



Study Scheme and Syllabus - 2020

of

Master of Technology

Computer Science Engineering with Specialization in Cyber Security

- **Eligibility:** B.E. / B. Tech. (CSE/ IT/ Software Engg./ Computer Engg./ Software Systems/ Information Security/ Cyber Security/ Computational Engg./ Machine learning) with atleast 50% (45% in case of candidate belonging to reserved category).

SEMESTER - 1

Sem	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	Hrs	Internal	External	Total	Credits
1	MTCy-101-20	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
1	MTCy-102-20	Advanced Data Structures	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
1	MTCy-PE *	Program Elective – 1	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
1	MTCy-PE **	Program Elective – 2	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
1	MTCy-111-20	Advanced Data Structures LAB	0	0	4	4	60	40	100	2
1	MTCy-112-20	Elective based LAB	0	0	4	4	60	40	100	2
1	MTEC-RM1-20	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2	40	60	100	2
1	MTEC-AU1-20	Audit Course 1	0	0	0	0	40	60	100	0
		Total	14	0	8	22	360	440	800	18

SEMESTER - 2

Sem	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	Hrs	Internal	External	Total	Credits
2	MTCy-103-20	Malware Analysis & Reverse Engg.	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
2	MTCy-104-20	Soft Computing	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
2	MTCy-PE ***	Program Elective – 3	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
2	MTCy-PE ****	Program Elective – 4	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
2	MTCy-113-20	Malware Analysis & Reverse Engg LAB	0	0	4	4	60	40	100	2
2	MTCy-114-20	Elective Based LAB	0	0	4	4	60	40	100	2
2	MTCy-MP1-20	Mini Project	0	0	4	4	60	40	100	2

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2	MTAI-AU2-20	Audit Course 2	0	0	0	0	40	60	100	0
		Total	12	0	12	24	380	420	800	18

SEMESTER-3

Sem	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	Hrs	Internal	External	Total	Credits
3	MTCy-PE \$	Program Elective-V	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
3	MTCy-OE1-20	Open Elective	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	3
3	MTCy-DS1-20	Dissertation Phase-I	0	0	20	20	60	40	100	10
		Total	6	0	20	26	140	160	300	16

SEMESTER-4

Sem	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	Hrs	Internal	External	Total	Credits
4	MTCy-DS2-20	Dissertation Phase-II	6	0	20	20	60	40	100	16
		Total				68	960	1060	2000	68

PROGRAMME ELECTIVE COURSES

Programme Elective-I	MTCy-PE *	MTCy-PE1-20 System and Network Security	MTCy-PE2-20 Ethical Hacking	MTCy-PE3-20 Intrusion Detection
Programme Elective-II	MTCy-PE **	MTCy-PE4-20 Security Assessment & Risk Analysis	MTCy-PE5-20 Secure Software Design & Enterprise Computing	MTCy-PE6-20 Advanced Machine Learning
Programme Elective-III	MTCy-PE***	MTCy-PE7-20 Cryptography	MTCy-PE8-20 Steganography & Digital Watermarking	MTCy-PE9-20 Information Theory & Coding
Programme Elective-IV	MTCy-PE****	MTCy-PE10-20 Secure Coding	MTCy-PE11-20 Data Encryption & Compression	MTCy-PE12-20 Biometrics
Programme Elective-V	MTCy-PE \$	MTCy-PE13-20 Blockchain Technology	MTCy-PE14-20 Data Security and Access Control	MTCy-PE15-20 Big Data Analytics

OPEN ELECTIVES:

MTAI-OE1-18	Cost Management of Engineering Projects
MTAI-OE2-18	Business Analytics
MTAI-OE3-18	Industrial Safety
MTAI-OE4-18	Operations Research
MTAI-OE5-18	Composite Materials
MTAI-OE6-18	Waste to Energy

AUDIT COURSES I & II

MTA101-18	English for Research Paper Writing
MTA102-18	Disaster Management
MTA103-18	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge
MTA104-18	Value Education
MTA105-18	Constitution of India



MTA106-18	Pedagogy Studies
MTA107-18	Stress Management by Yoga
MTA108-18	Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills

FIRST SEMESTER

M. Tech (Cyber Security)

Course Code	MTCyS-101-20
Course Name	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science
Credits	3
Pre Requisites	Discrete Mathematics

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To understand the mathematical fundamentals that is prerequisites for a variety of courses like Data mining, Network protocols, analysis of Web traffic, Computer security, Software engineering, Computer architecture, operating systems, distributed systems, Bioinformatics, Machine learning.
- To develop the understanding of the mathematical and logical basis to many modern techniques in in for technology like machine learning, programming language design, and concurrency.
- To study various sampling and classification problems.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- After completion of course, students would be able to:
- To understand the basic notions of discrete and continuous probability.
- To understand the methods of statistical inference, and the role that sampling distributions play in those methods.
- To be able to perform correct and meaningful statistical analyses of simple to moderate complexity.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Probability mass, density, and cumulative distribution functions, Parametric families of distributions, Expected value, variance, conditional expectation, Applications of the univariate and multivariate Central Limit Theorem, Probabilistic inequalities, Markov chains

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Unit 2:

Random samples, sampling distributions of estimators, Methods of Moments and Maximum Likelihood

Unit 3:

Statistical inference, Introduction to multivariate statistical models: regression and classification problems, principal components analysis, The problem of overfitting model assessment.

Unit 4:

Graph Theory: Isomorphism, Planar graphs, graph colouring, hamilton circuits and euler cycles. Permutations and Combinations with and without repetition. Specialized techniques to solve combinatorial enumeration problems.

Unit 5:

Computer science and engineering applications Data mining, Network protocols, analysis of Web traffic, Computer security, Software engineering, Computer architecture, operating systems, distributed systems, Bioinformatics, Machine learning.

Unit 6:

Recent Trends in various distribution functions in mathematical field of computer science for varying fields like bioinformatic, soft computing, and computer vision.

Text books:

1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computations – J.E. Hopcroft, & J.D. Ullman , Pearson Education Asia.
2. Discrete Mathematical structures with application to Computer Science – J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar.
3. Cryptography and Network Security, William Stallings.(Second Edition)Pearson Education Asia.

Reference books:

1. Introduction to languages and theory of computation – John C. Martin (MGH)
2. Introduction to Theory of Computation – Michael Sipser (Thomson Nrools/Cole)
3. Cryptanalysis of number theoretic Cyphers, Samuel S. WagstaffJr.Champan& Hall/CRC Press 2003
4. Network Security: The Complete Reference by Roberta Bragg, Mark Phodes –Ousley, Keith Strassberg Tata McGraw-Hill.

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Course Code	MTCyS-102-20
Course Name	Advanced Data Structures
Credits	3
Pre Requisites	UG level course in Data Structures

COURSE OBJECTIVE

1. To familiarize students with advanced paradigms and data structure used to solve algorithmic problems.
2. Student should be able to come up with analysis of efficiency and proofs of correctness
3. The student should be able to choose appropriate data structures, understand the ADT/libraries, and use it to design algorithms for a specific problem.
4. Students should be able to understand the necessary mathematical abstraction to solve problems.

COURSE OUTCOMES

1. After completion of course, students would be able to:
2. Understand the implementation of symbol table using hashing techniques.
3. Develop and analyze algorithms for red-black trees, B-trees and Splay trees.
4. Develop algorithms for text processing applications.
5. Identify suitable data structures and develop algorithms for computational geometry problems

Unit 1

Dictionaries: Definition, Dictionary Abstract Data Type, Implementation of Dictionaries. Hashing: Review of Hashing, Hash Function, Collision Resolution Techniques in Hashing, Separate Chaining, Open Addressing, Linear Probing, Quadratic, Probing, Double Hashing, Rehashing, Extendible Hashin

Unit 2

Skip Lists: Need for Randomizing Data Structures and Algorithms, Search and Update Operations on Skip Lists, Probabilistic Analysis of Skip Lists, Deterministic Skip Lists

Unit 3

Trees: Binary Search Trees, AVL Trees, Red Black Trees, 2-3 Trees, B-Trees, Splay Trees

Unit 4

Text Processing: Sting Operations, Brute-Force Pattern Matching, The Boyer-Moore Algorithm, The Knuth-Morris-Pratt Algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix Tries, The Huffman Coding Algorithm, The Longest Common Subsequence Problem (LCS), Applying Dynamic Programming to the LCS Problem

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Unit 5

Computational Geometry: One Dimensional Range Searching, Two-Dimensional Range Searching, constructing a Priority Search Tree, Searching a Priority Search Tree, Priority Range Trees, Quadtrees, k-D Trees.

Unit 6 Recent Trends in Hashing, Trees, and various computational geometry methods for efficiently solving the new evolving problem.

References:

1. Mark Allen Weiss, Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2004.
2. M T Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design, John Wiley, 2002.

Course Code	MTEC-RM1-20
Course Name	Research Methodology and IPR
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To enable student to acquire knowledge of research process: gather data, implement the proposed work and collect the results and publish them.

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation.
- Analyze research related information 0 Follow research ethics
- Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

Unit 2:

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis Plagiarism, Research ethics

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Unit 3:

Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

Unit 4:

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

Unit 5:

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications.

Unit 6:

New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

References:

1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students"
2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"
3. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners".
4. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd, 2007.
5. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
6. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
7. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
8. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", 2016.
9. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008

Course Code	MTCyS-PE1-20
Course Name	System and Network Security
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The purpose of this course is to provide understanding of the main issues related to security in modern networked computer systems. This covers underlying concepts and foundations of computer security, basic knowledge about security-relevant decisions in designing IT infrastructures, techniques to secure complex systems and practical skills in managing a range of systems, from personal laptop to large-scale infrastructures.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

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On completion of this course, students should have gained a good

1. Understanding of the concepts and foundations of computer security,
2. Identify vulnerabilities of IT systems.
3. Apply the basic security tools to enhance system security and can develop basic security enhancements in stand-alone applications.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Computer Security Concepts- Introduction to Information Security, Introduction to Data and Network Security, Integrity, and Availability, NIST FIPS 199 Standard, Assets and Threat Models, Examples

Unit 2:

Control Hijacking– Attacks and defenses, Buffer overflow and control hijacking attacks. Exploitation techniques and fuzzing- Finding vulnerabilities and exploits Dealing with Legacy code- Dealing with bad (legacy) application code: Sandboxing and Isolation.

Unit 3:

Least privilege, access control, operating system security- The principle of least privilege, Access control concepts, Operating system mechanisms, Unix, Windows, Qmail, Chromium, and Android examples.

Unit 4:

Basic web security model- Browser content, Document object model (DOM), Same-origin policy. Web Application Security- SQL injection, Cross-site request forgery, Cross-site scripting, Attacks and Defenses, Generating and storing session tokens, Authenticating users, The SSL protocol, The lock icon, User interface attacks, Pretty Good Privacy.

Unit 5:

Network Protocols and Vulnerabilities- Overview of basic networking infrastructure and network protocols, IP, TCP, Routing protocols, DNS. Network Defenses- Network defense tools, Secure protocols, Firewalls, VPNs, Tor, I2P, Intrusion Detection and filters, Host-Based IDS vs Network-Based IDS, Dealing with unwanted traffic: Denial of service attacks, Malicious Software.

Unit 6:

Software Security- Malicious Web, Internet Security Issues, Types of Internet Security Issues, Computer viruses, Spyware, Key-Loggers, Secure Coding, Electronic and Information Warfare. Mobile platform security models- Android, iOS Mobile platform security models, Detecting Android malware in Android markets.

Unit 7:

Security Risk Management- How Much Security Do You Really Need, Risk Management, Information. Security Risk Assessment: Introduction, Information Security Risk Assessment: Case Studies, Risk Assessment in Practice.

Unit 8:

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The Trusted Computing Architecture- Introduction to Trusted Computing, TPM Provisioning, Exact Mechanics of TPM.

Text books and References:

1. William Stallings, Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, Prentice Hall, 4th edition, 2010.
2. Michael T. Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia, Introduction to Computer Security, Addison Wesley, 2011.
3. William Stallings, Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, Prentice Hall, 4th edition, 2010.
4. Alfred J. Menezes, Paul C. van Oorschot and Scott A. Vanstone, Handbook of Applied Cryptography, CRC Press, 2001.

Course Code	MTCyS-PE2-20
Course Name	Ethical Hacking
Credits	3

Course Objectives:

Introduces the concepts of Ethical Hacking. Gives the students the opportunity to learn about different tools and techniques in Ethical hacking and security. Practically apply Ethical hacking tools to perform various activities.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able to: Understand the core concepts related to vulnerabilities and their causes. Understand ethics behind hacking and vulnerability disclosure. Appreciate the impact of hacking. Exploit the vulnerabilities related to computer system and networks using state of the art tools and technologies.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Ethical hacking process, Hackers behaviour & mindset, Maintaining Anonymity, Hacking Methodology, Information Gathering, Active and Passive Sniffing, Physical security vulnerabilities and countermeasures. Internal and External testing. Preparation of Ethical Hacking and Penetration Test Reports and Documents.

Unit 2:

Social Engineering attacks and countermeasures. Password attacks, Privilege Escalation and Executing Applications, Network Infrastructure Vulnerabilities, IP spoofing, DNS spoofing, Wireless

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Hacking: Wireless footprint, Wireless scanning and enumeration, Gaining access (hacking 802.11), WEP, WPA, WPA2.

Unit 3:

DoS attacks. Web server and application vulnerabilities, SQL injection attacks, Vulnerability Analysis and Reverse Engineering, Buffer overflow attacks. Client-side browser exploits, Exploiting Windows Access Control Model for Local Elevation Privilege. Exploiting vulnerabilities in Mobile Application

Unit 4:

Introduction to Metasploit: Metasploit framework, Metasploit Console, Payloads, Metpreter, Introduction to Armitage, Installing and using Kali Linux Distribution, Introduction to penetration testing tools in Kali Linux. Case Studies of recent vulnerabilities and attacks.

Unit 5:

Malware Analysis: Collecting Malware and Initial Analysis, Hacking Malware

Unit 6:

Case study of vulnerability of cloud platforms and mobile platforms & devices.

Books/References:

1. Shon Harris, Allen Harper, Chris Eagle and Jonathan Ness, Gray Hat Hacking: The Ethical Hackers' Handbook, TMH Edition
2. Jon Erickson, Hacking: The Art of Exploitation, SPD
3. Baloch, R., Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Guide, CRC Press, 2015.
4. Beaver, K., Hacking for Dummies, 3rd ed. John Wiley & sons., 2013.
5. Council, Ec. , Computer Forensics: Investigating Network Intrusions and Cybercrime, Cengage Learning, Second Edition, 2010
6. McClure S., Scambray J., and Kurtz G, Hacking Exposed. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 6th Edition, 2009 5. International Council of E-Commerce Consultants by Learning, Penetration Testing Network and Perimeter Testing Ec-Council/ Certified Security Analyst Vol. 3 of Penetration Testing, Cengage Learning, 2010
7. Davidoff, S. and Ham, J., Network Forensics Tracking Hackers through Cyberspace, Prentice Hall, 2012. 7. Michael G. Solomon, K Rudolph, Ed Tittel, Broom N., and Barrett, D., Computer, Forensics Jump Start, Willey Publishing, Inc, 2011.

Course Code	MTCyS-PE3-20
Course Name	Intrusion Detection
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

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- Compare alternative tools and approaches for Intrusion Detection through quantitative analysis to determine the best tool or approach to reduce risk from intrusion.
- Identify and describe the parts of all intrusion detection systems and characterize new and emerging IDS technologies according to the basic capabilities all intrusion detection systems share.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

1. Apply knowledge of the fundamentals of Intrusion Detection in order to avoid common pitfalls in the creation.
2. Do evaluation of new Intrusion Detection Systems.
3. Evaluate the security at enterprise and appropriately apply Intrusion Detection tools and techniques in order to improve their security posture

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

The state of threats against computers, and networked systems-Overview of computer security solutions and why they fail-Vulnerability assessment, firewalls, VPN's -Overview of Intrusion Detection and Intrusion Prevention- Network and Host-based IDS

Unit 2:

Classes of attacks - Network layer: scans, denial of service, penetration- Application layer: software exploits, code injection-Human layer: identity theft, root access-Classes of attackers-Kids/hackers/sop. Hesitated groups-Automated: Drones, Worms, Viruses

Unit 3:

A General IDS model and taxonomy, Signature-based Solutions, Snort, Snort rules, Evaluation of IDS, Cost sensitive IDS.

Unit 4:

Anomaly Detection Systems and Algorithms-Network Behavior Based Anomaly Detectors (rate based)-Host-based Anomaly Detectors-Software Vulnerabilities- State transition, Immunology, Payload Anomaly Detection.

Unit 5:

Attack trees and Correlation of alerts-Autopsy of Worms and Botnets-Malware detection-Obfuscation, polymorphism-Document vectors.

Unit 6:

Email/IM security issues-Viruses/Spam-From signatures to thumbprints to zero- day detection-Insider Threat issues-Taxonomy-Masquerade and Impersonation- Traitors, Decoys and Deception-Future: Collaborative Security.

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1. The Art of Computer Virus Research and Defense, Peter Szor, Symantec Press ISBN 0-321-30545-3.
2. Crimeware, Understanding New Attacks and Defenses, Markus Jakobsson and Zulfikar Ramzan, Symantec Press, ISBN: 978-0-321-50195-0 2008

Course Code	MTCyS-PE4-20
Course Name	Security Assessment & Risk Analysis
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

Describe the concepts of risk management. Define and differentiate various Contingency Planning components. Integrate the IRP, DRP, and BCP plans into a coherent strategy to support sustained organizational operations. Define and be able to discuss incident response options, and design an Incident Response Plan for sustained organizational operations.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of course, students would be:

1. Capable of recommending contingency strategies including data backup and recovery and alternate site selection for business resumption planning.
2. Skilled to be able to describe the escalation process from incident to disaster in case of security disaster.
3. Capable of Designing a Disaster Recovery Plan for sustained organizational operations.
4. Capable of Designing a Business Continuity Plan for sustained organizational operations.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

SECURITY BASICS: Information Security (INFOSEC) Overview: critical information characteristics – availability information states – processing security Countermeasures education, training and awareness, critical information characteristics – confidentiality critical information characteristics – integrity, information states – storage, information states – transmission, security countermeasures-policy, procedures and practices, threats, vulnerabilities.

Unit 2:

Threats to and Vulnerabilities of Systems: definition of terms (e.g., threats, vulnerabilities, risk), major categories of threats (e.g., fraud, Hostile Intelligence Service (HOIS), malicious logic, hackers, environmental and technological hazards, disgruntled employees, careless employees, HUMINT, and monitoring), threat impact areas.

Unit 3:

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Countermeasures: assessments (e.g., surveys, inspections), Concepts of Risk Management: consequences (e.g., corrective action, risk assessment), cost/benefit analysis of controls, implementation of cost-effective controls, monitoring the efficiency and effectiveness of controls (e.g., unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of information), threat and vulnerability assessment.

Unit 4:

Security Planning: directives and procedures for policy mechanism, Risk Management: acceptance of risk (accreditation), corrective actions information identification, risk analysis and/or vulnerability assessment components, risk analysis results evaluation, roles and responsibilities of all the players in the risk analysis process.

Unit 5:

Contingency Planning/Disaster Recovery: agency response procedures and continuity of operations, contingency plan components, determination of backup requirements, development of plans for recovery actions after a disruptive event, development of procedures for off-site processing, emergency destruction procedures, guidelines for determining critical and essential workload, team member responsibilities in responding to an emergency situation

Unit 6:

Policies and Procedures Physical Security Measures: alarms, building construction, cabling, communications centre, environmental controls (humidity and air conditioning), filtered power, physical access control systems (key cards, locks and alarms)

Unit 7:

Personnel Security Practices and Procedures: access authorization/verification (need-to-know), contractors, employee clearances, position sensitivity, security training and awareness, systems maintenance personnel, Administrative Security Procedural Controls: attribution, copyright protection and licensing, Auditing and Monitoring: conducting security reviews, effectiveness of security programs, investigation of security breaches, privacy review of accountability controls, review of audit trails and logs.

Unit 8:

Operations Security (OPSEC): OPSEC surveys/OPSEC planning INFOSEC: computer security – audit, cryptography-encryption (e.g., point-to-point, network, link), cryptography-key management (to include electronic key), Cryptography-strength (e.g., complexity, secrecy, characteristics of the key). Case study of threat and vulnerability assessment

Books/References:

1. Whitman & Mattord, Principles of Incident Response and Disaster Recovery, Course Technology, ISBN: 141883663X

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2. (Web Link) http://www.cnss.gov/Assets/pdf/nstissi_4011.pdf

Course Code	MTCyS-PE5-20
Course Name	Secure Software Design & Enterprise Computing
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To fix software flaws and bugs in various software.
- To make students aware of various issues like weak random number generation, information leakage, poor usability, and weak or no encryption on data traffic
- Techniques for successfully implementing and supporting network services on an enterprise scale and heterogeneous systems environment.
- Methodologies and tools to design and develop secure software containing minimum vulnerabilities and flaws.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Differentiate between various software vulnerabilities
- Software process vulnerabilities for an organization
- Monitor resources consumption in a software
- Interrelate security and software development process

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Secure Software Design: Identify software vulnerabilities and perform software security analysis, Master security programming practices, Master fundamental software security design concepts, Perform security testing and quality assurance.

Unit 2:

Enterprise Application Development : Describe the nature and scope of enterprise software applications, Design distributed N-tier software application, Research technologies available for the presentation, business and data tiers of an enterprise software application, Design and build a database using an enterprise database system, Develop components at the different tiers in an enterprise system, Design and develop a multi-tier solution to a problem using technologies used in enterprise system, Present software solution

Unit 3:

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Enterprise Systems Administration: Design, implement and maintain a directory-based server infrastructure in a heterogeneous systems environment, Monitor server resource utilization for system reliability and availability, Install and administer network services (DNS/DHCP/TerminalServices/Clustering/Web/Email).

Unit 4:

Obtain the ability to manage and troubleshoot a network running multiple services, Understand the requirements of an enterprise network and how to go about managing them.

Unit 5:

Handle insecure exceptions and command/SQL injection, Defend web and mobile applications against attackers, software containing minimum vulnerabilities and flaws.

Unit 6:

Case study of DNS server, DHCP configuration and SQL injection attack.

References:

1. Theodor Richardson, Charles N Thies, Secure Software Design, Jones & Bartlett
2. Kenneth R. van Wyk, Mark G. Graff, Dan S. Peters, Diana L. Burley, Enterprise Software Security, Addison Wesley.

Course Code	MTCyS-PE6-20
Course Name	Advanced Machine Learning
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE

- To learn the concept of how to learn patterns and concepts from data without being explicitly programmed in various IOT nodes.
- To design and analyze various machine learning algorithms and techniques with a modern outlook focusing on recent advances.
- Explore supervised and unsupervised learning paradigms of machine learning.
- To explore Deep learning technique and various feature extraction strategies.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Extract features that can be used for a particular machine learning approach in various IOT applications.
- To compare and contrast pros and cons of various machine learning techniques and to get an insight of when to apply a particular machine learning approach.

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Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Supervised Learning (Regression/Classification): Basic methods: Distance-based methods, Nearest-Neighbours, Decision Trees, Naive Bayes Linear models: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Generalized Linear Models. Support Vector Machines, Nonlinearity and Kernel Methods. Beyond Binary Classification: Multi-class/Structured Outputs, Ranking

Unit 2:

Unsupervised Learning: Clustering: K-means/Kernel K-means. Dimensionality Reduction: PCA and kernel PCA. Matrix Factorization and Matrix Completion. Generative Models (mixture models and latent factor models)

Unit 3:

Evaluating Machine Learning algorithms and Model Selection, Introduction to Statistical Learning Theory, Ensemble Methods (Boosting, Bagging, Random Forests)

Unit 4:

Sparse Modeling and Estimation, Modeling Sequence/Time-Series Data, Deep Learning and Feature Representation Learning

Unit 5:

Scalable Machine Learning (Online and Distributed Learning) A selection from some other advanced topics, e.g., Semi-supervised Learning, Active Learning, Reinforcement Learning, Inference in Graphical Models, Introduction to Bayesian Learning and Inference

Unit 6:

Recent trends in various learning techniques of machine learning and classification methods for IOT applications. Various models for IOT applications.

References:

1. Kevin Murphy, Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, MIT Press, 2012
2. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer 2009 (freely available online)
3. Christopher Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2007.

Audit Courses:

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Course Code	MTEC-AU1-18
Course Name	English for research paper writing
Credits	0

COURSE OBJECTIVE

This course is to develop skills in effective English writing to communicate the research work

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course Students will be able to:

- Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
- Learn about what to write in each section
- Understand the skills needed when writing a Title
- Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

Unit 2

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticising, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts. Introduction

Unit 3

Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check.

Unit 4

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature.

Unit 5

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

Unit 6

Useful phrases, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

Recommended Books :

1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book.
4. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011.

Course Code	MTEC-AU1-18
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Course Name	Disaster Management
Credits	0

COURSE OBJECTIVE

This course is to develop skills in helping society during natural disasters and how to manage.

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course students will be able to:

- Learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1

Introduction: Disaster: Definition, Factors And Significance; Difference Between Hazard And Disaster; Natural And Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types And Magnitude.

Unit 2

Repercussions Of Disasters And Hazards: Economic Damage, Loss Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

Unit 3

Disaster Prone Areas In India Study Of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic And Coastal Hazards With Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases And Epidemics.

Unit 4

Disaster Preparedness And Management Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Or Hazard; Evaluation Of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data From Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental And Community Preparedness.

Unit 5

Risk Assessment Disaster Risk: Concept And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global And National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques Of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation In Risk Assessment And Warning, People's Participation In Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.

Unit 6

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Disaster Mitigation Meaning, Concept And Strategies Of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends In Mitigation. Structural Mitigation And Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs Of Disaster Mitigation In India.

Recommended Books :

1. R. Nishith, Singh AK, “Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies” New Royal book Company.
2. Sahni, Pardeep Et.Al. (Eds.),” Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections”, Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
3. Goel S. L. , Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies” ,Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Course Code	MTEC-AU1-18
Course Name	Sanskrit For Technical Knowledge
Credits	0

COURSE OBJECTIVE

This course is to develop

- A working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
- Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning
- Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power
- The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge knowledge from ancient literature

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course students will be able to

- Understanding basic Sanskrit language
- Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood
- Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1

Alphabets in Sanskrit, Past/Present/Future Tense, Simple Sentences.

Unit 2

Order, Introduction of roots, Technical information about Sanskrit Literature.

Unit 3

Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics

Recommended Books :

1. “Abhyaspustakam” – Dr.Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
2. “Teach Yourself Sanskrit” Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
3. “India’s Glorious Scientific Tradition” Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

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Course Code	MTEC-AU1-18
Course Name	Value Education
Credits	0

COURSE OBJECTIVE

This course is to develop

- Value of education and self- development
- Imbibe good values in students
- Let the should know about the importance of character

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of this course students will be able to

- Knowledge of self-development
- Learn the importance of Human values
- Developing the overall personality

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1

Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism, Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles, Value judgements.

Unit 2

Importance of cultivation of values, Sense of duty, Devotion, Self-reliance, Confidence, Concentration, Truthfulness, Cleanliness, Honesty, Humanity, Power of faith, National Unity, Patriotism, Love for nature, Discipline.

Unit 3

Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude, Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline, Punctuality, Love and Kindness, Avoid fault Thinking, Free from anger, Dignity of labour, Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance, True friendship, Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth, Aware of self-destructive habits, Association and Cooperation, Doing best for saving nature.

Unit 4

Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith, Self-management and Good health, Science of reincarnation, Equality, Nonviolence ,Humility, Role of Women, All religions and same message, Mind your Mind, Self-control, Honesty, Studying effectively.

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Recommended Books:

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

Laboratories

Course Code MTCyS-111-20

Course Name Advanced Data structures LAB

Credits: 02 **Hours: 04**

1. Implement List ADTs and their **operations**
2. Develop programs for sorting.
3. Develop programs for implementing trees and their traversal operations
4. Implement graph traversal algorithms.
5. Apply algorithm design techniques

Syllabus Contents:

Programs may be implemented using JAVA

Expt. 1:

WAP to store k keys into an array of size n at the location computed using a hash function, $loc = key \% n$, where $k \leq n$ and k takes values from $[1 \text{ to } m]$, $m > n$. To handle the collisions use the following collision resolution techniques:

- a. Linear probing
- b. Quadratic probing
- c. Double hashing/rehashing
- d. Chaining

Expt. 2:

WAP for Binary Search Tree to implement following operations:

- a. Insertion
- b. Deletion
 - Delete node with only child
 - Delete node with both children
- c. Finding an element
- d. Finding Min element
- e. Finding Max element
- f. Left child of the given node
- g. Right child of the given node
- h. Finding the number of nodes, leaves nodes, full nodes, ancestors, descendants.

Expt. 3:

WAP for AVL Tree to implement following operations: (For nodes as integers)

- a. Insertion: Test program for all cases (LL, RR, RL, LR rotation)
- b. Deletion: Test Program for all cases (R0, R1, R-1, L0, L1, L-1)
- c. Display: using set notation.

Expt. 4:

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WAP to implement Red-Black trees with insertion and deletion operation for the given input data as Integers/Strings

Expt. 5:

WAP to implement insertion, deletion, display and search operation in m-way B tree (i.e. a non-leaf node can have at most m children) for the given data as integers.

Expt. 6:

WAP that implements Kruskal's algorithm to generate minimum cost spanning tree

Expt. 7:

WAP to perform string matching using Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm for pattern matching.

Expt. 8:

WAP to perform string matching using Boyer-Moore algorithm.

Expt. 9:

WAP to implement 2-D range search over computational geometry problem

Expt. 10:

WAP on latest efficient algorithms on trees for solving contemporary problems.

Mini Project:

Student has to do a project assigned from course contents in a group of two or three students. The team will have to demonstrate as well as have to give a presentation of the same.

Course Code **MTCyS-112-20**
Course Name **ElectiveBased LAB**
Credits: 02 **Hours: 04**

ELECTIVE – I

System and Network Security

Objectives:

The main objective is to get knowledge in Configuring DNS Server ,Detecting malicious codes and analysing networks through tools ,implementing various Encryption algorithms

Outcomes:

- Students will get the knowledge in detection ,protection of Intrusions ,malicious codes
- It gives an opportunity to students to get awareness on DNS server, webcrawler, encryption the level of security required for a system in Intranet ,Internet ,cellular networks

List of Experiments:

1. Write a procedure to Logon and Logoff to linux in both Text mode and graphical mode.
2. Configure a DNS Server with a domain name of your choice.
3. Configure FTP on Linux Server. Transfer files to demonstrate the working of the same.
4. Detection of Malicious Code in Registry and Task Manager
5. Checking for rootkits existence in windows.
6. Extracting website map using sam spade (any web crawler)
7. Techniques to stop web crawler
8. Sniff the network traffic while performing port scanning using Nmap.
9. Perform port scanning on Metasploitable 2 vulnerable VM

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10. Install JCrypt tool (or any other equivalent) and demonstrate Asymmetric, Symmetric crypto algorithm, Hash and Digital/PKI signatures studied in theory Network Security and Management.
11. Write a client-server program where client sends a text message to server and server sends the text message to client by changing the case (uppercase and lowercase) of each character in the message.
12. Write a client-server program to implement following classical encryption techniques: (I) Caesar cipher (II) Transposition cipher (III) Row substitution cipher (IV) Hill cipher

Ethical Hacking Lab:

Objectives:

1. The aim of the course is to introduce the methodologies framework tools of ethical hacking to get awareness in enhancing the security
2. To get knowledge on various attacks and their detection

Outcomes:

1. Gain the knowledge of the use and availability of tools to support an ethical hack
2. Gain the knowledge of interpreting the results of a controlled attack

List of Experiments:

1. Setup a honey pot and monitor the honey pot on network
2. Write a script or code to demonstrate SQL injection attacks
3. Create a social networking website login page using phishing techniques
4. Write a code to demonstrate DoS attacks
5. Install rootkits and study variety of options
6. Study of Techniques uses for Web Based Password Capturing.
7. Install jcrypt tool (or any other equivalent) and demonstrate Asymmetric, Symmetric Crypto algorithm, Hash and Digital/PKI signatures studied in theory Network Security And Management
8. Implement Passive scanning, active scanning, session hijacking, cookies extraction using Burp suit tool

Intrusion Detection

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects.

ELECTIVE – II

Secure Software Design and Enterprise Computing Lab:

Case Study Analysis:

Based on a real-life situation, for example an armed intervention, a stock market crash or a cyber attack, the students are tasked with a strategic analysis of given problem. In particular, the students are to develop specific criteria and conduct an assessment of the problem as follows:

1. Understanding and documenting types of cyber attacks.

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2. Analyzing and mitigating collected data after a cyber attack has occurred.
3. Creating a cyber risk assessment and mitigation Plan.

For case analysis, consider the following proposed process: Read the situation carefully and consider the key issues. Determine which aspects are the most important to consider. For each aspect/area of importance identified, do the following:

4. Identify key/relevant/critical items and compile facts.
5. Identify problems, elements for more in depth analysis and record in comparative matrices.
6. Consider and document the actions that should be taken to correct the particular negative impacts into positive or negligible outcomes.
7. Determine the positive or negative impact that each item will have against one and another by evaluating the effect of these collective impacts. Be sure to discuss the positive and negative influences caused by their collective interactions

Advanced Machine Learning lab

List of Experiments:

Programs may be implemented using PYTHON

Expt. 1:

Study of platform for Implementation of Assignments. Download the open source software of your interest. Document the distinct features and functionality of the software platform.

Expt. 2:

Supervised Learning – Regression Generate a proper 2-D data set of N points. Split the data set into Training Data set and Test Data set.

- i) Perform linear regression analysis with Least Squares Method.
- ii) Plot the graphs for Training MSE and Test MSE and comment on Curve Fitting and Generalization Error.
- iii) Verify the Effect of Data Set Size and Bias-Variance Trade off.
- iv) Apply Cross Validation and plot the graphs for errors.
- v) Apply Subset Selection Method and plot the graphs for errors. Describe your findings in each case.

Expt. 3:

Supervised Learning – Classification Implement Naïve Bayes Classifier and K-Nearest Neighbour Classifier on Data set of your choice. Test and Compare for Accuracy and Precision.

Expt. 4:

Unsupervised Learning Implement K-Means Clustering and Hierarchical clustering on proper data set of your choice. Compare their Convergence.

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Expt. 5:

Dimensionality Reduction Principal Component Analysis-Finding Principal Components, Variance and Standard Deviation calculations of principal components.

Expt. 6:

Supervised Learning and Kernel Methods Design, Implement SVM for classification with proper data set of your choice. Comment on Design and Implementation for Linearly non-separable Dataset.

Mini Project:

Student has to do a project assigned from course contents in a group of two or three students. The team will have to demonstrate as well as have to give a presentation of the same.

Security Assessment & Risk Analysis Lab

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects.

SECOND SEMESTER

M. Tech (Cyber Security)

Course Code	MTCyS-103-20
Course Name	Malware Analysis & Reverse Engg.
Credits	3

COURSEOBJECTIVE The objective of this course is to provide an insight to fundamentals of malware analysis which includes analysis of JIT compilers for malware detection in legitimate code. DNS filtering and reverse engineering is included

COURSEOUTCOMES On completion of the course the student should be able to

- To understand the concept of malware and reverse engineering.
- Implement tools and techniques of malware analysis.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1: Unit 1: Fundamentals of Malware Analysis (MA), Reverse Engineering Malware (REM) Methodology, Brief Overview of Malware analysis lab setup and configuration, Introduction to key MA tools and techniques, Behavioral Analysis vs. Code Analysis, Resources for Reverse-Engineering Malware (REM) Understanding Malware Threats, Malware indicators, Malware Classification,

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Examining ClamAVSignatures, Creating Custom ClamAV Databases, Using YARA to Detect Malware Capabilities, Creating a Controlled and Isolated Laboratory, Introduction to MA Sandboxes, Ubuntu, Zeltser'sREMnux, SANS SIFT, Sandbox Setup and Configuration New Course Form, Routing TCP/IP Connections, Capturing and Analyzing Network Traffic, Internet simulation using INetSim, Using Deep Freeze to Preserve Physical Systems, Using FOG for Cloning and Imaging Disks, Using MySQL Database to Automate FOG Tasks, Introduction to Python ,Introduction to x86 Intel assembly language, Scanners: Virus Total, Jotti, and NoVirus Thanks, Analyzers: Threat Expert, CWSandbox, Anubis, Joebox, Dynamic Analysis Tools: Process Monitor, Regshot, HandleDiff, Analysis Automation Tools: Virtual Box, VM Ware, Python , Other Analysis Tools

Unit 2:

Malware Forensics Using TSK for Network and Host Discoveries, Using Microsoft Offline API to Registry Discoveries , Identifying Packers using PEiD, Registry Forensics with Reg Ripper Plu-gins;, Bypassing Poison Ivy's Locked Files, Bypassing Conficker's File System ACL Restrictions, Detecting Rogue PKI Certificates

Unit 3: Malware and Kernel Debugging Opening and Attaching to Processes, Configuration of JIT Debugger for Shellcode Analysis, Controlling Program Execution, Setting and Catching Breakpoints, Debugging with Python Scripts and Py Commands, DLL Export Enumeration, Execution, and Debugging, Debugging a VMware Workstation Guest (on Windows), Debugging a Parallels Guest (on Mac OS X). Introduction to WinDbg Commands and Controls, Detecting Rootkits with WinDbgScripts, Kernel Debugging with IDA Pro.

Unit 4:

Memory Forensics and Volatility Memory Dumping with MoonSols Windows Memory Toolkit, Accessing VM Memory Files Overview of Volatility, Investigating Processes in Memory Dumps, Code Injection and Extraction, Detecting and Capturing Suspicious Loaded DLLs, Finding Artifacts in Process Memory, Identifying Injected Code with Malfind and YARA..

Unit 5:

:Researching and Mapping Source Domains/IPs Using WHOIS to Research Domains, DNS Hostname Resolution, Querying Passive DNS, Checking DNS Records, Reverse IP Search New Course Form, Creating Static Maps, Creating Interactive Maps.

Unit 6:

Case study of Finding Artifacts in Process Memory, Identifying Injected Code with Malfind and YARA

References: Michael Sikorski, Andrew Honig "Practical Malware Analysis: The Hands-On Guide to Dissecting Malicious Software" publisher Williampollock

Course Code	MTCyS-104-20
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Course Name	Soft Computing
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Identify and describe soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines.
- Apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve various engineering problems.
- Apply genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems.
- Design the genetic algorithms for various applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

- Identify and describe soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines.
- Apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve various engineering problems.
- Apply genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems.
- Evaluate and compare solutions by various soft computing approaches for a given problem.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

INTRODUCTION TO SOFT COMPUTING AND NEURAL NETWORKS: Evolution of Computing: Soft Computing Constituents, From Conventional AI to Computational Intelligence: Machine Learning Basics.

Unit 2:

FUZZY LOGIC: Fuzzy Sets, Operations on Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy Relations, Membership Functions: Fuzzy Rules and Fuzzy Reasoning, Fuzzy Inference Systems, Fuzzy Expert Systems, Fuzzy Decision Making.

Unit 3:

NEURAL NETWORKS: Machine Learning Using Neural Network, Adaptive Networks, Feed forward Networks, Supervised Learning Neural Networks, Radial Basis Function Networks : Reinforcement Learning, Unsupervised Learning Neural Networks, Adaptive Resonance architectures, Advances in Neural networks.

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Unit 4:

GENETIC ALGORITHMS: Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA), Applications of GA in Machine Learning: Machine Learning Approach to Knowledge Acquisition.

Unit 5:

Matlab/Python Lib: Introduction to Matlab/Python, Arrays and array operations, Functions and Files, Study of neural network toolbox and fuzzy logic toolbox, Simple implementation of Artificial Neural Network and Fuzzy Logic.

Unit 6:

Recent Trends in deep learning, various classifiers, neural networks and genetic algorithm. Implementation of recently proposed soft computing techniques.

References:

1. Jyh:Shing Roger Jang, Chuen:Tsai Sun, Eiji Mizutani, Neuro:Fuzzy and Soft Computing, Prentice:Hall of India, 2003.
2. George J. Klir and Bo Yuan, Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic: Theory and Applications, Prentice Hall, 1995.
3. MATLAB Toolkit Manual

Course Code	MTCyS-PE7-20
Course Name	Cryptography
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The objective of the course is to make Understand protocol goals and Familiarize protocols for key establishment, authentication etc.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of course, students would be:

1. Identify the security issues in the network and resolve it.
2. Analyze the vulnerabilities in any computing system and hence be able to design a security solution.
3. Evaluate security mechanisms using rigorous approaches by key ciphers and Hash functions.
4. Demonstrate various network security applications, IPSec, Firewall, IDS, Web Security, Email Security and Malicious software etc.,

Syllabus Contents:

Unit1:

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Goals for authentication and Key Establishment: Basic Goals , Enhanced Goals, Goals concerning compromised Keys, Formal Verification of Protocols, Complexity Theoretic Proofs of Security.

Unit 2:

Protocols Using Shared Key Cryptography: Entity Authentication Protocols- Bellare-Rogaway, Woo-Lam. Authentication Protocol. Server-Less Key Establishment, Andrew Secure RPC Protocol, Boyd Two-Pass.

Unit 3:

Server-Based Key Establishment-Needham-Schroeder Shared Key Protocol, Otway-Rees ,Kerberos, Key Establishment Using Multiple Servers-Gong's Multiple Server, Zero Knowledge interactive proofs.

Unit 4:

Protocols Using Public Key Cryptography: Key Transport Protocols: Needham-Schroeder Public Key Protocol, TLS Protocol. Key Agreement Protocols: Key Control, Unknown Key-Share Attacks.

Unit 5:

Classes of Key Agreement: Diffie-Hellman Key Agreement, MTI Protocols, Diffie-Hellman-Based Protocols with Basic Message Format: (MQV, Yacobi's) with Enhanced Message Format(Oakley, SKEME,IKE). ID based encryption schemes: Shamir's encryption and signature schemes, Okamoto's scheme, Gunther's scheme, Girault's scheme. Secret Sharing: Threshold Secret Sharing Schemes, secret sharing based on access structures.

Unit 6:

Conference Key Protocols: Generalizing Diffie-Hellman Key Agreement: Ingemarsson Tang-Wong Key Agreement, Perrig's Generalised Diffie- Hellman, Becker and Wille's Octopus Protocol. Conference Key Agreement Protocols: Authenticated GDH Protocols, Conference Key Transport Protocols: Burmester-Desmedt Star and Tree Protocols, Key Broadcasting Protocols.

References:

1. Collin Boyd and Anish Mathuria, "Protocols for Authentication and Key Establishment", Springer; 2010.
2. Abhijith Das and C.E. Veni Madhavan, "Public-key Cryptography, Theory and Practice", Pearson Education, 2004.
3. Alfred J. Menezes, Paul C. Van Oorschot and Scott A. Vanstone, "Handbook of Applied Cryptography", CRC Press, 1996

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects.

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Course Code	MTCyS-PE8-20
Course Name	Steganography & Digital Watermarking
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn about the watermarking models and message coding
- To learn about watermark security and authentication.
- To learn about steganography. Perceptual models

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of course, students would be:

- Understand the concept of information hiding.
- Apply current techniques of steganography and learn how to detect and extract hidden information.
- Implement watermarking techniques and through examples understand the concept.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

INTRODUCTION: Information Hiding, Steganography and Watermarking – History of watermarking – Importance of digital watermarking – Applications – Properties – Evaluating watermarking systems. WATERMARKING MODELS & MESSAGE CODING: Notation – Communications – Communication based models – Geometric models – Mapping messages into message vectors – Error correction coding – Detecting multi-symbol watermarks.

Unit 2:

WATERMARKING WITH SIDE INFORMATION & ANALYZING ERRORS: Informed Embedding – Informed Coding – Structured dirty-paper codes – Message errors – False positive errors – False negative errors – ROC curves – Effect of whitening on error rates.

Unit 3:

PERCEPTUAL MODELS: Evaluating perceptual impact – General form of a perceptual model – Examples of perceptual models – Robust watermarking approaches – Redundant Embedding, Spread Spectrum Coding, Embedding in Perceptually significant coefficients.

Unit 4:

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WATERMARK SECURITY & AUTHENTICATION: Security requirements – Watermark security and cryptography – Attacks – Exact authentication – Selective authentication – Localization – Restoration.

Unit 5:

STEGANOGRAPHY: Steganography communication – Notation and terminology – Information theoretic foundations of steganography – Practical steganographic methods – Minimizing the embedding impact – Steganalysis

References:

1. Ingemar J. Cox, Matthew L. Miller, Jeffrey A. Bloom, Jessica Fridrich, Ton Kalker, “Digital Watermarking and Steganography”, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, New York, 2008.
2. Ingemar J. Cox, Matthew L. Miller, Jeffrey A. Bloom, “Digital Watermarking”, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, New York, 2003.
3. Michael Arnold, Martin Schmucker, Stephen D. Wolthusen, “Techniques and Applications of Digital Watermarking and Content Protection”, Artech House, London, 2003.
4. Juergen Seits, “Digital Watermarking for Digital Media”, IDEA Group Publisher, New York, 2005.
5. Peter Wayner, “Disappearing Cryptography – Information Hiding: Steganography & Watermarking”, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, New York, 2002.

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects

Course Code	MTCyS-PE9-20
Course Name	Information Theory & Coding
Credits	3

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of course, students would be:

- Apply information theory and linear algebra in source coding and channel coding
- Analyze the performance of error control codes
- Implement various error control techniques for Convolution codes

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

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Coding for Reliable Digital Transmission and storage: Mathematical model of Information, A Logarithmic Measure of Information, Average and Mutual Information and Entropy, Types of Errors, Error Control Strategies. Linear Block Codes: Introduction to Linear Block Codes, Syndrome and Error Detection, Minimum Distance of a Block code, Error-Detecting and Error-correcting Capabilities of a Block code, Standard array and Syndrome Decoding, Probability of an undetected error for Linear Codes over a BSC, Hamming Codes. Applications of Block codes for Error control in data storage system

Unit 2:

Cyclic Codes :Description, Generator and Parity-check Matrices, Encoding, Syndrome Computation and Error Detection, Decoding ,Cyclic Hamming Codes, Shortened cyclic codes, Error-trapping decoding for cyclic codes, Majority logic decoding for cyclic codes.

Unit 3:

Convolutional Codes: Encoding of Convolutional Codes, Structural and Distance Properties, maximum likelihood decoding, Sequential decoding, Majority- logic decoding of Convolution codes. Application of Viterbi Decoding and Sequential Decoding, Applications of Convolutional codes in ARQ system.

Unit 4:

Turbo Codes: LDPC Codes- Codes based on sparse graphs, Decoding for binary erasure channel, Log-likelihood algebra, Brief propagation, Product codes, Iterative decoding of product codes, Concatenated convolutional codes- Parallel concatenation, The UMTS Turbo code, Serial concatenation, Parallel concatenation, Turbo decoding

Unit 5:

Space-Time Codes: Introduction, Digital modulation schemes, Diversity, Orthogonal space- Time Block codes, Alamouti's schemes, Extension to more than Two Transmit Antennas, Simulation Results, Spatial Multiplexing : General Concept, Iterative APP Preprocessing and Per-layer Decoding, Linear Multilayer Detection, Original BLAST Detection, QL Decomposition and Interface Cancellation, Performance of Multi – Layer Detection Schemes, Unified Description by Linear Dispersion Codes.

Text Books:

1. Shu Lin, Daniel J. Costello, Jr, "Error Control Coding- Fundamentals and Applications", Prentice Hall, Inc.
2. Man Young Rhee, "Error Correcting Coding Theory", 1989, McGraw-Hill

Reference Books:

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3. Bernard Sklar, "Digital Communications-Fundamental and Application", PE.
4. John G. Proakis, "Digital Communications", 5 th Edition, 2008, TMH.
5. Salvatore Gravano, "Introduction to Error Control Codes", Oxford
6. Todd K.Moon, "Error Correction Coding – Mathematical Methods and Algorithms", 2006, Wiley India.
7. Ranjan Bose, "Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography", 2nd Edition, 2009, TMH.

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects

Course Code	MTCyS-PE10-20
Course Name	Secure Coding
Credits	3

Course Objectives:

Understand the most frequent programming errors leading to software vulnerabilities. Identify and analyse security problems in software. Understand and protect against security threats and software vulnerabilities. Effectively apply their knowledge to the construction of secure software systems.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course, students would be able to:

1. Develop skills in using security-oriented software techniques
2. Design and develop security architecture for an organization.
3. Design operational and strategic cyber security strategies and policies

Unit 1:

Software Security: Security Concepts, Security Policy, Security Flaws, Vulnerabilities, Exploitation and Mitigations. Software Security problems, Classification of Vulnerabilities. Security Analysis: Problem Solving with static analysis: Type Checking, Style Checking, Program understanding, verifications and property checking, Bug finding and Security Review.

Unit 2:

Strings: Common String manipulating Errors, String Vulnerabilities and Exploits, Mitigation Strategies for strings, String handling functions, Runtime protecting strategies, Notable Vulnerabilities. Integer Security: Integer data Type, Integer Conversions, Integer Operations, Integer Vulnerabilities, Mitigation Strategies.

Unit 3:

Handling Inputs: What to validate, How to validate, Preventing metadata Vulnerabilities, Buffer Overflow: Introduction, Exploiting buffer overflow vulnerabilities, Buffer allocation strategies, Tracking buffer sizes, buffer overflow in strings, Buffer overflow in Integers Runtime Protections. Errors and Exceptions: Handling Error with return code, Managing exceptions, Preventing Resource leaks, Logging and debugging

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Unit 4:

Web Applications: Input and Output Validation for the Web: Expect That the Browser Has Been Subverted, HTTP Considerations: Use POST, Not GET, Request Ordering, Error Handling, Request Provenance Maintaining Session State: Use Strong Session Identifiers, Enforce a Session Idle Timeout and a Maximum Session Lifetime, Begin a New Session upon Authentication.

Books/References:

1. Seacord, R. C., Secure Coding in C and C++, Addison Wisley for Software Engineering Institute, 2nd edition, 2013.
2. Chess, B., and West, J., Secure Programming with static Analysis, Addison Wisley Software Security Series, 2007.
3. Seacord, R. C., The CERT C Secure Coding Standard, Pearson Education, 2009. 4. Howard, M., LeBlanc, D., Writing Secure Code, 2nd Edition. Pearson Education, 2002.

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects

Course Code	MTCyS-PE11-20
Course Name	Data Encryption & Compression
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will cover the concept of security, types of attack experienced, encryption and authentication for deal with attacks, what is data compression, need and techniques of data compression

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of course, students would be:

- Implement text, audio and video compression techniques.
- Understand Symmetric and Asymmetric Key Cryptography schemes.
- Understand network security.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Introduction to Security: Need for security, Security approaches, Principles of security, Types of attacks. Encryption Techniques: Plaintext, Cipher text, Substitution & Transposition techniques, Encryption & Decryption, Types of attacks, Key range & Size.

Unit 2:

Symmetric & Asymmetric Key Cryptography: Algorithm types & Modes, DES, IDEA, Differential & Linear Cryptanalysis, RSA, Symmetric & Asymmetric key together, Digital signature, Knapsack

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algorithm. User Authentication Mechanism: Authentication basics, Passwords, Authentication tokens, Certificate based & Biometric authentication, Firewall

Unit 3:

Case Studies Of Cryptography: Denial of service attacks, IP spoofing attacks, Secure inter branch payment transactions, Conventional Encryption and Message Confidentiality, Conventional Encryption Principles, Conventional Encryption Algorithms, Location of Encryption Devices, Key Distribution. Public Key Cryptography and Message Authentication: Approaches to Message Authentication, SHA-1, MD5, Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Digital, Signatures, Key Management.

Unit 4:

Introduction: Need for data compression, Fundamental concept of data compression & coding, Communication model, Compression ratio, Requirements of data compression, Classification. Methods of Data Compression: Data compression-- Loss less & Lossy.

Unit 5:

Entropy encoding-- Repetitive character encoding, Run length encoding, Zero/Blank encoding; Statistical encoding-- Huffman, Arithmetic & Lempel-Ziv coding; Source encoding-- Vector quantization (Simple vector quantization & with error term); Differential encoding—Predictive coding, Differential pulse code modulation, Delta modulation, Adaptive differential pulse code modulation; Transform based coding: Discrete cosine transform & JPEG standards; Fractal compression.

Unit 6:

Recent trends in encryption and data compression techniques.

References:

1. Cryptography and Network Security by B. Forouzan, McGraw-Hill.
2. The Data Compression Book by Nelson, BPB.
3. Cryptography & Network Security by AtulKahate, TMH.

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects

Course Code	MTCyS-PE12-20
Course Name	Biometrics
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

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The objective of this course is to introduce Bio-metric and traditional authentication methods. Application of bio-metric systems in government sector and various face recognition and finger print recognition methods are included.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of course, students would be:

- Apply biometric matching for identification
- Identify algorithms for finger biometric technology
- Apply facial biometrics for identification.
- Apply iris biometric, voice biometric, physiological biometrics etc. for identification

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Introduction and Definitions of bio-metrics, Traditional authenticated methods and technologies.

Unit 2:

Bio-metric technologies: Fingerprint, Face, Iris, Hand Geometry, Gait Recognition, Ear, Voice, Palm print, On-Line Signature Verification, 3D Face Recognition, Dental Identification and DNA.

Unit 3:

The Law and the use of multi bio-metrics systems.

Unit 4:

Statistical measurement of Bio-metric. Bio-metrics in Government Sector and Commercial Sector.

Unit 5:

Case Studies of bio-metric system, Bio-metric Transaction. Bio-metric System Vulnerabilities

Unit 6:

Recent trends in Bio-metric technologies and applications in various domains. Case study of 3D face recognition and DNA matching.

References:

1. Biometrics for network security, Paul Reid, Hand book of Pearson
2. D. Maltoni, D. Maio, A. K. Jain, and S. Prabhakar, Handbook of Fingerprint Recognition, Springer Verlag, 2003.
A. K. Jain, R. Bolle, S. Pankanti (Eds.), BIOMETRICS: Personal Identification in Networked Society, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1999.
3. J. Wayman, A.K. Jain, D. Maltoni, and D. Maio (Eds.), Biometric Systems: Technology, Design and Performance Evaluation, Springer, 2004.
4. Anil Jain, Arun A. Ross, Karthik Nanda kumar, Introduction to biometric, Springer, 2011.

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5. Biometric Systems: Technology, Design and Performance Evaluation, J. Wayman, A.K. Jain, D. Maltoni, and D. Maio

List of experiments will be decided by the instructor based on current research trends / ongoing projects

Course Code	MTCyS-113-20
Course Name	Malware Analysis & Reverse Engineering LAB
Credits	2

Syllabus Contents:

Expt 1.

Build an isolated, controlled laboratory environment for analyzing the code and behavior of malicious programs.

Expt 2.

Employ network and system-monitoring tools to examine how malware interacts with the file system, registry, network, and other processes in a Windows environment.

Expt 3.

Uncover and analyze malicious JavaScript and VBScript components of web pages, which are often used by exploit kits for drive-by attacks.

Expt 4.

Control relevant aspects of the malicious program's behavior through network traffic interception and code patching to perform effective malware analysis.

Expt 5.

Use a disassembler and a debugger to examine the inner workings of malicious Windows executables.

Expt 6.

Bypass a variety of packers and other defensive mechanisms designed by malware authors to misdirect, confuse, and otherwise slow down the analyst.

Expt 7.

Recognize and understand common assembly-level patterns in malicious code, such as DLL injection and anti-analysis measures.

Expt 8.

Assess the threat associated with malicious documents, such as PDF and Microsoft Office files, in the context of targeted attacks.

Expt 9.

Derive Indicators of Compromise from malicious executables to perform incident response triage.

Expt 10.

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Utilize practical memory forensics techniques to examine the capabilities of rootkits and other malicious program types.

Expt 11.

Analyzing protected malicious browser scripts written in JavaScript and VBScript.

Expt 12.

Write a Reverse-engineering malicious Flash program for given drive-by attacks.

Course Code	MTCyS-114-20
Course Name	Soft Computing LAB
Credits	2

Syllabus Contents:

Expt. 1:

Write a program to simulate a perceptron network for pattern classification and function approximation.

Expt. 2:

Write a program to solve a XOR function using feed-forward neural network trained using back-propagation algorithm.

Expt. 3:

Write a program to implement adaptive noise cancellation using ADALINE neural network.

Expt. 4:

Given the region to be de-fuzzified, write programs to discuss the various methods that might be chosen.

Expt. 5:

Implementation of simple Over Current Relay using fuzzy logic.

Expt. 6:

Simulation and comparison of fuzzy PID controller with conventional PID controller for a given plant.

Expt. 7:

Solve optimal relay coordination as a linear programming problem using Genetic Algorithm.

Expt. 8:

Solve optimal relay coordination as a non-Linear programming problem using Genetic algorithm.

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Expt. 9:

Solve economic load dispatch problem using Genetic algorithm.

Expt. 10:

Write a program to simulate a perceptron network for pattern classification and function approximation.

THIRD SEMESTER

M. Tech (Cyber Security)

Course Code	MTCyS-PE13-20
Course Name	Blockchain Technology
Credits	3

Course Objectives:

- To introduce blockchain technology.
- To discuss about bit coin cryptocurrency system.
- To impart knowledge about building and deploying blockchain applications.
- To facilitate learning of using blockchain for applications other than cryptocurrency.
- To explore platforms such as Ethereum, Hyperledger Fabric to build applications on blockchain.

Course Outcome:

Upon completing this course, students will be able to:

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- Understand the fundamentals of Blockchain technology.
- Describe the working of bit coin cryptocurrency and models of blockchain.
- Build and deploy blockchain application for on premise and cloud based architecture.
- Integrate ideas from various domains and implement them using blockchain technology in different perspectives.
- Design smart contract using Ethereum and Hyperledger Fabric frameworks.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1

Introduction: Overview of Blockchain, Public Ledgers, Bitcoin, Smart Contracts, Block in a Blockchain, Transactions, Distributed Consensus, Public vs Private Blockchain, Understanding Cryptocurrency to Blockchain, Permissioned Model of Blockchain, Overview of Security aspects of Blockchain,

Basic Crypto Terminologies: Cryptographic Hash Function, Properties of a hash function, Hash pointer and Merkle tree, Digital Signature, Public Key Cryptography. Need for Distributed Record Keeping, Modelling faults and adversaries, Byzantine Generals problem, Consensus algorithms and their scalability problems, Why Nakamoto Came up with Blockchain based cryptocurrency?

Unit 2

Bitcoin and Blockchain: Creation of coins, Payments and double spending, Bitcoin Scripts, Bitcoin P2P Network, Transaction in Bitcoin Network, Block Mining, Block propagation and block relay. Mathematical analysis for properties of Bitcoin. Challenges, and solutions

Consensus in Bitcoin: Distributed consensus in open environments, Consensus in a Bitcoin network, Hashcash PoW, Bitcoin PoW, Attacks on PoW and the monopoly problem, Proof of Stake, Proof of Burn and Proof of Elapsed Time, The life of a Bitcoin Miner, Mining Difficulty, Mining Pool.

Unit 3

Permissioned Blockchain: Permissioned model and use cases, Design issues for Permissioned blockchains, Execute contracts, State machine replication, Overview of Consensus models for permissioned blockchain - Distributed consensus in closed environment, Paxos, RAFT Consensus, Byzantine general problem, Byzantine fault tolerant system, Lamport-Shostak-Pease BFT Algorithm, BFT over Asynchronous systems.

Unit 4

Enterprise Application of Blockchain: Cross border payments, Know Your Customer (KYC), Food Security, Mortgage over Blockchain, Blockchain enabled Trade, We Trade — Trade Finance Network, Supply Chain Financing, Identity on Blockchain

Unit 5

Hyperledger Fabric: Architecture, Identities and Policies, Membership and Access Control, Channels, Transaction Validation, Writing smart contract using Hyperledger Fabric, Writing smart contract using Ethereum, Overview of Ripple and Corda, Applications of Blockchain in cyber

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security, E-Governance, etc. Limitations of Blockchain as a technology, myths vs. reality of Blockchain technology.

Text Books/Suggested Reading:

1. Melanie Swan, “Blockchain: Blueprint for a New Economy”, O’Reilly, 2015.
2. Andreas Antonopoulos, “Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies”, O’Reilly, 2014.
3. S.Shukla, M. Dhawan, S. Sharma, S. Venkatesan, “Blockchain Technology: Cryptocurrency and Applications”, Oxford University Press, 2019.
4. Arvind Narayanan et al., “Bitcoin and cryptocurrency technologies: a comprehensive introduction” Princeton University Press, 2016.
5. Iran Bashir “Mastering Blockchain”, Second Edition Paperback, 2018.
6. Daniel Drescher, “Blockchain Basics”, First Edition, Apress, 2017.
7. Ritesh Modi, “Solidity Programming Essentials: A Beginner’s Guide to Build Smart Contracts for Ethereum and Blockchain”, Packt Publishing.

Course Code	MTCyS-PE14-20
Course Name	Data Security and Access Control
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The objective of the course is to provide fundamentals of database security. Various access control techniques mechanisms were introduced along with application areas of access control techniques.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of course, students would be:

- In this course, the students will be enabled to understand and implement classical models and algorithms
- They will learn how to analyse the data, identify the problems, and choose the relevant models and algorithms to apply.
- They will further be able to assess the strengths and weaknesses of various access control models and to analyse their behaviour.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit1:

Introduction to Access Control, Purpose and fundamentals of access control, brief history, Policies of Access Control, Models of Access Control, and Mechanisms, Discretionary Access Control (DAC),

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Non- Discretionary Access Control, Mandatory Access Control (MAC). Capabilities and Limitations of Access Control Mechanisms: Access Control List (ACL) and Limitations, Capability List and Limitations.

Unit 2:

Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) and Limitations, Core RBAC, Hierarchical RBAC, Statically Constrained RBAC, Dynamically Constrained RBAC, Limitations of RBAC. Comparing RBAC to DAC and MAC Access control policy.

Unit 3:

Biba's integrity model, Clark-Wilson model, Domain type enforcement model, mapping the enterprise view to the system view, Role hierarchies- inheritance schemes, hierarchy structures and inheritance forms, using SoD in real system Temporal Constraints in RBAC, MAC AND DAC. Integrating RBAC with enterprise IT infrastructures: RBAC for WFMSs, RBAC for UNIX and JAVA environments Case study: Multi line Insurance Company

Unit 4:

Smart Card based Information Security, Smart card operating system fundamentals, design and implantation principles, memory organization, smart card files, file management, atomic operation, smart card data transmission ATR, PPS Security techniques- user identification, smart card security, quality assurance and testing, smart card life cycle-5 phases, smart card terminals.

Unit 5:

Recent trends in Database security and access control mechanisms. Case study of Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) systems.

Unit 6:

Recent Trends related to data security management, vulnerabilities in different DBMS.

References:

1. Role Based Access Control: David F. Ferraiolo, D. Richard Kuhn, Ramaswamy Chandramouli.
2. <http://www.smartcard.co.uk/tutorials/sct-itsc.pdf> : Smart Card Tutorial.

Course Code	MTCyS-PE15-20
Course Name	Big Data Analytics
Credits	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Understand big data for business intelligence.

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- Learn business case studies for big data analytics.
- Understand nosql big data management.
- Perform map-reduce analytics using Hadoop and related tool

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Identify Big Data and its Business Implications.
- Develop Big Data Solutions using Hadoop Eco System .
- Analyze Infosphere BigInsights Big Data Recommendations.
- Apply Machine Learning Techniques using R. Perform map-reduce analytics using Hadoop

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

What is big data, why big data, convergence of key trends, unstructured data, industry examples of big data, web analytics, big data and marketing, fraud and big data, risk and big data, credit risk management, big data and algorithmic trading, big data and healthcare, big data in medicine, advertising and big data, big data technologies, introduction to Hadoop, open source technologies, cloud and big data, mobile business intelligence, Crowd sourcing analytics, inter and trans firewall analytics

Unit 2:

Introduction to NoSQL, aggregate data models, aggregates, key-value and document data models, relationships, graph databases, schemaless databases, materialized views, distribution models, sharding, master-slave replication, peer-peer replication, sharding and replication, consistency, relaxing consistency, version stamps, map-reduce, partitioning and combining, composing map-reduce calculations.

Unit 3: Data format, analyzing data with Hadoop, scaling out, Hadoop streaming, Hadoop pipes, design of Hadoop distributed file system (HDFS), HDFS concepts, Java interface, data flow, Hadoop I/O, data integrity, compression, serialization, Avro, file-based data structure

Unit 4:

MapReduce workflows, unit tests with MRUnit, test data and local tests, anatomy of MapReduce job run, classic Map-reduce, YARN, failures in classic Map-reduce and YARN, job scheduling, shuffle and sort, task execution, MapReduce types, input formats, output format.

Unit 5:

Hbase, data model and implementations, Hbase clients, Hbase examples, praxis.Cassandra, Cassandra data model, Cassandra examples, Cassandra clients, Hadoop integration.

Unit 6:

Pig, Grunt, pig data model, Pig Latin, developing and testing Pig Latin scripts. Hive, data types and file formats, HiveQL data definition, HiveQL data manipulation, HiveQL queries.

References:

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1. Michael Minelli, Michelle Chambers, and AmbigaDhiraj, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", Wiley, 2013.
2. P. J. Sadalage and M. Fowler, "NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2012.
3. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", Third Edition, O'Reilley, 2012.
4. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations", O'Reilley, 2012.
5. E. Capriolo, D. Wampler, and J. Rutherglen, "Programming Hive", O'Reilley, 2012.
6. Lars George, "HBase: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2011.
7. Eben Hewitt, "Cassandra: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilley, 2010.
8. Alan Gates, "Programming Pig", O'Reilley, 2011.