considerations of refractor units	
	Trial frame design	
Chapter 1.2	Near vision difficulties with units and trial frames	
	Retinoscope – types available	
	Adjustment of Retinoscopes- special features	
	Objective optometry.	
	Infrared optometric devices.	
	Projection charts	
Chapter 1.3		
	Illumination of the consulting room.	
	Brightness acuity test	
	Vision analyzer	
	Pupil meter	
	Potential Acuity Meter	
	Aberrometer	
Unit-2	Ophthalmoscopes and related devices	12 Hours
Chapter 2.1		
	Design of ophthalmoscopes – illumination	
	Design of ophthalmoscopes- viewing	
Chapter 2.2		
	Ophthalmoscope disc	
	Filters for ophthalmoscopy	
Chapter 2.3		
	Indirect ophthalmoscope	
Unit-3		14 Hours
Chapter 3.1		
	Design of ophthalmoscopes – illumination	
	Design of ophthalmoscopes- viewing	
Chapter 3.2		
	Refractometer, Orthoptic Instruments (Synaptophore Only)	
	Color Vision Testing Devices. Fields of Vision and Screening De	evices
Chapter 3.3		
	Scans , ERG , New Instruments	

1. David Henson: Optometric Instrumentations, Butterworth- Heinnemann, UK, Instrumentation 1991

Reference Books

1. P R Yoder: Mounting Optics in Optical Instruments, SPIE Society of Photo- Optical Instrumentation, 2002



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2. G Smith, D A. Atchison: The Eye and Visual Optical Instruments, Cambridge University Press, 1997



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Semest	er	First (3	First (3 rd)												
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation		Name /		Load Allocation		Load Allocation		Dist	rks ribut on	Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External						
BOPT- 305-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Ocular Disease-I	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4				

This course deals with various ocular diseases affecting various parts of the eyes. It covers clinical signs and symptoms, cause, pathophysiological mechanism, diagnostic approach, differential diagnosis and management aspects of the ocular diseases.

Course Objectives

In this course the student will learn general idea of the fundamental aspect of the topic regarding infectious disease of eye and the steps for diagnosing and prevention and management of the infection

Course Outcomes

CO1	At the end of the course, the candidate will have sound knowledge of the agents responsible for causing human infections.
CO2	Recall the etio-pathogenesis, the pathological effects & the clinico-pathological correlation
	of common infections & non-infectious diseases
CO3	Correlate normal & altered morphology of eye in different diseases needed for
	understanding disease process & their clinical significance.
CO4	Acquire knowledge of common immunological disorders & their resultant effects on the
	human Body.



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Unit-1	12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Anterior segment ocular diseases
	Anterior segment ocular diseases involving orbit, eyelids, adnexa, conjunctiva, cornea, urea, sclera, anterior chamber, iris and lens. Symptomatology, clinical signs, diagnosis, pathogenesis, pathophysiology, systemic disease relationships and treatment of degenerative, infections and inflammatory conditions affecting these structures Disease of the
Chapter 1.2	Lids
	Lids – Congenital Deformities of the Lids.
Chapter 1.3	Inflammatory Conditions of the Lids
	Oedema of the Lids. Inflammatory Conditions of the Lids. Deformities of the Lid Margins. Deranged Movement of the Eyelids. Neoplasm's of the Lids. Injuries of the Lids.
Unit-2	12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Diseases of the Lachrymal Apparatus
	Diseases of the Lachrymal Apparatus Dry Eye. Disease of the Lachrymal Gland. Disease of the Lachrymal Passages. Operations for Chronic Dacryocystitis.
Chapter 2.2	Disease of the Conjunctiva
	Disease of the Conjunctiva- Subconjunctival Haemorrhage Infective Conjunctivitis. Follicular Conjunctivitis. Granulomatous Conjunctivitis. Allergic Conjunctivitis. Conjunctivitis Associated with Skin conditions. Degenerative conditions of the Conjunctiva. Vitamin- A Deficiency.
Chapter 2.3	Cysts and Tumours
	Cysts and Tumours of the Conjunctiva. Conjunctival Pigmentation. Injuries of the Conjunctiva.
Unit-3	14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	Disease of the Cornea
	Disease of the Cornea –Congenital Anomalies. Inflammation of the Cornea (Keratitis). Superficial Keratitis. Deep Keratitis. Vascularisation of Cornea. Opacities of the Cornea. Keratoplasty. Corneal Degenerations. Corneal Dystrophy's. Corneal Pigmentation. Corneal Injuries. Refractive Corneal Surgery. Corneal Ulcer (Bacterial, Viral, Fungal)
Chapter 3.2	Disease of the Ciliary Body
	Disease of the Ciliary Body- Inflammations of the Ciliary Body. Purulent Iriodocyclitis Panophthalmitis). Evisceration.
Chapter 3.3	Sympathetic Opthalmia
	Sympathetic Opthalmia. Vogt- Koyanagi – Harada Syndrome. Tumours of the Celery Body. Injuries of the Celery Body. Glaucoma Formation of Aqueous Humor. Drainage of Aqueous. Intraocular Pressure (IOP). Ocular Rigidity.



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1.Adrian bruce, Michael Loughnan: Anterior Eye Disease and Therapeutics A-Z 2nd Edition

2. Ashok Garg: Anterior & Posterior Segment OCT: Current Technology & Future Applications

Reference Books

- 1. Arturo Perez Arteaga: Anterior Segment Diseases, edition- 2010
- 2. Roger F. Steinert: Anterior segment optical coherence tomography.



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Semeste	r	First (3 rd)									
Course Group Code		Course Course Type Name / Title		Load Allocation				Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 306-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Clinical examination of visual system	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

This course covers various clinical optometry procedures involving external examination, anterior segment and posterior segment examination, neuroophthalmic examination, pediatric optometry examination, and Glaucoma evaluation.

Course Objectives

Knowing the purpose, setup and devices required for the test, indications and contraindications of the test, step-by-step procedures, documentation of the findings, and interpretation of the findings of the various clinical optometry procedures

Course O	outcomes
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CO1	Students will be able to understand the purpose, setup and devices required for the test
CO2	Student will be able to differentiate the various types of infections and their origin.
CO3	Student will develop the knowledge of chemotherapy and culture preparation.
CO4	Students will able to understand the various microbial mechanism of action towards eye
	infections

d. Syllabus

Unit-1		12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	History taking	
Chapter 1.2	Visual acuity estimation	
Chapter 1.3	Extraocular motility, Cover teat, Alternating cover test	
Chapter 1.4	Hirschberg test, Modified Krimsky	
Chapter 1.5	Pupils Examination	
Chapter 1.6	Maddox Rod	



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Chapter 1.7	Van Herrick. External examination of the eye, Lid Eversion	
Unit-2		12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Schirmer's, TBUT, tear meniscus level, NITBUT (keratometer),	,
Chapter 2.2	Color Vision	
Chapter 2.3	Stereopsis	
Chapter 2.4	Confrontation test	
Chapter 2.5	Photo stress test	
Unit-3		14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	Slit lamp bio microscopy. Ophthalmoscopy	
Chapter 3.2	Tonometry, ROPLAS	
Chapter 3.3	Amsler test 19, Contrast sensitivity function test	
Chapter 3.4	Contrast sensitivity function test 20. Saccades and pursuit test	t

1.Devlin, Thomas M., ed. "TextOMok of biochemistry: with clinical correlations." (2006)

2. Ananthanarayan, R "TextOMok Of Microbiology" Orient Longman 6th Edition

3.Ball, A.S." Bacterial Cell Culture" Wiley Pub. 1st Edition

Reference Books

1. Greenwoodd. "Medicalmicrobiology" Churchill Livingstone 17th Edition

2. Panjarathinam, R. "Medical Microbiology" New Age Pub.1st Edition



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Semeste	r	First (3 rd)									
Course Group Code		Course Course Type Name / Title		Load Allocation			Marks Distributi on		Total Marks	Credit	
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 307-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Indian Medicine and Telemedicin e	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

1. This course gives insight into existing healthcare system in India.

b. Course Objectives

At the end of the course student will be aware of the traditional and the latest healthcare system. The student also will get basic knowledge about the telemedicine practices in India especially in eye care.

c. Course Outcomes

CO1	Students will come to know about, Introduction to healthcare delivery system
CO2	Student will be able to learn Need for integration of various system of medicine
CO3	Student will be able to know about AYUSH system of medicine.
CO4	Student also will get basic knowledge about the telemedicine practices in India especially in
	eye care.

d. Syllabus

u. Synabus	
Unit-1	12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Introduction to healthcare delivery system
Chapter 1.2	Healthcare delivery system in India at primary, secondary and tertiary care
Chapter 1.3	Community participation in healthcare delivery system
Chapter 1.4	Health system in developed countries.
Chapter 1.5	Private Sector in healthcare
Chapter 1.6	National Health Mission
Chapter 1.7	National Health Policy
Chapter 1.8	Issues in Health Care Delivery System in India
Chapter 1.9	National Health Program-Background objectives, action plan, targets,
	operations, achievements and constraints in various National Heath



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	Programme.	
Chapter 1.10	Introduction to AYUSH system of medicine	
Introduction to	Ayurveda.	
	Yoga and Naturopathy	
	Unani	
	Siddha	
	Homeopathy	
	Need for integration of various system of medicine	
Unit-2	Health scenario of India- past, present and future	12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Demography & Vital Statistics	
	Demography – its concept	
	Vital events of life & its impact on demography	
Chapter 2.2	Significance and recording of vital statistics	
Chapter 2.3	. Census & its impact on health policy	
Unit-3	Epidemiology	14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	Principles of Epidemiology	
	Natural History of disease.	
Chapter 3.2	Methods of Epidemiological studies	
Chapter 3.3	Epidemiology of communicable & non-communicable	diseases, disease
	transmission, host defense immunizing agents, cold ch	nain, immunization,
	disease monitoring and surveillance	

Text Books

Margie Lovett Scott, Faith Prather. Global health systems comparing strategies for delivering health services. Joney& Bartlett learning, 2014 (page 167 -178)



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Semester	r	First (3 rd)									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation		tion Marks Distributi on		Total Marks	Credit		
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 308-21	Allied health science	Practical	Clinical optometry II	3	0	1	-	25	75	100	4

Course Objectives

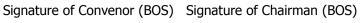
The resident will efficiently develop diagnosis differentials and diagnosis plans based on history intake

Course Outcomes

CO1	Student will understand the basic and advanced principles of Clinical Optometry.
CO2	Students will familiar with basic and advanced diagnostic procedures in Optometry.
CO3	Students apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the supervision
	of a registered optometrist.
CO4	To do a thorough comprehensive eye examination.

d. Syllabus

u. Synabus		
Unit-1		12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Students will gain additional skills in clinical procedures, inter- and professional personnel. Students will apply knowledge from learning experience under the supervision of a registered op are tested on intermediate clinical optometry skills. The prace dispensing optics (hand-on in optical), optometric in examination of visual system (Hands-on under supervision) a (Slides and case discussion) will be given to the students of training.	om previous clinical tometrist. Students tical aspects of the struments, clinical and ocular diseases
Unit-2		12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	 Practice of Streak Retinoscopy Direct Opthalmoscopy-Normal Fundus Subjective refraction – fogging, clockdial, fan, JCC, prism baduochrome, cyclodeimia, Slit refraction Measurement of amplitude of accommodation. Assessment of children Vision & Paediatric evaluation, diagn Writing prescription. 	
Unit-3		14 Hours





Chapter 3.1	The students will perform vision examination, refraction and related measurements under the guidance of working clinical optometrist. Evaluation, Diagnosis & Optometric management of children with mental retardation C.P. Dyslexia,
	Multiple Sensory Motor Haudicap.
	Visual Disorders in senior citizens, evaluation, diagnosis+ management



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Semes	ter	(4 th)									
Cour se Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation		Marks Distributi on		Total Marks	Credit		
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT -401- 21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Optometric Optics-II & Dispensing Optics	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

Detailed Syllabus of 4th semester

Course Description

This course deals with understanding the theory behind spectacle lenses and frames, their materials, types, advantages and disadvantages, calculations involved, when and how to prescribe. It will impart construction, design application and development of lenses, particularly of the methods of calculating their power and effect. In addition, deals with role of optometrists in optical set-up.

Course Objectives

Skills/knowledge to be acquired at the end of this course:

- 1. To select the tool power for grinding process
- 2. Different types of materials used to make lenses and its characteristics
- 3. Lens designs-Bifocals, progressive lens
- 4. Tinted, Protective & Special lenses
- 5. Spectacle frames -manufacture process & materials
- 6. Art and science of dispensing spectacle lens and frames based on the glass prescription.
- 7. Reading of spectacle prescription. Counselling the patient
- 8. Lens edge thickness calculation
- 9. Frame & lens measurements and selection
- 10. Writing spectacle lens order
- 11. Facial measurements Interpupillary distance measurement and measuring heights (single vision, multifocal, progressives)
- 12. Lens verification and axis marking and fitting of all lens types



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- 13. Final checking of finished spectacle with frame adjustments
- 14. Delivery and follow-up
- 15. Troubleshooting complaints and handling patient's questions

Course Outcomes

CO1	The candidate has clear understanding in terms and by calculation, various characteristics
	of advanced single vision and multifocal spectacle lenses and bifocal lenses
CO2	The candidate must have fundamental knowledge of spectacle lenses, so as to understand
	new technology as it arises and to appreciate what is fit for a given purpose
CO3	Student must be able troubleshoot the spectacle related issues.
CO4	Students must be able to help the subjects to find the best suitable spectacle frames as per
	their professional and personal needs

d. Syllabus

Unit-1	12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Spectacle Lenses – II
	Manufacture of glass
	Lens materials
	Lens surfacing
	 Principle of surface generation and glass cements
	Terminology used in Lens workshop
	Lens properties
	Lens quality
	Faults in lens material
	Faults on lens surface
	Methods of Inspecting the quality of lenses
	Safety standards for ophthalmic lenses (FDA, ANSI, ISI, Others)
Chapter 1.2	Spectacle Frames
	Types and parts Chasification of an actuals frames material variable to acitien
	 Classification of spectacle frames-material, weight, temple position, Coloration • Frame construction
	Frame selection
	 Size, shape, mounting and field of view of ophthalmic lenses
Chapter 1.3	Tinted & Protective Lenses
	Characteristics of tinted lenses Absorptive Glasses
	 Polarizing Filters, Photochromic & Reflecting filters
	 Safety lenses-Toughened lenses, Laminated Lenses, CR 39, PolycarOMnate
Chapter 1.4	Multifocal Lenses
•	Introduction, history and development, types
	Bifocal lenses, Trifocal & Progressive addition lenses
Unit-2	12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Reflection from spectacle lens surface & lens coatings:
	Reflection from spectacle lenses - ghost images -Reflections in bifocals at the
	dividing line
	Antireflection coating, Mirror coating, Hard Multi Coating [HMC],



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	Hydrophobic coating
Chapter 2.2	Miscellaneous Spectacle
	 Iseikonic lenses Spectacle magnifiers Recumbent prisms Fresnel prism and lenses Lenticular &A spherical lenses High Refractive index glasses
Unit-3	Dispensing Optics 14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	Components of spectacle prescription & interpretation, transposition, Add and near power relation
Chapter 3.2	Frame selection –based on spectacle prescription, professional requirements, age group, face shape
Chapter 3.3	Measuring Inter-pupillary distance (IPD) for distance & near, bifocal height
Chapter 3.4	Lens & Frame markings, Pupillary centers, bifocal heights, Progressive markings & adjustments –facial wrap, pantoscopic tilt
Chapter 3.5	Recording and ordering of lenses (power, add, diameter, base, material, type, lens enhancements)
Chapter 3.6	Faults in spectacles (lens fitting, frame fitting, patients complaints, description, detection and correction)
Chapter 3.7	Final checking & dispensing of spectacles to customers, counseling on wearing & maintaining of spectacles, Accessories –Bands, chains, OMxes, slevets, cleaners, screwdriver kit
Chapter 3.8	Spectacle repairs -tools, methods, soldering, riveting, frame adjustments
Chapter 3.9	Special types of spectacle frames
	 Monocles Ptosis crutches Industrial safety glasses Welding glasses
Chapter 3.10	Frame availability in Indian market
	FAQ's by customers and their ideal answers

Jalie MO: Ophthalmic lens and Dispensing, 3rd edition, Butterworth –Heinemann, 2008
 Troy E. Fannin, Theodore Grosvenor: Clinical Optics, 2nd edition, Butterworth – Heinemann, 1996

Reference Books

1.C W Brooks, IM OMrish: System for Ophthalmic Dispensing, 3rdedition, Butterworth - Heinemann, 2007

2. Michael P Keating: Geometric, Phisical & Visual Optics, 2nd edition, Butterworth Heinemann, 2002.



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Sem	ester	(4 th)									
Co urs e	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Lo	Load Allocation Marks Distributi on		Total Marks	Credit			
Co de				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BO PT- 402 -21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Visual Optics-II	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

Course Objectives

The course aims to develop the insight of the basic visual techniques and their optimization and to develop an understanding of the diffraction and their relation to the correctness of various vision defects

Course Outcomes

CO1	Overview of the visual system and its optical system
CO2	Imaging using optic measures and the abnormalities in the optical measurements
CO3	Physical optics of the human eye
CO4	Correction of various visual defects

d. Syllabus

Unit-1	12 Hou	urs
Chapter 1.1	Spectacle refraction (F) & ocular refraction(K)	
	Correction of myopia- spectacle refraction (F) – ocular refraction(K) – Relationship between F and K. correction of hypermetropia- the effect distance change. Correction of ametropia with thick lenses. Some prob involving K.	
Chapter 1.2	Blurred images in the reduced and simplified schematic eyes	
	Clear and blurred images in the reduced and simplified schematic eyes visual axis. Pupil size and blur disc diameter. Depth of field. retinal ima uncorrected reduced eye. Spectacle magnification in reduced and corre Nodal points and clear image size. Retinal images with a near object.	age size in

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Chapter 1.3	Magnification	
	Spectacle magnification in near vision. The simple magnifier.	Relative spectacle
	magnification. Correction of spherical ametropia with contact	lens. Spectacle
	magnification with a contact lens.	
Unit-2		12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Ammetropia	
	Ammetropia in the actual human eye. The growth of the hum emmetropia. Spherical ametropia in adult eye. Genetic aspect Summary of the causative factors involved in ametropia.	
Chapter 2.2	Progressive myopia	
	Progressive myopia. Juvenile stress myopia.	
Chapter 2.3	Aphakia	
	Aphakia. Reflective error in aphakia. The retinal image size in of aphkia by a contact lens. Use of an intraocular implant. Pov and retinal image size. Clinical aspects of aphakia.	
Unit-3		14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	Astigmatism	
	Astigmatism. \rightarrow Oblique astigmatism. Astigmatism in the reduinages of point and extended objects.	uced eye. The retinal
Chapter 3.2	Correction of astigmatism	
	Classification of astigmatism. Correction of astigmatism by spl	hero- cylindrical,
	toric and contact lenses Retinoscopy – principle and use. Clini	-
	standard of vision-visual acuity. Review of subjective refractiv	e methods.
Chapter 3.3	Review of objective refractive methods	
	Problem of review of objective refractive methods Cross cyline detecting astigmatism	drical method of

- 1. William Davis (P): Understanding Human Anatomy and Physiology MC Graw Hill
- 2. Chaurasia: A Text OMok of Anatomy
- 3. Steven H. Schwartz: Geometrical and Visual Optics, Second Edition

Reference Books

1. Ronald B. Rabbetts: Bennett and Rabbett's Clinical Visual Optics, 4th Edition

2. Alan H. Tunnacliffe: Introduction to Visual Optics.



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Semest	er	(4 th)									
Cours e Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation			Dist	nrks ributi on	Total Marks	Credit	
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 403- 21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Ocular Disease-II and Glaucoma	3	1	0		25	75	100	4

This course deals with various ocular diseases affecting various parts of the eyes. It covers clinical signs and symptoms, cause, pathophysiological mechanism, diagnostic approach, differential diagnosis and management aspects of the ocular diseases.

Course Objectives

At the end of the course the students will be knowledgeable in the following aspects of ocular diseases: knowledge on

Course Outcomes

CO1	Students will be knowledgeable in Etiology. Epidemiology of the ocular diseases.
CO2	Student will able to learn about Symptoms and Signs of the ocular diseases.
CO3	Students will know about Diagnostic approach of the ocular diseases.
CO4	Student will learn Management of the ocular diseases.

Detailed Syllabus

Unit-1	12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Retina and Vitreous
	 Applied Anatomy Congenital and Developmental Disorders (Optic Disc: ColoOMma, Drusen, Hypoplasia, Medullated nerve fibers; Persistent Hyaloid Artery) Inflammatory disorders (Retinitis: Acute purulent, Bacterial, Virus, mycotic



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	-
	Retinal Vasculitis (Eales's)
	Retinal Artery Occlusion (Central retinal Artery occlusion)
	Retinal Vein occlusion (Ischaemic, Non-Ischaemic, Branch retinal vein
	occlusion)
	Retinal degenerations: Retinitis Pigmentosa, Lattice degenerations
	Macular disorders: Solar retinopathy, central serous retinopathy, cystoid
	macular edema, Age related macular degeneration.
	Retinal Detachment: Rhegmatogenous, Tractional, Exudative)
	Retina blastoma
	Diabetic retinopathy
Chapter 1.2	Ocular Injuries: Terminology
	Closed globe injury (Contusion, lamellar laceration) Open globe injury
	(Rupture, laceration, penetrating injury, perforating injury)
	Mechanical injuries (Extraocular foreign Body, blunt trauma, perforating
	injury, sympathetic ophthalmitis)
	• Non-Mechanical Injuries (Chemical injuries, Thermal, Electrical, Radiational)
	Clinical approach towards ocular injury patients
Unit-2	12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Lens
	Applied Anatomy and Physiology
	Clinical examination
	Classification of cataract
	Congenital and Developmental cataract
	 Acquired (Senile, Traumatic, Complicated, MetaOMlic, Electric, Radiational,
	Toxic)
	 Morphological: Capsular, Subcapsular, Cortical, Supranuclear, Nuclear,
	Polar.
	 Management of cataract (non-surgical and surgical measures;
	preoperative evaluation, Types of surgeries,)
	 Complications of cataract surgery
	 Displacement of lens: Subluxation, Displacement
	 Lens coloOMma, Lenticonus, Microsperophakia.
Chapter 2.2	Clinical Neuro-ophthalmology
Chapter 2.2	Anatomy of visual pathway
	 Lesions of the visual pathway
	 Pupillary reflexes and abnormalities (Amaurotic light reflex, Efferent
	pathway defect, Wernicke's hemianopic pupil, Marcus gunn pupil. Argyll
	Robetson pupil, Adie's tonic pupil)
	 Optic neuritis, Anterior Ischemic optic neuropathy, Papilledema, optic
	atrophy
	Cortical blindness
	Malingering
	Nystagmus Oliviant examination
	Clinical examination
Unit-3	14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	Glaucoma
Chaptel 21	
	Applied anatomy and physiology of anterior segment
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 Clinical Examination Definitions and classification of glaucoma Pathogenesis of glaucomatous ocular damage Congenital glaucoma's Primary open angle glaucoma Ocular hypertension Normal Tension Glaucoma Primary angle closure glaucoma (Primary angle closure suspect, Intermittent glaucoma, acute congestive, chronic angle closure)
 Secondary Glaucoma's Management: common medications, laser intervention and surgical techniques

1.A K Khurana: Comprehensive Ophthalmology, 4th edition, new age international (p) Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi, 2007

Reference Books

1. Stephen J. Miller : Parsons Diseases of the Eye, 18th edition, Churchill Livingstone, 1990

2. Jack J. Kanski Clinical Ophthalmology: A Systematic Approach, 6th edition, Butterworth Heinemann, 200



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Semeste	r	(4 th)									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation				Marks Distributi on		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 404-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Pathology	3	1	0		25	75	100	4

This course describes basic aspects of disease processes with to specific entities relevant in optometry/ophthalmology.

Course Objectives

At the end of the course students will acquire knowledge in the following aspects:

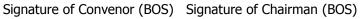
- 1. Inflammation and repair aspects.
- 2. Pathology of various eye parts and adnexa.

Course Outcomes

CO1	Students will be able to understand the pathological states of the eye and their etiology
CO2	Student will be able to differentiate the various types of infections and their origin.
CO3	Student will develop the knowledge of chemotherapy and culture preparation.
CO4	Students will able to understand the various microbial mechanism of action towards eye
	infections

Detailed Syllabus

Unit-1		12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Inflammation and repair	
Chapter 1.2	Infection in general	
Chapter 1.3	Specific infections	
	Tuberculosis	
	Leprosy	





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 Fungal infection Viral chlamydial infection Chapter 1.4 Neoplasia Veoplasia 12 Hours Chapter 2.1 Hematology Anemia Leukemia Bleeding disorders Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances ThromOMsis Infarction EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology Interpretation of urine report Interpretation of blood smears. 		Syphilis	
Chapter 1.4 Neoplasia Unit-2 12 Hours Chapter 2.1 Hematology • Anemia • Leukemia • Bleeding disorders Bleeding disorders Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances • ThromOMsis • Infarction EmOMlism Enterpretation of urine report • Interpretation of blood smears. • Interpretation of blood smears.		Fungal infection	
Unit-2 12 Hours Chapter 2.1 Hematology • Anemia • Leukemia • Bleeding disorders Bleeding disorders Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances • ThromOMsis • Infarction EmOMlism EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology • Interpretation of urine report • Interpretation of blood smears.		Viral chlamydial infection	
Chapter 2.1 Hematology • Anemia • Leukemia • Bleeding disorders Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances • ThromOMsis • Infarction EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology • Interpretation of urine report • Interpretation of blood smears.	Chapter 1.4	Neoplasia	
Anemia Leukemia Bleeding disorders Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances ThromOMsis Infarction EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology Interpretation of urine report Interpretation of blood smears.	Unit-2	12	Hours
Leukemia Bleeding disorders Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances ThromOMsis Infarction EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology Interpretation of urine report Interpretation of blood smears.	Chapter 2.1	Hematology	
Bleeding disorders Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances ThromOMsis Infarction EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology Interpretation of urine report Interpretation of blood smears. } }		Anemia	
Chapter 2.2 Circulatory disturbances • ThromOMsis • Infarction EmOMlism EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology • Interpretation of urine report • Interpretation of blood smears.		Leukemia	
ThromOMsis Infarction EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology Interpretation of urine report Interpretation of blood smears.		Bleeding disorders	
Infarction EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology Interpretation of urine report Interpretation of blood smears.	Chapter 2.2	Circulatory disturbances	
EmOMlism Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology • Interpretation of urine report • Interpretation of blood smears.		ThromOMsis	
Chapter 2.3 Clinical pathology • Interpretation of urine report • Interpretation of blood smears.		Infarction	
Interpretation of urine report Interpretation of blood smears.		EmOMlism	
Interpretation of blood smears.	Chapter 2.3	Clinical pathology	
		Interpretation of urine report	
		Interpretation of blood smears.	
Unit-3 14 Hours	Unit-3	14	lours
Chapter 3.1 Immune system	Chapter 3.1	Immune system	
Chapter 3.2 Shock, Anaphylaxis	Chapter 3.2	Shock, Anaphylaxis	
Chapter 3.3 Allergy	Chapter 3.3	Allergy	

1. K S Ratnagar: Pathology of the eye & orbit, Jaypee brothers Medical Publishers, 1997

Reference Books

1. Corton Kumar and Robins: Pathological Basis of the Disease, 7th Edition, Elsevier, New Delhi, 2004.

2. S R Lakhani Susan AD & Caroline JF: Basic Pathology: An introduction to the mechanism of disease, 1993.



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Seme	ester	(4 th)									
Cou rse Cod	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	L	Load Allocation		Dist	arks ributi on	Total Marks	Credit	
e				l actura	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOP T- 405- 21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Basic and Ocular Pharmacolog Y	3	1	0		25	75	100	4

This course covers the actions, uses, adverse effects and mode of administration of drugs, especially related to eyes.

Course Objectives

At the end of the course the students will acquire knowledge in the following aspects

1. Basic principle of pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics.

2. Commonly used ocular drugs, mechanism, indications, contraindications, drug dosage and adverse effects.

Course Outcomes

CO1	Students will be able to make the correct choice of drug for a particular condition.
CO2	Student will be able to report an adverse drug reaction related to drug.
CO3	Student will be suggesting the pharmacotherapy.
CO4	Students will learn about the drugs mechanism of action and the routes of drugs for
	administration of ocular as well as systemic

Detailed Syllabus

Unit-1	General Pharmacology 12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Introduction & sources of drugs, Routes of drug administration,
	Pharmacokinetics (emphasis on ocular pharmacokinetics), Pharmacodynamics &
	factors modifying drug actions



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Chapter 1.2	Systemic Pharmacology			
	Autonomic nervous system: Drugs affecting papillary size and light reflex, Intraocular tension, Accommodation; Cardiovascular system: Antihypertensive sand drugs useful in Angina; Diuretics: Drugs used in ocular disorders; Central Nervous System: Alcohol, sedative hypnotics, General & local anesthetics, Opioids & non-opioids; Chemotherapy : Introduction on general chemotherapy, Specific chemotherapy –Antiviral, antifungal, antibiotics; Hormones : Corticosteroids, Antidiabetics; Blood Coagulants			
Unit-2		12 Hours		
Chapter 2.1	Ocular Pharmacology			
	Ocular preparations, formulations and requirements of an i Pharmacokinetics, methods of drug administration & Spe system; Ocular Toxicology	-		
Unit-3		14 Hours		
Chapter 3.1	Diagnostic & Therapeutic applications of drugs used in Ophthalmology: Diagnostic Drugs & biological agents used in ocular surgery, Anesthetics used in ophthalmic procedures, Anti-glaucoma drugs; Pharmacotherapy of ocular infections –Bacterial, viral, fungal & chlamydial; Drugs used in allergic, inflammatory& degenerative conditions of the eye; Immune modulators in Ophthalmic practice, Wetting agents & tear substitutes, Antioxidants			

1. K D Tripathi: Essentials of Medical Pharmacology. 5th edition, Jaypee, New Delhi, 2004

2. Ashok Garg: Manual of Ocular Therapeutics, Jaypee, New Delhi, 1996

Reference Books

1. T J Zimmerman, K S Kooner : Text OMok of Ocular Pharmacology, Lippincott-Raven, 1997



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Semester (4 th)											
Cour Group se Code		Course Course Type Name / Title	Name /	Load Allocation				Marks Distributi on		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT -406- 21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Introductio n to Quality & Patient safety	2	1	0	-	25	75	100	4

This course deals with various aspects of quality and safety issues in health care services.

Course Objectives

At the end of the course, students will gain introductory knowledge about quality and patient safety aspects from Indian perspectives

Course Outcomes

CO1	Student will identify instances of national patient safety goal non-compliance			
CO2	Students will Identifies hazards/risks and opportunities for unsafe inpatient care through			
	tracers and mapping of key patient care processes in inpatient setting			
CO3	3 Student will actively participate in hospital committees and safety initiatives			
CO4	4 Students will identify and demonstrates critical actions that contribute to error reduction			
	and patient safety.			

Detailed Syllabus

Unit-1		12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Quality assurance and management	
Chapter 1.2	Basics of emergency care and life support skills	
Unit-2		12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Biomedical waste management and environment safety	
Chapter 2.2	Infection and prevention control	
Unit-3		14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	Antibiotic resistance	
Chapter 3.2	Disaster preparedness and management	

Suggested Books

1. Patricia Barkway. Psychology for health professionals, 2nd edition, Elsevier, 2013



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Semester	r	(4 th)									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Lo	ord A	lloca	tion	Dist	rks ributi n	Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT- 407-21	Allied health science	Core Practical	Clinical optometry	0	0	6		-	-		2

Course Objectives

The resident will efficiently develop diagnosis differentials and diagnosis plans based on history intake.

Course Outcomes

CO1	Students will understand the basic and advanced principles of Clinical Optometry.
CO2	Students will be familiar with basic and advanced diagnostic procedures in Optometry.
CO3	Students will learn to apply knowledge from previous clinical learning experience under the
	supervision of a registered optometrist.
CO4	Students will learn to do a thorough comprehensive eye examination.

Detailed Syllabus

Unit-1		12 Hours
Chapter 1.1	Students will improve their skills in clinical procedures, and th interactions with patients and professional personal are monit practice optometry in supervised setting. Additional area incluand complications of various managements will be inculcated, have exposure to eye bank facilities and must be made aware collection of eyes, preservation, pre and post-operative instrutechniques for preservation of donor cornea. The students will on the practical aspects of the following courses namely opton dispensing optics, visual optics – II and ocular disease -II.	ored as students ides problem solving Students should of eye donation, ctions and latest Il get clinical training
Unit-2		12 Hours
Chapter 2.1	Sports vision. Refraction in special cases (pseudophakia, aphakia, irregular o coloboma of iris, choroids, retina, nystagmus, post R.K., PRK, LASIK) Congenital cataract, glaucoma. Patient with low vision. Patient with anisometropia (Anisokonia)	corneal astigmatism,



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	Monocular & binocular subjective refraction	
Unit-3		14 Hours
Chapter 3.1	 Non- Strabismic Biuoculan Disorders. Neuro- Optometric Rehabilitation. Strabismus & Aniblyopia. Evaluation, Diagnosis & Optometric management of children retardation C.P. Dyslexia, Multiple Sensory Motor Haudicap. Refraction in special cases (pseudophakia, aphakia, irregular coloboma of iris, choroids, retina, nystagmus, post R.K., PRK, LASIK) 	



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Detailed Syllabus

Semester-V

Sr.	Course	Course Type	Course Title	L-T-P*	Credits	Marks		Marks
No.	Code					Distribution		
						Internal	External	
1.	BOPT 501-21	Core Theory	Contact lens-I	3-1-0	4	25	75	100
2.	BOPT 502-21	Core Theory	Low vision & Rehabilitation	2-1-0	3	25	75	100
3.	BOPT 503-21	Core Theory	Geriatric Optometry & Pediatric optometry	2-0-0	2	25	75	100
4.	BOPT 504-21	Core Theory	Binocular vision-I	3-1-0	4	25	75	100
5.	BOPT 505-21	Core Theory	Systemic disease	2-0-0	2	25	75	100
6.	BOPT 506-21	Core Theory	Research Methodology & Biostatistics	2-0-0	2	25	75	100
7.	BOPT 507-21	Core Practical	Contact lens-I	0-0-2	1	75	25	100
8.	BOPT 508-21	Core Practical	Binocular vision-I	0-0-2	1	75	25	100
9.	BOPT 507-21	Core Practical	Clinics-IV	0-0-6	3	30	70	100
		Total		14-3-10	22	350	570	900

		5 th Sem										
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Loa	ad Al	llocat	ion	Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit	
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External			
OPT 01-21	Allied healthh science	Core Theory	Contact lens-I	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4	
	F	Review of A	natomy & Phy	siology	<u> </u>							
Unit-	1									10Hours		
			ex distance calo									
Unit-2				Jongune	liva							
		ntroduction Ionomers; I	n to CL materi Polymers	al				1	5HR			
	Р	hysiologica Vater conter	f CL materials I (Dk, Ionicity, nt); Physical (El on, Refractive in	lasticity	, Ten	sile s	trength,	Rigid	ity); O	ptical		
		Transmissic	<i>,</i>									
	(` I :	ndications	and contraindi			0. T-	- 1	~				
Unit-3	(` I :	ndications				& Tei	rminolo	ду				

	Pre-Fitting examination	
	steps, significance, recording of results; Correction of Astigmatism with Rolens,	GP
	Types of fit	
	Steep, Flat, Optimum – on spherical corneawith spherical lenses	
Unit-4		
	Calculation and finalising Contact lens 5hrs	
	Ordering Rigid Contact Lenses – writing a prescription to	
	the Laboratory	
	Checking and verifying Contact lenses	
	Checking and verifying Contact lenses from Laboratory;	
	Modifications possible with Rigid lenses	
	Common Handling Instructions	
	Insertion & Removal Techniques; Do's and Dont's	
	Care and Maintenance	
	Cleaning agents & Importance; Rinsing agents & Importance; Disinfecting	5
	agents & importance; Lubricating & Enzymatic cleaners	
	Follow up visit examination;	
	Complications of RGP lenses	

Contact Lens (Practical) BOPT 507-21

- 1. Measurement of Ocular dimensions
- 2. Pupillary diameter and lid characteristics
- 3. Blink rate and TBUT
- 4. Schrimers test, Slit lamp examination of tear layer
- 5. Keratometry
- 6. Placido's disc
- 7. Soft Contact Lens fitting Aspherical
- 8. Soft Contact Lens fitting Lathe cut lenses
- 9. Soft Contact Lens over refraction
- 10. Lens insertion and removal
- 11. Lens handling and cleaning

Suggested Books

- IACLE modules 1 5; CLAO Volumes 1, 2,
- Anthony J. Phillips : Contact Lenses, 5th edition,Butterworth-Heinemann, 2006
- Elisabeth A. W. Millis: Medical Contact LensPractice, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2004
- E S. Bennett ,V A Henry :Clinical manual of ContactLenses, 3rd edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins,2008; Contact lens Primer :Jaypee Bros : Monica Chaudhry

Semester		5th	5th									
Cours e Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Lo	ad A	lloca	ition	Dist	nrks ribut on	Total Marks	Credit	
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External			
BOPT 502-21	Allie d healt h scien ce	Core Theory	Low Vision & Rehabilitation-I	2	1	0	-	25	75	100	3	

a.Course Objective

This course deal with the definition of low vision, epidemiology aspect of visual impairment, types of low vision devices and its optical principles, clinical approach of the low vision patients, assistive devices for totally visually challenged, art of prescribing low vision devices and training the low vision patients.

b.Course Outcomes

CO1	Defining, listing and learning the types of low vision aids.
CO2	Recognizing, Understanding, characterizing, explaining the use of lowvision aids and rehabilitation.
CO3	Identifying, locating and demonstrating the concept of basic principles of optics in management of low vision patients.
CO4	Performing, implementing and applying types of low vision aids and rehabilitation techniques
CO5	Analyzing, categorizing, comparing and differentiating various types oflow vision devices.

c.Syllabus

Unit-1		10 Hours
	Introduction	
	Definitions & classification of Low vision; Epidemiology of low vision [magnitude]	
	Epidemiology of low vision [magnitude]	
Unit 2	Pre-clinical evaluation of low vision patients	
	Functional needs assessment, prognostic & psychological	
	factors;psycho-social impact of low vision;	
		10Hrs

Unit-3	Types of low vision aids – optical aids; non-optical aids ; electronic devices; Assistive technology devices, Optics of low vision aids assessment of visual acuity, visual field; Selection of low vision aids, instruction & training ; Pediatric Low Vision
Unit-4	care; 10hrs
	Dispensing Low vision devices Low vision aids – dispensing & prescribing aspects
	 Visual rehabilitation & counseling; Legal aspects of Low vision in India; Eye Disorders & Low vision; Introduction to Optometry rehabilitation Practice; Model of Low Vision services in India; Rehabilitation: Model of Low Vision services in India; Introduction to Optometry rehabilitation Practice; Clinical Case Presentation

Suggested Books

- Christine Dickinson: Low Vision: Principles andPractice Low vision care, 4th edition, ButterworthHeinemann, 1998
- Low vision : jaypee Bros : Monica Chaudhry
- E Vaithilingam: practice of Low vision A guidebook, Medical Research Foundation, 2000.

References books

- Richard L. Brilliant: Essentials of Low VisionPractice, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1999
- Helen Farral: optometric Management of Visual Handicap, Blackwell Scientific publications, 1991AJ Jackson, J S Wolffsohn: Low Vision Manual, Butterworth Heinnemann, 2007

Semester		5th									
Course Code	Group	Course Type				on	1		arks ibution	Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio	Internal	External		
BOPT 503-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Geriatrics optometry & Pediatric Optometry	2	0	0	-	25	75	100	3

a. Course Objective

This course deals with general and ocular physiological changes of ageing, common geriatric systemic and ocular diseases, clinical approach of geriatric patients, pharmacological aspects of ageing and spectacle dispensing aspects in ageing patients.

b. Course Outcomes

CO1	Be able to identify, investigate the age related changes in the eyes.
CO2	Be able to counsel the elderly
CO3	Be able to dispense spectacles with proper instructions.
CO4	Adequately gained knowledge on common ocular diseases.

Unit-1		5Hours
	Introduction	
	Structural changes of eye in elderly	
	Morphological changes of eye in elderly	
	Physiological changes in eye in the course of aging.	
Unit-2		
	Introduction to geriatric medicine – epidemiology	10hrs
	Need for optometry care	
	Systemic diseases(Hypertension, Atherosclerosis, coronar	ry heart disease,
	congestive Heart failure,	
	Cerebrovascular disease, Diabetes, COPD)	
Unit-3		10hrs
	Optometric Examination of the Older Adult	
	Ocular diseases common in old eye, with special	
	reference to cataract, glaucoma, macular disorders,	
	Vascular diseases of the eye	
Unit-4	•	
	Contact lenses in elderly	5hr
	Pharmacological aspects of aging	
	Low vision causes, management and rehabilitation in	
	geriatrics.	

Suggested Books

• A.J. ROSSENBLOOM Jr & M.W.MORGAN: Vision and Aging, Butterworth-Heinemann, Missouri, 2007.

References books

- OP Sharma: Geriatric Care –A textbook of geriatrics and Gerontology, viva books, NewDelhi, 2005
- VS Natarajan: An update on Geriatrics, Sakthi Pathipagam, Chennai, 1998
- DE Rosenblatt, VS Natarajan: Primer on geriatric Care A clinical approach to the olderpatient, Printers Castle, Cochin, 2002

Pediatric Optometry

a.Course Objective

This course is designed to provide the students adequate knowledgein theoretical and practical aspects of diagnosis, and management of eye conditions related to paediatric population. Also it will inculcate the skill of transferring / communicating the medical information to the attender / patient by the students. The scope of this subject is to train the optometrists to develop a systematic way of dealing with children below 12, so as to implement primary eye care and have better, specialized management of anomalies.

b.Course Outcomes

CO1	Have a knowledge of the principal theories of childhood development, and visual
	development
CO2	Have the ability to take a thorough paediatric history which encompasses the relevant
	developmental, visual, medical and educational issues
CO3	Be familiar with the accommodative-vergence system, the genesis of ametropia, the
	disorders of refraction, accommodation and vergence, and the assessment and
	managementof these disorders
CO4	Be familiar with the aetiology, clinical presentation and treatment of amblyopia, comitant
	strabismus and commonly presenting incomitant strabismus
CO5	Have a knowledge of the epidemiology of eye disease in children, the assessment techniques
	available for examining visual function of children of all ages and an understanding varied
	management concepts of paediatric vision disorders
CO6	Have knowledge of the art of dispensing contact lens, low vision aids and referral to the
	surgeon or other specialists at the appropriate timing.
CO7	Have a capacity for highly evolved communication and co-management with other
	professionals involved in paediatric assessment and care

C. Syllabus

Unit-1	Introduction	Hours
	The Development of Eye and Vision	
	History taking: Paediatric subjects	
	Assessment of visual acuity	
Unit-2	Normal appearance, pathology and structural anomalies	
	Orbit, Eye lids, Lacrimal system; Conjunctiva,	
	Cornea, Sclera	
	Anterior chamber, Uveal tract, Pupil; Lens, vitreous,	
	Fundus; Oculomotor system	
	Refractive Examination	
Unit-3		
	Determining binocular status	
	Determining sensory motor adaptability	
	Compensatory treatment and remedial therapy for : Myopia	, Pseudomyopia,
	Hyperopia, Astigmatism,	
	Anisometropia, Amblyopia Remedial and compensatory treatment of Strabismus and Nystagmus	
Unit-4		
	Anterior segment dysgenesis: Aniridia, Microphthalmos, Coloboma, Albinism	
	Paediatric eye disorders: Cataract, Retinopathy of Prematur	ity,
	Retinoblastoma; Neuromuscular conditions (myotonic dyst	-
	mitochondrial cytopathy), and Genetics	r J
	Spectacle dispensing for children Paediatric contact lenses	
	Low vision assessment in children	

Suggested Books

- Paediatric Optometry JEROME ROSNER, Butterworth, London 1982
- Paediatric Optometry –William Harvey/ Bernard Gilmartin, Butterworth –Heinemann, 2004

References books

- Binocular Vision and Ocular Motility VON NOORDEN G K Burian Von Noorden's, 2nd Ed., C.V. Mosby Co. St. Louis, 1980.
- Assessing Children's Vision. By Susan J Leat, Rosalyn H Shute, Carol A Westall.45 Oxford: Butterworth-Heinemann, 1999.
- Clinical pediatric optometry. LJ Press, BD Moore, Butterworth- Heinemann, 1993

Semester		5th	5th								
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Lo	ad Al	llocat	ion	Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External	-	
BOPT 504-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Binocular Vision-I	3	1	2	-	25	75	100	5

a.Course Objective

This course provides theoretical aspects of Binocular Vision and its clinicalapplication. It deals with basis of normal binocular vision and space perception, Gross anatomy and physiology of extraocular muscles, various binocular vision anomalies, its diagnostic approaches and management

b.Course Outcomes

c.Syllabus

CO1	D efining,	listing and learning the grades of binocular vision.	
CO2	Recognizi	ng, Understanding, characterizing, explaining the kind ofbinocu	lar vision anomalies
		patient eye.	
CO3	Identifyin	g, locating and demonstrating the principles of binocular vision	in early
		and treatment.	•
CO4	Performi	ng, implementing and applying the types of binocular abnormali	ities on the basis of
	symptom	is, signs and diagnostic procedure.	
CO5	-	g, categorizing, comparing and differentiating various grade of	
	binocular	vision.	
Unit-1	L		10Hours
		Binocular Vision and Space perception	
		Relative subjective visual direction; Retinomotor value; Grades	s of BSV; SMP
		and Cyclopean Eye;	
		Correspondence; Fusion, Diplopia, Retinal rivalry	
		Horopter; Physiological Diplopia and Suppression; Stereopsis,	
		Stereopsis and monocular clues – significance, Egocentric loca	ation, clinical
		applications; Theories of	
		Binocular vision	
Unit 2			15hrs
			Iomb
		Anatomy of Extra Ocular Muscles: Recti and Obliques,	101115
		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply.	
		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med	chanism
		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation	chanism is; Types of
		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and	chanism is; Types of
		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and mec (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management.	chanism ıs; Types of d
Unit 3	5	LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure	chanism as; Types of d ement; Types and
	3	LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and mec (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional	chanism as; Types of d ement; Types and
	}	LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of	chanism as; Types of d ement; Types and
Unit 3		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management.	chanism as; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;
		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management. 20hr	chanism as; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;
Unit 3		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management. 20hr Sensory adaptations: Confusion,	chanism hs; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;
Unit 3		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management. 20hr Sensory adaptations: Confusion, Suppression: Investigations; Management; Blind spot syndrom	chanism hs; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;
Unit 3		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management. 20hr Sensory adaptations: Confusion, Suppression: Investigations; Management; Blind spot syndrom Amblyopia: Classification; Aeitiology ; Investigation;	chanism hs; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;
Unit 3		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management. 20hr Sensory adaptations: Confusion, Suppression: Investigations; Management; Blind spot syndrom Amblyopia: Classification; Aeitiology ; Investigation; Management	chanism hs; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;
Unit 3		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management. 20hr Sensory adaptations: Confusion, Suppression: Investigations; Management; Blind spot syndrom Amblyopia: Classification; Aeitiology ; Investigation; Management Abnormal Retinal Correspondence: Investigation and manager	chanism hs; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;
Unit 3		LPS; Innervation & Blood Supply. Near Vision Complex Accommodation 6.1 Definition and med (process); Methods of measurement, Stimulus and innervation accommodation; Anomalies of accommodation – aetiology and management. Convergence: Definition and mechanism; Methods of measure components of convergence - Tonic, accommodative, fusional Anomalies of Convergence – aetiology and management. 20hr Sensory adaptations: Confusion, Suppression: Investigations; Management; Blind spot syndrom Amblyopia: Classification; Aeitiology ; Investigation; Management	chanism hs; Types of d ement; Types and , proximal;

Binocular Vision- I (Practical) BOPT 508-21

Comprehensive oral examination

Investigation & Management of binocular vision anomalies & Interpret clinical results

- 1. AC/A Ratio
- 2. ARC
- 3. Eccentric fixation
- 4. Amblyopia
- 5. Suppression

Suggested Books

- Pradeep Sharma: Strabismus simplified, New Delhi, First edition, 1999, Modern publishers.
- Fiona J. Rowe: Clinical Orthoptics, second edition, 2004, Blackwell Science Ltd
- Gunter K. V. Mosby Company
- Mitchell Scheiman; Bruce Wick: Clinical Management of Binocular VisionHeterophoric, Accommodative, and Eye Movement Disorders, 2008, Lippincot Williams & Wilkins publishers

References books

• Mitchell Scheiman; Bruce Wick: Clinical Management of Binocular VisionHeterophoric, Accommodative, and Eye Movement Disorders, 2008, Lippincot Williams & Wilkinspublisher

Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Los	ad Al	llocat	tion	Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT 505-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Systemic disease	2		0	-	25	75	100	2
mar	nmon Syste nagement op	tions	ons: Definition,	, diagne	ostic	appro	bach, co	omplic	ations	and	
CO3 Firs	t Aid knowle										
Unit-1	Defir and n	nanagement		miolog	y, cli	nical	examin	ation,	5Hou compl		
Hypertensive retinopathy Diabetes Mellitus 2hrs Classification, pathophysiology, clinical presentations, diagnosis, and management Complications Diabetic Retinopathy Diabetic Retinopathy										nagement,	
	Diabe	ale neemopu	, til y						3hrs		
Unit-2	Thyr Phys	roid tumors	ng for thyroid d	isease,	Hype	rthyro	oidism, l	Hypoth		n, Thyroidi	tis,

	Connective Tissue Disease
	Rheumatic arthritis, Systemic lupus erythematosus, Scleroderma
	Eye and connective tissue disease
	Tuberculosis & Ocular Manifestations
Unit 3	Herpes virus (Herpes simplex, Varicella Zoster, Cytomegalovirus, Epstein Barr Virus)
	Herpes and the eye
	Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome & Ocular Manifestations
	Anemia (Diagnosis, clinical evaluation, consequences, Sickle cell disease, treatment, Ophthalmologic considerations)
	Hyperlipidemias
Unit 4	Vitamin A & Eye Disease
	Myasthenia Gravis
	General Medical Emergencies
	Preoperative precautions in ocular surgery

Suggested Books

- C Haslett, E R Chilvers, N A boon, N R Coledge, J A A Hunter: Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine, Ed. John Macleod, 19th Ed., ELBS/Churchill Livingstone. (PPM), 2002
- Basic and clinical Science course: Update on General Medicine, American Academy of Ophthalmology, Section 1, 1999

Semester		5 th	5 th								
Course Code	Group	ıp Course Type	Course Name / Title	Lo	ad Al	locat	ion	Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT 506-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Research Methodology & Biostatistics	2		0	-	25	75	100	2

a. Course Objective

The objective of this module is to help the students understand the basic principles of research and methods applied to draw inferences from the research findings.

B. Syllabus

	Research Methodology	10hrs						
Unit 1	Introduction	·						
	Introduction to research methods							
	Identifying research problem							
	Ethics of research							
Unit 2	Research Methodology							
	Basics of Research design							
	Basics of Types of Data							
	Basics of Research tools and Data collection methods							
	Basics of Sampling methods							
	Developing a research proposal							
	Biostatistics							
Unit 3	Basics of Biostatistics	10hrs						
	Introduction of Biostatistics , Sampling, Statistical significance, determination.	, Correlation, Sample size						
	Statistics-Collection of Data, presentation including classification	on and diagrammatic						
	representation–frequency distribution. Measures of central ter dispersion	ndency; measures of						

Unit 4	Theoretical distributions	10hrs
	Binomial	
	Normal	
	Sampling –necessity of methods and techniques.	
	Chi. Square test (2 x 2)	

Suggested Books

- Mausner & Bahn: Epidemiology-An Introductory text, 2nd Ed., W. B. Saunders Co.
- Richard F. Morton & J. Richard Hebd: A study guide to Epidemiology and Biostatistics, 2ndEd., University Park Press, Baltimore.
- Sylvia W Smoller, J Smoller, Biostatistics & Epidemiology A Primer for health and Biomedical professionals, 4th edition, Springs, 2015

Semester		5 th									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation			Mark Distribution		Total Marks	Credit	
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		Internal	External		
BOPT 509-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Clinics IV	0	0	6	-	30	70	100	3

a. Course Objective

The course provides students the opportunity to continue to develop confidence and increased skill in diagnosis and treatment delivery. Students will demonstrate competence in basic, intermediate and advance procedure in those areas. Students will participate in advance and specialized diagnostic and management procedure. Students will get practical experience of the knowledge acquired from geriatric and pediatric optometry courses. Handson experience under supervision will be provided in various outreach programmes namely, school vision screening, glaucoma and diabetic retinopathy screening etc., Students also get hand-on practical sessions.

Detailed Syllabus

Semester VI

Sr. No.	Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Title	L-T-P*	Credit	Marks D	istribution	Marks
						1	Internal	External	
1.	BOPT 601-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Contact lens-II	3-1-0	4	25	75	100
2.	BOPT 602-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Binocular vision-II	3-1-0	4	25	75	100
3.	BOPT 603-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Community Optometry	2-0-0	2	25	75	100
4.	BOPT 604-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Low Vision Rehablitation -II	2-1-0	3	25	75	100
5.	BOPT 605-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Theory	Medical Law and Ethics	1-0-0	1	25	75	100
6.	BOPT 606-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core (Project)	Research Project (Review)	0-0-2	1	50	50	100
7.	BOPT 607-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Practical	Contact lens-II Practical	0-0-2	1	75	25	100
8.	BOPT 608-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Practical	Binocular vision-II Practical	0-0-2	1	75	25	100
9.	BOPT 609-21	Allied Health Sciences	Core Practical	Clinics-V	0-0-8	4	50	50	100
		Total			11-3- 14	16.5	375	525	900

Semester		6th									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation				Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT 601-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Contact lens- II	3	1	2	-	25	75	100	5

a. Course Objective

The subject provides the student with suitable knowledge both in theoretical and practical aspects of ContactLensest

b. Course Outcomes

CO1	Defining, listing and learning the types of contact lens.
CO2	R ecognizing, Understanding, characterizing, explaining the contact lens in therapeuticand diagnostic use in different ocular condition.
CO3	Identifying, locating and demonstrating the concept of basic principles of using contact lenses to treat and manage the ocular abnormalities
CO4	Performing, implementing and applying the types of contact lenses and fitting criteria.
CO5	Analyzing, categorizing, comparing and differentiating various types of contact lens.

C. Syllabus

Unit-1	Pre fitting examination	10Hours
	Review of Basics	
	Patient Selection; Pre screening for contact lens wear	
	Slit Lamp examination; Assessment of Cornea Assessment of Tear film	
Unit-2	Contact lens fitting	15
	Soft contact lens fitting,	
	Soft Toric Contact Lens fitting	
Unit 3	Rigid Contact lens fitting; Managing the Presbyope	
	Silicone Hydrogel Lenses, Extended Wear	
Unit-4	Contact lens care	15
	Contact lens After Care	
	Overview of Special considerations for fitting contact le	enses
	Therapeutic and Prosthetic contact lenses	

Contact Lens II (Practical) BOPT 607-21

- Soft Contact Lens fitting Aspherical
- Soft Contact Lens fitting Lathe cut lenses
- Soft Contact Lens over refraction
- Lens insertion and removal
- Lens handling and cleaning
- Examination of old soft Lens
- RGP Lens fitting
- RGP Lens Fit Assessment and fluorescein pattern
- Special RGP fitting (Aphakia, pseudophakia & Keratoconus)
- RGP over refraction and Lens flexure
- Examination of old RGP Lens
- RGP Lens parameters
- Slit lamp examination of Contact Lens wearers

Suggested Books

- Anthony J. Phillips : Contact Lenses, 5th edition, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2006
- Elisabeth A. W. Millis: Medical Contact LensPractice, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2004
- E S. Bennett ,V A Henry :Clinical manual of Contact Lenses, 3rd edition, Lippincott Williamsand Wilkins, 2008
- Contact lens Primer: Jaypee Bros : Monica Chaudhry

Semester		6 th									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation			Marks Distribution		Total Marks	Credit	
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio	Internal	External		
BOPT 602-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Binocular vision-II	3	1	2	-	25	75	100	5

a.Course Objective

This course deals with understanding of strabismus, its classification, necessary orthoptic investigations, diagnosis and non-surgical management. Along with theoretical knowledge it teaches the clinical aspects and application.

b.Course Outcomes

CO1	D efining, listing and learning the grades of binocular vision.
CO2	R ecognizing, Understanding, characterizing, explaining the kind ofbinocular vision anomalies present in patient eye.
CO3	Identifying, locating and demonstrating the principles of binocular vision in early diagnosis and treatment.
CO4	P erforming, implementing and applying the types of binocular abnormalities on the basis of symptoms, signs and diagnostic procedure
CO5	Analyzing, categorizing, comparing and differentiating various grade of binocular vision.

c. Syllabus

Unit-1	10
	Neuro-muscular anomalies; Classification and etiological factors
	History – recording and significance, Accommodative and Non Accommodative convergent squint; Classification; Investigation and Management
	Divergent Strabismus: Classification; A& V phenomenon; Investigation and Management,
Unit-2	
	Vertical strabismus: Classification; Investigation and Management 15Hrs
	Paralytic Strabismus: Acquired and Congenital; Clinical Characteristics
Unit 3	Distinction from comitant and restrictive Squint, Investigations: History and symptoms; Head Posture; Diplopia Charting; Hess chart; PBCT; Nine directions; Binocular field of vision
	Amblyopia and Treatment of Amblyopia, Nystagmus,15hrsNon-surgical Management of Squint
Unit-4	Restrictive Strabismus Features; Musculo-fascial anomalies; Duane's Retraction syndrome; Clinical features and management, Brown's Superior oblique sheath syndrome; Strabismus fixus; Congenital muscle fibrosis

Binocular Vision -II (Practical) BOPT 608-21

Investigations and also Management Of Non Strabismic Binocular vision Anomalies

Suggested Books

- Pradeep Sharma: Strabismus simplified, New Delhi, First edition, 1999, Modern publishers.
- Fiona J. Rowe: Clinical Orthoptics, second edition, 2004, Blackwell Science Ltd
- Gunter K. Von Noorden: BURIAN- VON NOORDEN'S Binocular vision and ocular motility theory andmanagement of strabismus, Missouri, Second edition, 1980, C. V. Mosby Company

Reference Book

• Mitchell Scheiman; Bruce Wick: Clinical Management of Binocular Vision Heterophoric, Accommodative, and Eye Movement Disorders, 2008, Lippincot Williams & Wilkins publisher

Semester		6th									
Course Group Code		p Course Course Type Name / Title		Load Allocation				Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT 603-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Community Optometry	2	0	0	-	25	75	100	2

a.Course Objective

Introduction to the foundation and basic sciences of public health optometry with an emphasis on the epidemiology of vision problems especially focused on Indian scenario.

Also deals with general aspects of occupational health, Visual demand in various job, task analysing method ,visual standards for various jobs, occupational hazards and remedial aspects through classroom sessions and field visit to the factories.

b.Course Outcomes

CO1	D efining, listing and learning the main role of optometrist in the community health care profession.
CO2	R ecognizing, Understanding, characterizing, explaining those diseases that are the most common reason for worldwide blindness.
CO3	Identifying, locating and demonstrating the management and treatmentskills to eradicate avoidable blindness from worldwide population.
CO4	P erforming, implementing and applying the types of health careprograms that can avoid the blindness and visual impairment
CO5	Analyzing, categorizing, comparing and differentiating various diseases that are the most common reason for worldwide blindness.

c.Syllabus

	Public Health Optometry15 hrs
Unit 1	
	Concepts and implementation; Stages of diseases;
	Epidemiology of blindness – Defining blindness and visual impairment; Eye inprimary health care; Contrasting between Clinical and community health programs;
Unit 2	Community Eye Care Programs; Community based rehabilitation programs; Nutritional Blindness with reference to Vitamin A deficiency;
Unit 3	15 hrs
	Vision 2020: The Right to Sight; Screening for eye diseases; National and
	International health agencies,
	NPCB; Role of an optometrist in Public Health;
Unit 4	Organization and Management of Eye Care Programs – Service Delivery models;
	Health manpower and planning& Health Economics; Evaluation and assessment of
	health programmers'
	Optometrists' role in school eye health programme; Basics of Tele Optometry and its application in Public Health; Information, Education and Communication for Eye Care programs

Suggested Books

- R V North: Work and the eye, Second edition, Butterworth Heinnemann, 2001
- BHVI student notes
- GVS Murthy, S K Gupta, D Bachani: The principles and practice of community Ophthalmology, National programme for control of blindness, New Delhi, 2002
- Newcomb RD, Jolley JL : Public Health and Community Optometry, Charles C Thomas Publisher, Illinois, 1980
- Community eye health journals

Semester		6th	6th									
Course Group Code		CourseCourseTypeName /Title		Load Allocation				Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit	
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External			
BOPT 604-21	Allied Health Science	Core Theory	Low Vision & Rehabilitation- II	3	1	0	-	25	75	100	4	

a. Course Objective

b. This advanced course focuses on specialized management strategies, rehabilitation techniques, and interdisciplinary approaches to supporting individuals with low vision. Students will gain in-depth knowledge of complex cases, assistive technologies, and evidence-based practices in low vision care.

c. Course Outcomes

CO1	Understand advanced principles of low vision assessment and management.
CO2	Develop individualized rehabilitation plans for patients with specific visual impairments.
CO3	Gain hands-on experience with advanced assistive devices and technologies.
CO4	Collaborate effectively with multidisciplinary teams to enhance patient outcomes.

d. Syllabus

Unit-1	Low Vision Rehabilitation	10 Hours						
	Goal-oriented functional rehabilitation planning.	i						
	Orientation and mobility (O&M) training for low vision individuals. Skills for activities of daily living (ADL) with vision loss. Case-based learning: Developing customized rehabilitation plans.							
Unit 2	Assistive Devices and Technology	10 Hours						
	Overview of optical and non-optical devices: Advanced magnifiers (stand, hand- held, electronic).							
	Telescopic systems for distance viewing.							
	Cutting-edge technologies:							

Wearable devices (e.g., eSight, OrCam).
Screen readers and software (JAWS, NVDA).
Braille displays and tactile devices.
Device fitting and training methods.

Unit-3									
	Managing Complex Cases	10 Hours							
	Low vision and comorbid conditions: Dual sensory loss (e.g., vision and								
	hearing), Neurological conditions (e.g., stroke, traumatic brain injury).								
	Pediatric low vision management.								
	Geriatric low vision care.								
	Strategies for progressive diseases (e.g., AMD, glaucoma, retinitis pigmentosa).								
Unit-4	Advocacy and Accessibility	10 Hours							
	Legal rights of individuals with low vision (e.g., ADA compliance).								
	Accessible design principles for environments, websites, and materials.								
	Community resources and support system	18.							
	Promoting independence and social inclusion.								
	Current research trends in low vision care.								
	Evaluating clinical outcomes in rehabilita	tion programs.							
	Ethical considerations in low vision care.								

Suggested Books

- Christine Dickinson: Low Vision: Principles andPractice Low vision care, 4th edition, ButterworthHeinemann, 1998
- Low vision : jaypee Bros : Monica Chaudhry
- E Vaithilingam: practice of Low vision A guidebook, Medical Research Foundation, 2000.

References books

- Richard L. Brilliant: Essentials of Low VisionPractice, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1999
- Helen Farral: optometric Management of Visual Handicap, Blackwell Scientific publications, 1991AJ Jackson, J S Wolffsohn: Low Vision Manual, Butterworth Heinnemann, 2007

Recommended Texts:

- "Low Vision Rehabilitation" by Mitchell Scheimanetal.
- "Principles and Practice of Low Vision Rehabilitation" by Christine Dickinson.

Journals and articles:

- Investigative Ophthalmology & Visual Science (IOVS).
- Journal of Visual Impairment & Blindness (JVIB).

Semester		6 th									
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation		Marks Distribut ion		Total Marks	Credit		
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio (If	Internal	External		
BOPT 605-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Medical Law and Ethics	1	0	0	-	25	75	100	1

a.Course Objective

Legal and ethical considerations are firmly believed to be an integral part of medical practice in planning patient care. Advances in medical sciences, growing sophistication of the modern society's legal framework, increasing awareness of human rights and changing moral principles of the community at large, now result in frequent occurrences of healthcare professionals being caught indilemmas over aspects arising from daily practice.

Medical ethics has developed into a well based discipline which acts as a "bridge" between theoretical bioethics and the bedside. The goal is "to improve the quality of patient care by identifying, analyzing, and attempting to resolve the ethical problems that arise in practice". Doctors are bound by, not just moral obligations, but also by laws and official regulations that form the legal framework to regulate medical practice. Hence, it is now a universal consensus that legal and ethical considerations are inherent and inseparable parts of good medical practice across the whole spectrum.

b.syllabus

	15 hrs
Unit 1	
	Medical ethics - Definition - Goal - Scope b
Unit 2	Introduction to Code of conduct Basic principles of medical ethics –Confidentiality Malpractice and negligence - Rational and irrational drug therapyAutonomy and informed consent - Right of patients
Unit 3	Introduction –Medico legal case and type- Records and document related to MLC - ownership of medical records - Confidentiality Privilege communication - Release of medical information - Unauthorized disclosure - retention of medical records - other various aspects.
Unit 4	Professional Indemnity insurance policy, Development of standardized protocol to avoid near miss or sentinel events

Semester 6 th											
Course Code	Group	Course Type	Course Name / Title	Load Allocation				Marks Distribution		Total Marks	Credit
				Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Studio	Internal	External		
BOPT 506-21	Allied health science	Core Theory	Research Project (Review)	-	-	2	-	30	70	100	1

Team of students will be doing a research project under the guidance of a supervisor (who could be optometrists/vision scientists/ ophthalmologist). Student will get the experience of doing a research in systematic approach – identifying the primary question, literature search, identifying the gaps in the literature, identifying the research question, writing up the research proposal, data collection, data analysis, thesis writing and presentation.