I K G PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY KAPURTHALA

Scheme and Syllabus of Masters in Business Administration (MBA Executive)

Batch 2015 onwards

By Board of Studies Business Administration

Semeste	r - 1							
CODE		Load Allocation			Marks			
CODE	DDE COURSE TITLE		т	Ρ	Int.	Ext.	Total	Credits
MBX 101	Practices of Modern Management	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 102	Managing the Human Dimension - I	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 103	Managing the Financial Dimension - I	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 104	Managing the Economic Dimension	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 105	Customer, Competition & Environment	2	-	-	50	-	50	2
MBX 106	Seminar on Ethics, Human Values& CSR	1	-	2	50	-	50	2
MBX 107	Workshop on Communication for Professionals	1	-	2	100	-	100	2
MBX 108	End Semester Viva	-	-	-	0	50	50	2
	Total	12	4	4	360	290	650	20

Scheme MBA Executive

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Semester - 2								
CODE		Load Allocation		Marks				
CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	т	Р	Int.	Ext.	Total	Credits
MBX 201	Statistics for Business Decisions	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 202	Managing the Marketing Dimension	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 203	Managing the Operations & Quality Dimension	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 204	Managing the Human Dimension – II	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 205	Seminar on Team Building & Leadership	1	-	2	50	-	50	2
MBX 206	Workshop on IT for Professionals	1	-	2	100	-	100	2
MBX 207	Field Project Work	-	1	2	0	50	50	2
MBX 208	End Semester Viva	-	-	-	0	50	50	2
	Total	10	5	6	310	340	650	20

Semester - 3								
		Load Allocation			Marks			.
CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	т	Р	Int.	Ext.	Total	Credits
MBX 301	Legal Aspects of Business & IPR	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 302	Managing the Financial Dimension – II	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX XXX	Elective 1	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX XXX	Elective 2	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 305	Seminar on Innovation & Entrepreneurship	2	-	2	100	-	100	3
MBX 306	Workshop on Research Methodology	2	-	2	100	-	100	3
MBX 307	Field Project Work	-	1	2	0	50	50	2
	Total	12	5	6	360	290	650	20

Semester – 4								
0005	CODE SUBJECT	Load	Load Allocation		Marks		Total	Credits
CODE		L	т	Р	Int.	Ext.	Total	creats
MBX 401	Developing Competitive Advantage	3	1	-	40	60	100	4
MBX 402	Managing the Information Dimension	3	1	-	40	60	100	4
MBX XXX	Elective 3	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX XXX	Elective 4	2	1	-	40	60	100	3
MBX 405	Final Research Project	-	2	4	100	100	200	4
MBX 406	Comprehensive Viva	-	-	-	0	50	50	2
	Total	10	6	4	260	390	650	20
	Grand Total	44	20	20	1290	1310	2600	80

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SPECIALISATION & ELECTIVE COURSES

Speciali	sation: Opera	tions			
1	MBX 901	Supply Chain Management	4	MBX 904	Evaluating & Managing Projects
2	MBX 902	Applied Operations Research	5	MBX 905	Total Quality Management
3	MBX 903	Lean Management	6	MBX 906	Six Sigma & Business Frameworks
Speciali	isation: Marke	ting			
1	MBX 911	Consumer Behaviour	4	MBX 914	E Marketing
2	MBX 912	Marketing of Services	5	MBX 915	Product & Brand Management
3	MBX 913	Customer Relationship Management	6	MBX 916	International Marketing
Speciali	isation: Financ	e			
1	MBX 921	Management Control Systems	4	MBX 924	Security Analysis & portfolio Management
2	MBX 922	Management of Financial Services	5	MBX 925	Banking and Insurance Operations
3	MBX 923	Financial Engineering	6	MBX 926	International Finance

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Speciali	sation: HR				
1	MBX 931	Performance & Compensation Management	4	MBX 934	Strategic HRM
2	MBX 932	Training and Organization Development	5	MBX 935	Managing Change
3	MBX 933	Industrial Relations & Social Security	6	MBX 936	International HRM
Speciali	sation: IT				
1	MBX 941	Enterprise Resource Planning	4	MBX 944	E Commerce
2	MBX 942	IT in Customer Relationship Management	5	MBX 945	Digital Marketing
3	MBX 943	E Governance	6	MBX 946	Knowledge Management

Note 1:

• XXX represents the subject code as per specialisation.

Note 2:

- The student can opt for either specialisation or a general degree based on the choice of 4 electives as below:
- **Specialisation:** For a specialisation, the student will choose at least 3 electives from any one specialization.
- General specialisation: The student not opting fora specialisation may choose electives across specializations. He/ She may study four elective subjects from different specialisations choosing no more than two from any one specialisation.

Note 3:

- Electives/ Specialisation shall be offered on the basis of profile of learners and if a minimum numbers of learners opt for it.
- All subjects may not be offered to every batch.

MBX 101 PRACTICES OF MODERN MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to acquaint learners with the importance of management in our day to day life, help them to trace the evolution of management thought and appreciate the various functions of management. They learn to implement, coordinate and monitor plans to create surplus in organisations. Learners also discover the global perspective of organisations.

UNIT 1 : Management basics

- Definition Nature, purpose and scope of management –Skills and roles of a manager How are managers different from operative employees? – Three common characteristics of organizations – Is managing a science or an art?
- Management functions: Planning Organising –Staffing Leading Control
- Systems approach: Key concepts in systems –Closed system Vs. Open system Subsystems – System boundary
- Challenges of operating in pluralistic society Concept of corporate social responsibility Ethics in managing

UNIT 2 : Management approaches

- Historical perspective: Origin and evolution of engineering management Early management thinkers– War strategists – Impact of Inventions –Industrial revolution
- Classical perspective: Scientific management Bureaucratic approach Administrative Principles
- Behavioural perspective Hawthorne studies Maslow McGregor
- Management science perspective Operations management Information technology Systems theory – Contingency view – Total Quality Management

UNIT 3 : Planning and its purpose

- Planning: Types of plans Steps in planning –Process of planning
- Objectives: Nature of objectives Setting objectives Concept and process of managing by objectives
- Planning tools & techniques
- Nature and purpose of strategies and policies

UNIT 4 : Decision making

- Decision making: Importance and steps in decision making Comparison of premising and forecasting
- Traditional approaches to decision-making
- Decision making under certainty & uncertainty Programmed decisions & nonprogrammed decisions

MBX 101 PRACTICES OF MODERN MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Organising

- Organizing: Nature and concept of organizing Formal and informal organization Organization divisions
- Levels of organization Span of management
- Structure and process of organizing
- Organization structure: By function By territory By product Matrix organization Strategic business unit

UNIT 6 : Delegation

- Concept of delegation Elements of delegation Authority & power, concept & distinction
- Line & staff concept Responsibility Accountability Reasons for failure of delegation & how to make delegation effective
- Decentralization: Concept Reasons for decentralization– Methods of decentralization

UNIT 7 : Coordination & control

- Coordination: Concept and importance of coordination Factors which make coordination difficult – Techniques or methods to ensure effective coordination
- Control: Concept Planning-control relationship
- Process of control Setting objectives Establishing standards Measuring performance – Correcting deviations
- Types of control: Feed forward control, Concurrent control, Feedback control Traditional & modern techniques of control

UNIT 8 : Global perspective of management

- Global management: Nature and purpose of global management Comparative study of main features of country specific business styles – Japanese, American management philosophies and Theory Z
- Most advanced companies of the world and their management philosophy: GE, Toyota, IBM, Microsoft, Apple
- Cultural and country differences Factors influencing managing in other countries
- International entry strategies Strategic alliances MNCs
- Porter's competitive advantage of nations Global advantage through quality

- 1. Koontz, Harold; Essentials of Management: An International Perspectives; 8th Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Robbins, DeCenzo and Bhattacharya, Agarwal; *Fundamentals of Management*, 6th Edition; Pearson Education
- 3. Prasad, L.M.; Principles and Practice of Management; 6th Edition; Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- 4. Stoner, James A.F. and Freeman, Edward R.; *Management*, 6th Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi

MBX 102 MANAGING THE HUMAN DIMENSION - I

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is learn how to leverage technical business skills through the understanding of 'human skills'. Learners will gain an overview of factors that influence individual work performance and techniques to improve overall performance individually and in teams. Course develops foundations of leadership, while improving understanding of group dynamics

UNIT 1 : Introduction to organisation behaviour

- Organization behaviour (OB): Meaning Its nature Replacing intuition with systematic study
- Contributing disciplines to OB Challenges and opportunities for OB
- Developing an OB Model
- Foundations of individual behaviour: Ability Learning

UNIT 2 : Values, attitudes, and job satisfaction

- Values: Importance of values Types of values Values, Loyalty, and Ethical behaviour Values across cultures
- Attitudes: Types of attitudes Attitudes and consistency Cognitive dissonance theory Measuring the A-B relationship – Attitude surveys – Attitudes and workforce diversity
- Job satisfaction: Measuring job satisfaction How satisfied are people in their jobs? The effect of job satisfaction on employee performance
- Impact of job satisfaction on customer satisfaction Employee dissatisfaction

UNIT 3 : Personality and emotions

- Personality: What is personality? Personality determinants Personality traits
- Major personality attributes influencing OB Personality and national culture Achieving personality fit
- Emotions: What are emotions? Emotional labour Felt versus displayed emotions
- Emotional dimensions: Gender and emotions External constraints on emotions Affective events theory – OB applications

UNIT 4 : Perception and individual decision making

- What is perception? Factors influencing perception
- Person perception: Making judgments about others Attribution theory Frequently used shortcuts in judging others – Link between perception and individual decision making
- Decision making in organisations: Rational model, Bounded rationality & Intuition Common biases & errors in decision making
- Individual differences & organisational constraints Ethics in decision making

MBX 102 MANAGING THE HUMAN DIMENSION - I

UNIT 5 : Basic motivation concepts & theories

- Defining motivation
- Early theories of motivation: Hierarchy of needs theory Theory X and Theory Y Twofactor theory ERG theory – McClelland's theory of needs
- Contemporary theories of motivation: Cognitive evaluation theory Reinforcement theory – Equity theory – Expectancy theory
- Goal-setting theory Management by objectives Linking MBO with Goal-setting theory

UNIT 6 : Motivation: From concept to application

- Motivating by job design Job redesign Alternative work arrangements
- Employee involvement programs Linking employee involvement programmes and motivation theories
- Using rewards and recognition to motivate employees

UNIT 7 : Foundation of group behaviour

- Defining & classifying groups Stages of group development Group structure Group decision making
- Understanding work teams: Differences between Groups & Teams
- Types of teams Crafting effective teams
- Conflict and negotiation

UNIT 8 : Leadership

- Managers versus Leaders
- Leadership theories and approaches: Trait theories Behavioural theories Contingency theories
- Contemporary leadership styles: Transformational Transactional Charismatic Visionary – Team leadership
- Leadership roles Finding and creating effective leaders
- Leadership issues: Managing power Developing trust Empowering employees Moral leadership

- 1. Robbins, Stephen P. and Sanghi, Seema; Organizational Behaviour; 13th Edition; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Parikh, Margie and Gupta, Rajen; Organization Behaviour; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Prasad, L.M.; Organizational Behaviour; Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- 4. Dick, Penny; Introduction to Organization Behaviour; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

MBX 103 MANAGING THE FINANCIAL DIMENSION - I

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: Effective financial decisions are the lifeblood of any company and ability to take such decisions separates the ordinary from extraordinary managers. The course will expose learners to the basic principles of book keeping and importance of cost accounting. Learners will also learn principles of budgeting and control.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to accounting and managerial control

- Accounting elements and principles Role of accountant in an organization
- Branches of accounting: Financial, Cost and Management accounting, and their interrelationships
- Basic concepts and goals in management control systems: Management control Operational control – Task control
- Responsibility accounting Concept of cost centers, Profit centers and investment centers – Sources of cost information

UNIT 2 : Primary book keeping

- Double entry book keeping Book keeping basics
- Data entry in the primary and secondary books of accounts
- Preparation of trial balance

UNIT 3 : Secondary book keeping

- Preparation of final accounts
- Profit and loss account
- Balance sheet
- Contemporary issues in accounting

UNIT 4 : Financial analysis and planning

- Comparative, Common Size Statements and Trend Analysis
- Ratio analysis: Profitability ratios Liquidity ratios Turnover ratios
- Cash flow statement
- Financial modeling using spreadsheets

UNIT 5 : Cost accounting basics

- Introduction to cost accounting Objectives of cost accounting Concept of cost Elements of cost – Classification of costs
- Material cost: Material purchasing, receiving, storing, issuing including pricing of issues
- Labour cost: Direct labour and indirect labour Time keeping and time booking Idle time – Labour turnover

MBX 103 MANAGING THE FINANCIAL DIMENSION - I

 Overheads: Concept – Fixed, semi-variable and variable overheads – Identifying overheads with the cost center – Allocation, apportionment and absorption of overheads

UNIT 6 : Budgetary control

- Purpose of budgetary control Types of budgets Budget preparation
- Advantages & limitations of budgetary control
- Installation of budgetary control system
- Zero base budgeting
- Fixed & flexible budgeting
- Performance budgeting

UNIT 7 : Standard costing & variance analysis

- Standard costing: Introduction to standard costing Advantages and limitations of standard costs – Determination of standard costs – Reporting system – Revision of standards
- Variance analysis: Material variance Labour variance Overheads variance Sales variance – Profit variance
- Control of variance

UNIT 8 : Marginal costing and profit planning

- Concept of marginal cost Marginal costing Difference between marginal and absorption costing
- Advantages and limitations of marginal costing
- Cost-Volume-Profit (CVP) analysis

- 1. Sawyers, Jackson, Jenkins, Arora; Managerial ACCT;1st Edition, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Chandra Prasanna; Finance Sense; McGraw Hill Education (India)
- 3. Pandey, I.M.; *Management Accounting*; 3rd Revised Edition; Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Lal, Jawahar; Cost Accounting; 3rd Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

MBX 104 MANAGING THE ECONOMIC DIMENSION

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to provide a basic knowledge of economics to learners. At its simplest, managerial economics is about making decisions at the individual, firm, economy, and market levels in the face of constraints and odds, be they scarce resources, pricing pressures, or global competition. This course attempts to give learners the fundamental tools of analysis and decision making at the micro level and examines the ways by which these could profitably by employed in the context of managerial decision making.

UNIT 1 : Introduction

- Basic concepts: Definition and scope of managerial economics Types of economic analysis – Types of economic decisions
- Macro economics and Micro economics
- Economic principles: Concept of scarcity Opportunity cost Marginal principle Incremental principle – Discounting principle – Contribution analysis
- Introduction to Demand: Definition Types of demand Determinants of demand

UNIT 2 : Theory of demand, supply and consumer behaviour

- Demand function Law of demand
- Supply: Determinants of supply Supply function Law of supply
- Market equilibrium: Excess supply Excess demand Price adjustment
- Consumer behaviour: Underlying assumptions Concept of utility Law of diminishing marginal utility – Cardinal & ordinal utility

UNIT 3 : Demand elasticity and forecasting

- Elasticity of demand: Meaning Price elasticity of demand Revenue & price elasticity Income elasticity of demand – Cross elasticity of demand – Promotional elasticity of demand
- Demand forecasting: Meaning Techniques of demand forecasting Subjective methods – Quantitative methods – Limitations of demand forecasting

UNIT 4 : Production and cost analysis

- Theory of production: Factors of production Production function Returns to scale
- Theory of cost: Concept of cost Types of costs Cost functions Costs in short run and long run – Cost-Output relationship in short run and long run
- Economies of scale

MBX 104 MANAGING THE ECONOMIC DIMENSION

UNIT 5 : Introduction to Market structure

- Market structure and degree of competition Monopoly Oligopoly
- Pricing decisions: Pricing under perfect competition Pricing under pure monopoly

UNIT 6 : Market structure and pricing theory

- Pricing under oligopoly an monopolistic competition
- Pricing strategies: Cost-based pricing Competition-based pricing Pricing based on firm's objectives - Product life-cycle based pricing – Multiple product pricing – Transfer pricing – Competitive bidding – Peak load pricing

UNIT 7 : National income and role of government

- National income: Definition Measures of national income (GDP, GNP, NNP) Methods of measuring national income – Measurement of national income in India
- Role of Government in economy: Fiscal policy Monetary policy Industrial policy

UNIT 8 : Money supply, Inflation & Business cycles

- Demand and supply of money
- Inflations Causes of inflation
- Impact of inflation on consumers, producers and government
- Measures of inflation: Producer Price Index (PPI), Wholesale Price Index (WPI), Consumer Price Index (CPI), Rate of inflation
- Inflation and employment
- Business cycles: Introduction Features of business cycles Phases of business cycles
 Theories of business cycles Effects of business cycles Controlling business cycles

- 1. Geetika; Ghosh, Piyali and Choudhury, P.Roy; *Managerial Economics*; Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi(2008)
- 2. Dwivedi, D.N.; Managerial Economics; Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
- 3. Gupta, G.S; Managerial Economics; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. Petersen, H.Craig; Lewis, W. Cris and Jain, S.K; *Managerial Economics*, 4th Edition, Pearson Education

MBX 105 CUSTOMER, COMPETITION & ENVIRONMENT

Internal Marks	:	50
External Marks	:	0
Total Marks	:	50

Objective: The objective of the course is to help learners develop an understanding of customers and their needs, identifying the changes in customer needs due to environment dynamics, and how organisations may fulfill these needs. Learning aims at creating value by analyzing the changes in the environment and understanding the nature of competition. The learners are introduced to the TQM approach and analysis of cost of poor quality in order to develop an appreciation for using quality as a tool for achieving competitive advantage.

UNIT 1 : Understanding customers and creating value

- Who is my customer Who can be my customer
- Understanding customer needs and expectations Sources of customer needs
- Customer value Customer satisfaction Customer delight
- Customer loyalty and retention

UNIT 2 : Business environment - I

- Economic environment: Economic systems, Industrial & Economic policies, Economic reforms, Emerging Economies. Monetary and Fiscal Policy.
- Political & Legal environment: Three political institutions: Legislature, Executive and Judiciary - Fundamental rights and Directive Principles – Legal aspects of Business
- Social-cultural environment: customs, values, demographic characteristics
- Technological environment –methods available for converting resources into products
- Natural environment

UNIT 3 : Business environment - II

- Micro/Task Environment- Competitors, customers, suppliers, strategic partners, regulators.
- International dimension-the extent to which organization is affected by business in other countries
- Changing market scenario Sensitivity to change New urban family Bottom of pyramid – The might of middle class – Shift in income levels – Changing role of women

UNIT 4 : Analyzing own organization

- Dynamics of internal environment
- Organisational capability factor: Financial capability Marketing capability Operations capability – Personnel capability – Information Management capability – General Management capability
- Methods and techniques for organizational appraisal

MBX 105 CUSTOMER, COMPETITION & ENVIRONMENT

UNIT 5 : Approaches to Environmental Appraisal

- Environmental scanning Responding to the environment
- SWOT analysis, PEST analysis and ETOP analysis.
- Environmental scanning of important industries of India viz. tractors pharmaceutical industry, food processing, electronics, fertilizers, steel, soft drinks, and TV

UNIT 6 : Understanding competition & Building competence

- Why competition Stages of competition Forces driving competition
- Forms of competition Framework for competitor analysis Responding to competition
- Core competence: Concept Importance Building and use of core competence
- Quality as a tool for achieving competitive advantage

- 1. Kotler, Philip; Armstrong, Gary; Agnihotri, P.Y., and Haque, Ehsan ul; *Principles of Marketing*; 13th Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2. Gryna, Frank M., Chua, Richard C.H., Defeo, Joseph A.; Juran's Quality Planning & Analysis for Enterprise Quality; 5th Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Rajan, Saxena; Marketing Management; 4th Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. Besterfield, Dale H.; Total Quality Management; 3rd Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi

MBX 106 SEMINAR ON ETHICS, HUMAN VALUES AND CSR

Internal Marks	:	50
External Marks	:	0
Total Marks	:	50

Objective: The objective of the course is to make learners aware of several ethical issues facing businesses and business people in today's world and to be able to critically assess ethical arguments relevant to such issues. The course aims to inculcate the ability in them to solve ethical problems through structured programs and practices and begin to develop thoughts on ethical leadership.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to ethics and values

- Concepts of ethics, morals and values Characteristics of moral standards Moral reasoning for ethics – Moral responsibility
- Ethics in business: Corporate governance Introduction to corporate social responsibility (CSR)

UNIT 2 : Principles of ethics

- Ethical principles Ethical theories Justice & fairness Ethics of care
- Indian value system and decision making Scriptures and tradition
- Discussion/ Debate

UNIT 3 : Ethical decision making in business

- Business philosophy, systems and ethics Ethics v/s law
- Issues: Political & administrative corruption Most corrupt nations Watch agencies Whistle blowers
- Discussion/ Debate

UNIT 4 : Ethics: Individuals and the organization

- Rights and obligations of individuals in the organisation Organisation's responsibilities to employee
- Cases of ethics violation and responsibility
- Debate/ Discussion

UNIT 5 : Ethics in business functions

- Marketing ethics Ethics in selling and advertising Media reporting
- Ethical issues in human resource management
- Ethics in financial services
- Ethics in production and product responsibility

MBX 106 SEMINAR ON ETHICS, HUMAN VALUES AND CSR

UNIT 6 : Ethics and Sustainable development

- Environmental issues and Business responsibility
- Sustainability Issues Carbon credits
- Discussion/ Debate

UNIT 7 : Corporate social responsibility

- Introduction to CSR and CSR Initiatives
- Corporate responsibility towards stakeholders and reporting
- Discussion/ Debate

UNIT 8 : Contemporary ethical issues

- Ethical implications of technology
- Ethics of genetically engineered and modified products
- Intellectual property rights

Recommended books:

- 1. Mandal, S.K.; Ethics in Business and Corporate Governance; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Hartman, Laura and Chatterjee, Abha; Perspectives In Business Ethics; 3rd Edition; Tata McGraw Hill

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3. Velasquez, Manuel G; Business Ethics; 5th Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi

MBX 107 WORKSHOP ON COMMUNICATION FOR PROFESSIONALS

Internal Marks	:	100
External Marks	:	0
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to improve the oral and written communication skills of learners to enable them to communicate effectively in their personal life and work place. They will learn how to prepare clear and concise business documents like Project Reports, Memos, MOMs etc. They would also be able to conduct meetings and deliver presentations with an impact.

UNIT 1 : Fundamentals of communication

- Meaning, nature & importance of communication
- Process & types of communication: Verbal & non-verbal
- Components of non-verbal communication: Para language, Kinesics & Proxemics
- Barriers & distortions in communication & dealing with communication barriers
- Practice activities

UNIT 2 : Listening & interpersonal skills

- Meaning of effective listening
- Barriers to effective listening & guidelines for better listening
- Building positive relationships
- Managing conflicts
- Practice activities

UNIT 3 : Written business communication – I

- Difference between oral & written communication
- General principles of writing Six step approach
- Letter writing Routine requests, routine replies, routine claims & routine adjustment letters
- Letters of promotion & warning letters
- Practice activities

UNIT 4 : Written business communication- II

- Employment communication Drafting a resume & job application letters
- Conducting effective meetings, Minutes of meeting
- E-mail writing & email etiquettes
- Drafting memo, circular, notices & note taking
- Practice activities

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MBX 107 WORKSHOP ON COMMUNICATION FOR PROFESSIONALS

UNIT 5 : Written business communication – III

- Report writing & project reports Common mistakes in project reports
- Other business documents Enquiry, quotation, purchase order, delivery note, invoice & credit note
- Making of press releases, brochures, leaflets & e-newsletters
- Practice activities

UNIT 6 : Structuring a presentation

- Introduction: Meaning, importance & types of presentations
- Planning a presentation & content creation
- Structuring a presentation: Parts of a presentation
- Approaches to visuals
- Guidelines for fonts, colours, tables & Illustrations in visuals
- Practice activities

UNIT 7 : Delivering a presentation

- Delivery of presentation: How can we excel?
- Body language in presentation
- Voice control & appeal
- Involving the audience
- Practice activities

UNIT 8 : Communication in business

- Corporate communication: Meaning, nature &importance–Difference from general communication –Essentials of effective business communication
- Communication: Process &models of communication
- Channels of communication: Their effectiveness Their limitations Media of communication – Barriers to communication
- Strategic communication: The congruence model Upward, Downward, Horizontal, Cross-channel communication Informal communication –Grapevine

- 1. Mitra, Barun K.; Effective Technical Communication; Oxford University Press
- 2. Kaul, Asha; The Effective Presentation; First Edition 2005; Response Books, New Delhi
- 3. Wright, Chrissie; Handbook of Practical Communication Skills; 4th Edition 2003; Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai
- 4. Sen, Leena; Communication Skills; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 5. Kozicki, Stephen and Peacock, Gary; The Persuasive Presenter; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

MBX 201 STATISTICS FOR BUSINESS DECISIONS

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of this paper is to train the learners to use various statistical methods in order to understand, analyze and interpret various business, managerial and economic problems. Topics include basic data analysis, random variables and probability distributions, sampling distributions, interval estimation, hypothesis testing and regression. Numerous examples are chosen from quality-control applications, finance, marketing and management

UNIT 1 : Introduction

- Origin and growth of statistics
- Why should managers study statistics?
- Is statistics science or art Functions of statistics Applications of statistics –Limitations of statistics
- Statistics and business decisions
- Sub-divisions of statistics: Descriptive statistics Inferential statistics
- Terminology used: Universe Population Sample Parameter and statistic
- UNIT 2 : Data collection, graphs & charts
 - Primary & secondary data Attribute & variable data Interval, Nominal & Ordinal data
 - Planning for data collection
 - Data collection forms: Check sheet Data sheet Checklist
 - Interpretation of collected data: Validating results Pitfalls
 - How to collect data
 - Rounding Representativeness Missing or erroneous data
 - Graphs & charts: Concept How to construct How to interpret

UNIT 3 : Data analysis and presentation

- Measures of central tendency: Arithmetic Mean Weighted Mean Geometric Mean Median – Mode
- Measures of dispersion: Range Mean deviation Standard deviation Coefficient of variation
- Skewness and its measures
- Frequency distribution: Frequency distribution table Histogram Frequency graphs Frequency polygon – Cumulative frequency distribution

MBX 201 STATISTICS FOR BUSINESS DECISIONS

UNIT 4 : Correlation and regression

- Significance of correlation: Types of correlation
- Methods of correlation analysis: Scatter diagrams Graphic method Karl Pearson's correlation co-efficient – Rank correlation coefficient
- Regression analysis: Use of Regression analysis Difference between correlation & regression analysis
- Regression equations and standard error

UNIT 5 : Introduction to probability

- Basic concepts: Relevance of probability theory Definition Events and experiments
- Types of probability: Classical approach Relative frequency approach or empirical probability – Subjective approach to probability
- Theorems of probability rules: Addition theorem Multiplication theorem
- Conditional probability

UNIT 6 : Probability distributions

- Introduction: Difference between frequency and probability distributions Types of probability distributions – Expected value and its calculation – Random variables
- Binomial distribution: Bernoulli process Parameters of binominal probability distribution Calculation of binomial probability – Graphic illustration
- Poisson distribution: Parameters of Poisson distribution Characteristics Calculation of Poisson probability
- Normal distribution: Characteristics of normal probability distribution Areas under the normal curve – Probability distribution
- Exponential distribution: Introduction Calculation of exponential probability
- Choosing the correct probability distribution

UNIT 7 : Sampling and sampling distribution

- Sample design: Sample size Merits and limitations of sampling
- Methods of sampling: Probability and non-probability methods
- Sampling distribution: Introduction Sampling distribution of mean Concept of standard error – Central limit theorem

UNIT 8 : Testing of hypothesis

- Difference between small and large samples : Interpreting significance level Type 1 & type 2 error
- Test of significance for large sample: Two-tailed test for difference between the means of two samples – Standard error of the difference between two standard deviations
- Test of significance for small sample: Student's t-test Chi square test F-test

Recommended books:

- 1. Beri, G.C., Business Statistics, 3rd Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi,
- 2. Levin, Richard I.; Statistics for Management; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 3. Gillard Keller, Statistics for Managers, Cengage Publications, New Delhi
- 4. Gupta, S.P.; Statistical Methods; Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi
- 5. Levins, Krehbiel and Berenson; Business Statistics, Pearson Education, New Delhi

I K G Punjab Technical University

MBX 202 MANAGING THE MARKETING DIMENSION

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60

Total Marks : 100

Objective: The objective of the course is to understand and appreciate the concept of marketing in theory and practice. Learners develop a feasible marketing plan (process). They also develop an understanding and ability to apply the STP of marketing (segmentation, targeting, positioning). Subject has two parts: a tactical portion and a strategic portion. The tactical portion reviews methods firms use to optimize profits in markets they choose to target. Topics include pricing, promotion, distribution and product issues. The strategic portion focuses on identifying organizational competencies and using these competencies to analyze industries and identify target markets and reaching them.

UNIT 1 : Defining Marketing and Marketing Process

- Definition of marketing Scope and importance of marketing Marketing process
- Customer needs, wants and demands Market offerings Customer value and satisfaction Exchange and relationship – Modern marketing system – Types of markets
- Selecting customers Choosing a value proposition Marketing orientations towards market place – Difference between marketing and selling – Societal marketing – Ethics and social responsibility – Not for profit marketing
- Expanded model of marketing process

UNIT 2 : Market Strategy and Information

- Need for a customer driven marketing strategy
- Developing an integrated marketing mix Four Ps of marketing Four Cs of marketing
- Managing the marketing effort: Market Analysis Market planning Marketing implementation – Marketing Organisation – Marketing control
- Marketing information: Customer insight Marketing intelligence Developing marketing information systems

UNIT 3 : Market segmentation and targeting

- Designing a customer-driven marketing strategy: Market segmentation Targeting Differentiation – Positioning
- Market segmentation: Segmenting consumer markets Requirements for effective segmentation
- Target marketing: Evaluating market segments Selecting segments
- Differentiation and positioning: Positioning maps Choosing a differentiation and positioning strategy – Communicating & delivering chosen positions

UNIT 4 : Shaping market offerings

- Product decisions: Product characteristics Classifications Product & Service attributes – Packaging – Labeling
- Product Line decisions Product mix decisions Product and brand relationship

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MBX 202 MANAGING THE MARKETING DIMENSION

- Brand equity: Role and scope of brands Defining brand equity Brand equity models
- Building strong brands: Choosing brand elements Designing marketing activities
- Marketing of services: Nature and characteristics Marketing strategies for service firms– 7 P's of service marketing – Services marketing environment in India

UNIT 5 : Pricing strategies

- Setting prices: Value based pricing Cost based pricing Demand based pricing
- New product pricing strategies: Market skimming pricing Market penetration pricing
- Product-mix pricing strategies: Product line pricing Optional product pricing Captive product pricing – By-product pricing – Product bundle pricing
- Price adjustment strategies: Discount pricing Segmented pricing Psychological pricing – Promotional pricing – Geographical pricing – Dynamic pricing – International Pricing
- Price Changes: Initiating price changes Responding to price changes

UNIT 6 : Delivering value

- Marketing channels: Nature & importance of channels Role of channel members in adding value – Channel levels
- Channel behaviour & Organization: Channel behaviour & conflict Vertical marketing systems – Horizontal marketing systems – Multi channel distribution systems
- Channel-design decisions: Setting channel objectives Identifying major channel alternatives – Evaluating the major alternatives
- Channel-management decisions: Selecting channel members Managing & motivating channel members – Evaluating channel members
- Marketing logistics & Supply Chain Management: Nature & importance of logistics Logistics functions

UNIT 7 : Marketing communication

- Promotion mix: Advertising Sales promotion Personal selling Public relations Direct marketing
- Integrated marketing communication: Process Developing effective marketing communication – Setting promotion budget and mix – Socially responsible marketing communication
- Advertising: Advertising objectives Advertising budget Developing advertising strategy – Evaluating advertising effectiveness
- Public Relations (PR): Role and impact of PR Major PR tools

UNIT 8 : Direct marketing & personal selling

- Personal selling: Nature of personal selling Role of the sales force Managing the sales force – Personal selling process
- Sales promotion
- Direct Marketing: Direct marketing model Growth and benefits of direct marketing Customer databases and direct marketing – Forms of direct marketing – Online marketing – Public policy issues in direct marketing

- 1. Kotler, Philip; Armstrong, Gary; Agnihotri, P.Y., and Haque, Ehsan ul; *Principles of Marketing*; 13th Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2. Ramaswamy, V.S. and Namakumari, S.; *Marketing Management: Planning, Implementation and Control*; 4th Edition; McMillan, New Delhi
- 3. Kurtz; Principle of Marketing; Cengage Learning (Thompson), New Delhi

MBX 203 MANAGING THE OPERATIONS & QUALITY DIMENSION

Internal Marks : 40 External Marks : 60 Total Marks : 100

Objective: The objective of the course is to provide learners with a broad understanding and knowledge of several operations management concepts. Whether you are running a factory or a restaurant or a bank, business comes down to the efficient delivery of high-quality goods and services to the customer. To get things done, you need a laser-like focus on operations. Such concepts include, but are not limited to, operations strategy, process design, facility location, forecasting, inventory management, scheduling, and OR models. Emphasis is also placed on the application of these concepts in modern manufacturing practices.

UNIT 1 : Understanding operations

- Introduction to operations management
- Services as a part of operations
- Operations management: A system's perspective Functions Issues
- Operations strategy: Relevance Strategy formulation process Strategy options
- Emerging trends and implications for operations

UNIT 2 : Designing operations

- Design of processes: Types of processes Process-product matrix Process design issues in services
- Technology issues in process design Planning premises and process implications
- Product development: Role of product development in competitiveness Product development process
- Tools for efficient product development: QFD Value engineering Design for manufacturability

UNIT 3 : Facilities location & layout

- Globalization of operations: Regulatory issues Factor advantages Expanding markets in developing countries
- Factors affecting location decision
- Location planning methods: Location factor rating Centre of gravity method
- Layout planning: Implications Types of layouts Performance measures for layout design – Layout design of services

UNIT 4 : Planning and control of operations – I

- Forecasting as a planning tool Forecasting time horizons Design of forecasting systems – Models of forecasting – Accuracy of forecasts
- Capacity planning: Definition Measures Time horizon Capacity planning framework Alternatives for capacity augmentation – Decision tree for capacity planning – Capacity issues in service industry

MBX 203 MANAGING THE OPERATIONS & QUALITY DIMENSION

- Aggregate production planning (APP): Planning hierarchies in operations Why necessary? – Alternatives for managing demand and supply
- Basic strategies for APP APP methods Master production schedule (MPS)

UNIT 5 : Planning and control of operations – II

- Resource planning: Dependent demand attributes Planning frameworks
- Material requirement planning (MRP): MRP logic Using MRP system
- Capacity requirements planning Distribution requirements planning Manufacturing resource planning (MRP-II)
- Production control: Objectives of production control Functions of production control Need and basis of scheduling – Scheduling rules – Scheduling of flow shops – Scheduling of job shops

UNIT 6 : Managing materials

- Purchasing : Importance of purchasing Procurement process
- Inventory planning: Importance of inventory Types of inventory Costs of inventory – Inventory control systems - Selective controls (ABC classification & others)

UNIT 7 : Managing Quality

- Brief history of global quality movement India's quality journey Quality Gurus (Deming, Juran, Crosby etc) – Various definitions of quality –Quality Awards
- Total Quality Management: Concept Principles Four pillars Benefits Developing culture of TQM
- Cost of Poor Quality (COPQ) Effects of quality on costs and income Categories of COPQ: Reducing COPQ – Calculation and analysis of COPQ

UNIT 8 : Modern manufacturing practices

- Lean production: Concept Just-in-time Jidoka Three M's (MUDA MURI MURA) 5S – Visual management – Kaizen – Poka Yoke
- Flexible manufacturing system Rapid prototyping Total productive maintenance (TPM)
- Indian Scenario: Leading Indian companies using modern manufacturing practices Task ahead

- 1. Mahadevan, B.; Operations Management: Theory and Practice; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2. Khanna, R.B.; Production and Operations Management; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 3. Krajewski, Lee J.; Operations Management: Processes and Value chains; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 4. Russell, Roberta S. and Taylor, Bernard W.; Operations Management ; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi

MBX 204 MANAGING THE HUMAN DIMENSION - II

Internal Marks : 40 External Marks : 60 Total Marks : 100

Objective: The objective of the course is to acquaint learners to various functions of, and importance of the HR department in any organization. It is basically concerned with managing the human resources, whereby the underlying objective is to attract, retain and motivate the human resources, which is the most challenging and daunting task for any organization today. Learners also understand job analysis, recruitment and selection, importance of training and development, performance appraisal and compensation management.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to human resource management

- HRM Nature, scope and objectives of HRM Importance of HRM Evolution of HRM
- HRM and its environment
- HRM and competitive advantage Strategic HRM Aligning HR with business strategy
- Growth of HRM in India HRM in the new millennium

UNIT 2 : Human resource planning and job analysis

- Human resource planning: Introduction Objectives Importance Process of human resource planning – Barriers to effective human resource planning
- Job analysis: Introduction Uses of job analysis Analyzing work and designing Jobs Methods of collecting job analysis data – Competency approach to job analysis
- Job description Job specification

UNIT 3 : Recruitment and selection

- Recruitment: Introduction Recruitment process Sources of recruitment Indian experiences
- Selection: Introduction Definition Purpose Process
- Induction and placement Introduction Orientation programme Placement
- Internal mobility and separations: Transfers Promotions Employee separations

UNIT 4 : Training, development and career management

- Introduction to training and development Source of competitive advantage
- Training process: Needs assessment Design (Learning principles, Methods and techniques) –Implementation – Evaluation
- Management development
- Career and succession planning

UNIT 5 : Appraising and managing performance

- Performance appraisal: Introduction Essential characteristics of an effective appraisal system – Performance appraisal process – Challenges and legal issues
- Job evaluation: Concept Job evaluation Vs. performance appraisal Job evaluation process – Methods and limitations

MBX 204 MANAGING THE HUMAN DIMENSION - II

UNIT 6 : Compensation management

- Remuneration: Importance Components Remuneration plans and business strategy
- Incentives and performance based payments: Individual incentives Group incentives Reward systems – Incentives for indirect workers
- Managing employee benefits and services

UNIT 7 : Industrial relations and participative management

- Introduction to IR and collective bargaining
- Trade unions: Trends and TU movement in India Union free companies
- Industrial disputes: Nature Causes Settlement Negotiation
- Employee grievances, discipline and ethical issues
- Employee participation: Importance Scope and limitations Forms of participation

UNIT 8 : Global HRM

- Introduction Global HRM Vs. domestic HRM
- Managing international HR activities
- Cultural diversity issues
- e-HRM

- 1. Aswathappa, K.; Human Resource Management-Text and Cases; 6th Edition; Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- 2. Rao, V.S.P.; Human Resource Management-Text and Cases; 3rd Edition; Excel Books

MBX 205 SEMINAR ON TEAM BUILDING & LEADERSHIP

Internal Marks	:	50
External Marks	:	0
Total Marks	:	50

Objective: The objective of the course to focus on leadership essentials and the skills needed to elicit high commitment and productivity from people and groups. Awareness of one's own values, beliefs, decision-making tendencies and behaviors is seen as a crucial first step in becoming a leader. Thus, a significant portion of the course consists of activities designed to enhance learners' self-awareness. Methods of instruction include individualized feedback, cases, role-plays and experiential exercises.

UNIT 1 : Contemporary leadership issues

- From Charismatic to transformational leadership
- Leadership roles: Providing team leadership Mentoring Self leadership
- Debate: Charisma is everything in a leader
- Exercises : Choosing an effective leader

UNIT 2 : Leaders as managers

- Great leader Great managers Successful entrepreneurs
- Indian ethos in leadership
- Foundation of Leadership: Ethics and leadership Trust and leadership
- Debate: Do ends justify the means?
- Discussion: Is trust in our leaders on decline?
- Exercises: Indian entrepreneur case study Is ethical business going out of fashion?

UNIT 3 : Motivational leadership

- Key qualities & characteristics of a motivational leader
- Work culture conducive for motivation Developing self-motivating environments
- Debate: Money is the only motivator
- Discussion: What is the key to motivating a diverse work force?
- Exercises: How to motivate minimum wage employees?

UNIT 4 : Teams and teamwork

- Importance of team work
- Allocation of roles in team
- Turning individuals into teams Resolving conflict in individual goals and team goals
- Debate: Collective decision making is key to success
- Exercise: Basic team building exercises

MBX 205 SEMINAR ON TEAM BUILDING & LEADERSHIP

UNIT 5 : Building teams

- Making teams effective Focusing teams on performance Conflict resolution
- Debate: Does everyone need to be a team player?
- Exercise: Advance team building exercises

UNIT 6 : Skill-building modules

 Change management – Creative problem solving – Goal setting –Time management – Negotiation skills

- 1. Robbins, Stephen P.; Judge, Timothy, and Sanghi, Seema; Organization Behaviour: Concepts, Controversies and Applications; 13th Edition; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Welch, Jack; Welch, Suzy, andCollins, Harper; Winning
- 3. Jain, Sachit (2010); Ready for Takeoff; Rupa Publications, New Delhi

MBX 206 WORKSHOP ON IT FOR PROFESSIONALS

Internal Marks	:	100
External Marks	:	0
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course to focus on leadership essentials and the skills needed to elicit high commitment and productivity from people and groups. Awareness of one's own values, beliefs, decision-making tendencies and behaviors is seen as a crucial first step in becoming a leader. Thus, a significant portion of the course consists of activities designed to enhance learners' self-awareness. Methods of instruction include individualized feedback, cases, role-plays and experiential exercises.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to Computer Fundamentals & IT

- Computer Fundamentals: Structure, Characteristics & Classification of Computers Computer Memory and Mass storage Devices – Input-Output Devices
- Elements of Information Technology: Hardware Software Operating systems
- Computer Network & Communication Internet and its applications: Email TELNET FTP – World Wide Web – Internet chatting

UNIT 2 : MS Word & Power Point

- Overview of computer applications in public services Business and industry
- Microsoft Word: Basics of documentation Mail merge Hyperlinks Bookmark
- Microsoft Power Point: Basics of PPT Working with texts and graphics Adding design, animation, sound, pictures and video

UNIT 3 : Working with MS Excel

- Microsoft Excel: Mathematical calculations Sorting & Filtering Pivoting Charts Histogram-Macro
- Create a formula: Use a function in formula VLookup HLookup
- Formatting cells Applying conditional formatting

UNIT 4 : MS Outlook

- Start using the Outlook Social Connector Stay up-to-date with people pane Assign a colour category to an E-mail message – Customize the appearance of task lists
- Turing the reading pane on and off Introduction to conversations Crate and add a message signature – Manage messages by using rules
- Automate common and repetitive tasks

UNIT 5 : Network applications

- Network applications: Communication via electronic web Voice & information Services Internet chat – Voice over internet protocol – Voice conferencing – Video conferencing
- Computer network & communication: Network types Network topologies
- Network communication devices Physical communication media Network Protocol (TCP/ IP)

MBX 206 WORKSHOP ON IT FOR PROFESSIONALS

UNIT 6 : Media for social connectivity

- Using Google+ and Google docs
- Using Face book Twitter and LinkedIn for Networking and Business
- Creating blogs Using LinkedIn and other academics and Business websites
- Networking Surveys Discussions Business Information

- 1. Rajaraman, V.; Fundamentals of Computers; Prentice-Hall
- 2. Ram, B.; Computer Fundamentals; New Age Publications
- 3. Sinha, P.K. and Sinha, P.; Foundation of computing; BPB Publications
- 4. Powell, T.A.; The Complete Reference to HTML; McGraw-Hill Osborne Media

MBX 301 LEGAL ASPECTS OF BUSINESS & IPR

Internal	Marks	:	40

External Marks : 60

Total Marks : 100

Objective: The objective of the course is to provide the learners with practical legal knowledge of general business law and emerging legal issues in a digital networked environment to help become more informed, sensitive and effective business leaders. It is imperative for business managers to understand fundamental legal issues pertaining to business world and need to be applied, timely and properly, to provide immediate and long-term benefits to their organisations and be able to avoid costly mistakes. The learners are also introduced to the rising importance of Intellectual Property Rights.

UNIT 1 : Indian Contract Act, 1872

- Nature and classification of contracts
- Essential elements of a valid contract: Offer and acceptance Consideration Competence to contract – Free consent – Lawful object
- Void contracts Voidable contracts Contingent contracts
- Performance of contracts Discharge of contracts Remedies for breach of contract Damages
- Special contracts: Indemnity and guarantee Bailment Pledge Contract of Agency

UNIT 2 : Sale of Goods Act, 1930

- Nature of contract of sale of goods: Definition and essential ingredients of contract of sale

 Difference between "agreement to sell" and "contract of sale" Difference between
 contract of sale and hire purchase agreement Definition of goods Documents of title to
 goods Price
- Conditions and warranties: Meaning of warranty & conditions of warranty Meaning of guarantee and conditions of guarantee
- Transfer of ownership: Significance Rules regarding transfer of property and title
- Performance of contract of sale: Duties of seller and buyer Delivery Rules of delivery Rights of unpaid seller

UNIT 3 : Acts governing partnership firms and companies

- Companies Act, 1956: Definition and features of a company Types of companies Lifting of corporate veil
- Formation of a company: Memorandum of Association Articles of Association a Registration and incorporation – Doctrine of indoor management – Raising of capital – SEBI regulations
- Management of company: Board of directors and managerial personnel Auditors Payment of dividends – Company Secretary
- Winding-up and dissolution of companies
- Indian Partnership Act, 1932: Essential elements of partnership Types of partnership Formation of partnership – Rights, duties and liabilities of partners – Dissolution of a partnership firm

MBX 301 LEGAL ASPECTS OF BUSINESS & IPR

UNIT 4 : Current national issues in business law

- Consumer protection laws
- Negotiable Instrument Act
- Legal aspects of unfair and restrictive trade practices
- Right to Information Act
- Cyber laws and legal issues in e-commerce

UNIT 5 : Introduction to Indirect taxes

- Central Excise: Excise Duty Amount of duty CENVAT Collection of CENVAT
- Value added tax (VAT): Sale, Dealer and VAT Registration Quantum of VAT Collection of VAT – Tax invoice – VAT returns
- Central sales tax CST and Sale by transfer of documents CST and Sale within State Goods under CST Act – Rate of CST
- Service tax Charge of service tax

UNIT 6 : Introduction to indirect taxes

- Personal income tax (salaries only) Profits and gains of business and profession Capital gains
- Advance taxes and TDS
- Tax planning considerations

UNIT 7 : Intellectual property issues

- Introduction to intellectual property rights (IPR): Concept of IPR Economics behind development of IPR – International protection of IPR
- Trademarks: Concept of trademarks Importance of brands and the generation of "goodwill" – Trademark registration procedure – Infringement of trademarks and remedies
- Patents: Introduction to patents Procedure for obtaining a patent Licensing and assignment of patents – Software licensing – Infringement of patents
- Copyrights: Concept of copyright Assignment of copyrights Registration procedure of copyrights – Infringement (piracy) of copyrights and remedies

UNIT 8 : Corporate governance

- Role of corporate governance Principles of corporate governance Codes and standards of corporate governance
- Models of corporate governance Best practices' in corporate governance Corporate governance and the Indian ethos
- Ethics and corporate governance Regulation versus self-regulation Challenges to corporate governance

- 1. Pathak, Akhileshwar; Legal Aspects of Business; 4th Edition; Tata Mc-Graw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Mathur, Satish B.; Business Law (2010); Tata Mc-Graw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Kumar, Ravinder; Legal Aspects of Business (2009); Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

MBX 302 MANAGING THE FINANCIAL DIMENSION - II

Internal Marks : 40 External Marks : 60 Total Marks : 100

Objective: The objective of the course is to continue our exploration of corporate finance with a focus on the advanced financial management skills required to evaluate assets and manage risk

on the advanced financial management skills required to evaluate assets and manage risk in a global market. You will learn such analytical approaches as capital budgeting and the weighted average cost of capital, and then apply them to resource decisions. You will also gain a deeper understanding about the financial and profit analysis, financing and dividend decisions and managing value and risk.

UNIT 1 : Introduction

- Overview of financial management
- Goal of financial management
- Forms of business organization: Sole proprietorship Partnership Private company Public company – Society
- Financial Systems: Overview Financial assets Financial markets Financial intermediaries – Regulatory infrastructure

UNIT 2 : Fundamental valuation concepts and Cost of Capital

- Time value of money
- Valuation of securities: Valuation concepts Bond valuation
- Valuation of securities: Valuation concepts Preference and Equity valuation
- Cost of capital: Cost of debt Cost of equity Weighted average cost of capital

UNIT 3 : Risk and Return Analysis

- Risk and Return: An Overview of Capital Market Theory
- Risk and Return of a Single Asset
- Risk and Return of Portfolio
- Assets Pricing Models Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM), Arbitrage Pricing Theory (APT)

UNIT 4 : Long-term financing

- Sources of long-term finance: Equity capital Preference capital Debentures Term loans
- Raising long-term finance: Venture capital Initial public offer Secondary public offer Rights issue – Private placement – Preferential allotment – Dilution
- Asset-based financing: Lease Hire purchase Project finance

UNIT 5 : Capital structure and dividend decisions

- Capital structure and Firm value: Net income approval Net operating income approach Traditional approach – Modigliani Miller hypothesis
- Planning the capital structure: EBIT-EPS analysis ROI-ROE analysis Leverage analysis – Ratio analysis – Cash flow analysis – Guideline for capital structure planning

MBX 302 MANAGING THE FINANCIAL DIMENSION - II

 Dividend decisions: Formulation of dividend policy – Payout ratio – Bonus shares – Stock splits – Repurchase of stock – Legal and procedural aspects

UNIT 6 : Capital budgeting

- Capital budgeting techniques: Capital budgeting process Net present value Internal rate of return – Payback period – Accounting rate of return
- Estimation of project cash flows for investment analysis
- Risk Analysis in Capital Budgeting

UNIT 7 : Working capital management

- Principles of working capital management
- Credit management
- Inventory management
- Cash and liquidity management
- Working capital finance

UNIT 8 : International financial management

- Foreign exchange markets and rates
- Financing international business operations
- Documents in international trade
- Managing foreign exchange risk

- 1. **Chandra, Prasanna**; *Fundamentals of Financial Management*; 7th Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Pandey, I.M.; Financial Management; 9th Edition; Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi
- 3. Khan, M.Y. and Jain, P.K.; Financial Management; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

MBX 305 SEMINAR ON INNOVATION & ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Internal Marks	:	100
External Marks	:	0
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to understand that in a world of accelerating change and fleeting opportunity, creativity and innovation are critical aspects of every manager's job. While creativity is the development of novel, useful ideas in any human activity, innovation is the successful implementation of those ideas. Learners understand particularly the importance of these for entrepreneurs, given the need for inventiveness in situations where standard approaches often fail, where there is no formula for success, and where one good idea must be closely followed by another.

UNIT 1 : Entrepreneurship basics

- Introduction to entrepreneurship Benefits and drawbacks of entrepreneurship
- Characteristics of successful entrepreneurs Common myths about entrepreneurs
- Importance and role of entrepreneurs in economic development Social entrepreneurs
- The entrepreneurial process
- Discussion/Debate

UNIT 2 : Understanding creativity and innovation

- Overview of creativity and innovation The creative process Barriers to creativity
- Techniques for enhancing creativity: Brainstorming, Analogies, Metaphorical thinking, Six thinking hats etc.
- Identifying and recognizing business opportunities: Observing trends Solving a problem
- Exercises on creativity

UNIT 3 : Fostering creativity & innovation in organizations

- Creativity & innovation as competitive resources
- Impact of organizational environment on creativity
- Building an organization culture for creativity & innovation

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Exercise on creativity

UNIT 4 : Feasibility analysis

- Product/service feasibility analysis
- Industry/market feasibility analysis
- Organisational feasibility analysis
- Financial feasibility analysis

MBX 305 SEMINAR ON INNOVATION & ENTREPRENEURSHIP

UNIT 5 : Competitor analysis and development of business model

- Industry and competitor analysis
- Business models: Definition Importance Potential flaws Components of an effective business model
- Franchising Benefits & drawbacks of buying a franchise
- Discussion/Debate

UNIT 6 : Financing and institutional support

- Choosing a form of business organisation
- Organising funds: Self Angel investors Venture capital Commercial banks and financial institutions (Long-term loans, Short-term loans) – Non-banking sources (Lease financing, Hire purchase, Government sponsored lending)
- Institutional support and tax benefits

UNIT 7 : Preparing a business plan

- Importance of a business plan What do investors look for Guidelines for writing a business plan – Project report/business plan format
- Presenting the business plan to investors
- Exercises

UNIT 8 : Leading a new venture

- Managing early stage venture: Hiring right employees Building right culture & structure Motivating & retaining employees – Role of Board of Directors & Advisers
- Profiles of successful entrepreneurs
- Discussion/Debate

- 1. Barringer, Bruce R. and Ireland, Duane R.; Entrepreneurship; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2. Zimmerer, Thomas W.; Essentials of Entrepreneurship and Small Business Management; Prentice Hall India, New Delhi
- 3. Hisrich, Robert D.; Entrepreneurship; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. Plsek, Paul E; Creativity Innovation, and Quality; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 5. Rastogi, P.N.; Managing Creativity for Corporate Excellence; Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi
- 6. **Charantimath, Poornima M.**; Entrepreneurship Development and Small Business Enterprise; Pearson Education, New Delhi
Semester - 3

MBX 306 WORKSHOP ON RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Internal Marks	:	100
External Marks	:	0
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to enhance the learner's knowledge of research methodology and data analysis techniques used in business research. Further, learners practice the quantitative methods used by empirical researchers, as well as learn statistical packages used in both academics as well as in policy analysis.

UNIT 1 : Understanding research

- Introduction to research: Definition Scope Limitations and types
- Objectives of research Research process Defining a research problem
- Research design: Qualitative and quantitative research Exploratory, Descriptive and Experimental designs
- Sampling design: Steps in sampling design Sampling procedure Types of sample designs

UNIT 2 : Data collection and measurement

- Types of data (Primary and secondary data) Sources of data Data collection methods
- Measurement and scaling techniques: Primary scales of measurement Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and ratio – Comparative scaling techniques

UNIT 3 : Research instruments

- Questionnaire Qualitative measures
- Questionnaire design: Objectives, Process, Question structure, Question wording, Order of questions, Questionnaire layout, Reliability and validity

UNIT 4 : Minor project

UNIT 5 : Data analysis I

- Analysis of variance: One way analysis of variance N-way analysis of variance
- Discriminant analysis: Significance Model Interpretation

UNIT 6 : Data analysis II

- Multivariate analysis techniques: Characteristics and applications, Classification of multivariate techniques – Variables in multivariate analysis
- Factor analysis: Factor analysis model Applications
- Multidimensional scaling and conjoint analysis

MBX 306 WORKSHOP ON RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

UNIT 7 : SPSS

- Application of SPSS in calculating measure of central tendency, measure of dispersion and measure of association
- Application of SPSS in hypothesis testing, of factor analysis and analysis of variance

UNIT 8 : Presenting the findings

- Research report writing: Significance of report writing Types of reports Content and layout of research report –Bibliography format
- Presentation of report

- 1. Kothari, C.R.; Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques; New Age, New Delhi
- 2. Panneerselvam, R.; Research Methodology; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 3. Richard, Levin I. & David, Rubin S.; Statistics for Management; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 4. Cooper, Donald R. and Schindler, Pamela S.; Business Research Methods; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Semester - 4

MBX 401 DEVELOPING COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: There is no leadership without mastering the art and science of strategic and visionary thinking. The objective of the course is to achieve conceptual clarity amongst learners and expose participants to various perspectives and concepts in the field of strategic management. Learners understand in detail the most relevant and up to date methodologies and tools to address these Issues. They develop skills for applying these concepts to the solution of business problems and developing a competitive advantage.

UNIT 1 : Establishing strategic intent

- Defining strategic intent: Vision, mission Business definition
- Definition, nature, scope, and importance of strategy Business policy
- Strategic planning process
- Strategic decision-making Differentiation and focus strategies

UNIT 2 : Environmental analysis

- Appraisal of external environment
- Appraisal of internal environment

UNIT 3 : Developing strategies

- Corporate level strategies Stability, expansion, retrenchment
- Combination strategies Corporate restructuring Concept of synergy
- Business level strategies Porter's framework of competitive strategies Types, tactics (location & timing)
- Conditions, risks and benefits of cost leadership

UNIT 4 : Strategic analysis and choice

- Corporate level analysis (BCG, GE nine-cell)
- Hofer's product market evolution and shell directional policy matrix
- Industry level analysis Porters' five forces model
- Qualitative factors in strategic choice

UNIT 5 : Strategy implementation

- Resource allocation Projects and procedural issues
- Organization structure and systems in strategy implementation
- Strategy through leadership and corporate culture Values, ethics

MBX 401 DEVELOPING COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE

UNIT 6 : A framework for executing strategy

- The principal managerial components of the strategy execution process
- Building a capable organisation
- Building core competencies and competitive capabilities
- Matching organisation structure to strategy organisational structures of the future

UNIT 7 : Strategic control

- Operational and derived functional plans to implement strategy
- Coordination and Integration of functional plans
- Strategic control and operational control
- Techniques of strategic evaluation

UNIT 8 : Beyond competitive strategy: Other important strategy choices

- Strategic alliances and collaborations partnerships
- Merger and acquisition strategies
- Vertical integration strategies
- Related versus unrelated businesses

- 1. Kazmi, Azhar; Business Policy & Strategic Management; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Thompson, A. and Strickland A.J.; Strategic Management : Concepts and Cases; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Shrivastava, R.M.; Management Policy and Strategic Management (Concepts, Skills and Practices); Himalaya, New Delhi
- 4. Ghemawat, Pankaj; Strategy & Business Landscape; Pearson Education, New Delhi

Semester - 4

MBX 402 MANAGING THE INFORMATION DIMENSION

Internal Marks : 40 External Marks : 60

Total Marks : 100

Objective: The objective of this course is to enable to convert raw data into useful information from the organization's perspective, and then to process it into knowledge so as to refine the decision making. The course is designed to help learners understand the importance of managing information in today's global business environment. It aims to enable learners to understand information systems from a business viewpoint. Besides discussing the application and impacts of information systems, the course will also help learners understand the role of information technology in today's business scenario.

UNIT 1 : Role of information systems

- Data, information and knowledge: Meaning & importance of data, information and knowledge in business
- Information systems: Introduction, Business perspective, and Strategic objectives
- Contemporary approaches to information systems

UNIT 2 : Information systems in the enterprise

- Business processes and information systems: Sales and marketing Manufacturing and production – Human resources – Finance and accounting
- Types of information systems: Transaction processing systems Management information systems – Decision support systems – Executive support systems

UNIT 3 : Information systems, Organizations and Strategy

- Impact of information systems on organizations Implications for design
- Using information systems to achieve competitive advantage
- Ethical and social issues in information systems

UNIT 4 : IT Infrastructure and Emerging technologies

- IT Infrastructure : Introduction and evolution Technology drivers
- Components of IT Infrastructure: Hardware, Software, Emerging mobile digital platform Management and Governance
- Telecommunications, the Internet and Wireless technology: Impact on business Improving decision making and achieving operational excellence
- Securing information systems System vulnerability and abuse Security and control Establishing framework, technologies and tools for protecting information resources

UNIT 5 : Databases and information management

- Database management systems: Fundamental concepts Database approach to data management – Database structures – Types of databases
- Using databases to improve business performance Data warehouses
- Business Intelligence and data mining Databases and the web
- Establishing an information policy Ensuring data quality

MBX 402 MANAGING THE INFORMATION DIMENSION

UNIT 6 : Enterprise systems

- Enterprise Systems: Introduction and business value Enterprise resource planning
- Supply chain management systems: Introduction Information system in SCM Global supply chains
- Customer relationship management systems: Introduction Information systems in CRM – Operational and Analytical CRM
- E-Commerce: Introduction Electronic payments Information system in e-commerce

UNIT 7 : Knowledge management and collaboration

- Knowledge: Introduction Dimensions
- Knowledge Management: Value chain (Knowledge acquisition, storage, dissemination and application)
- Knowledge management systems (KMS): Enterprise wide KMS Knowledge work systems – Intelligent techniques

UNIT 8 : Building and managing information systems

- Overview of systems development: Systems as planned organizational change System analysis – System design – Programming – Testing – Implementation – Maintenance
- Approaches to building information systems: Traditional systems life cycle Prototyping Application packages – End-user development
- Managing global systems: Growth of international information systems Organising international information

- 1. Laudon, K.C. and Laudon, J.P.; *Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital Firm;* 11th Edition; Pearson Education, South Asia
- 2. **O'Brien, James A; Marakas, George M, and Behl, Ramesh;** *Management Information Systems*; 9th Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Kanter, Jerome; Managing with Information; 4th Edition; PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 4. Murdick, Robert G.; Ross, Joel E, and Claggett, James R.; Information Systems for Modern Management; 3rd Edition; PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

Specialisation

& Specialisation & Elective Courses Elective Courses

MBA Executive

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Specialisation: Operations

MBX 901 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to explain the strategic importance of good supply chain design, planning and operation for every organization. The course is specifically designed to help learners understand how good supply chain management can be a competitive advantage for a firm. It covers the planning, organization and control of activities such as distribution, warehousing, transportation, inventory management, sourcing and pricing. The issues and opportunities brought by the Internet, the rise of e-business, optimization approaches to strategic & tactical problems, and the many synergies between information technology and decision technology are also addressed.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to supply chain management

- Historical perspective Definition of supply chain management (SCM) Importance & objectives of SCM
- Flows in supply chain: Flow of value, Information and Cash
- Process view of a supply chain: Cyclic view Push/Pull view
- Responsiveness and efficiency of supply chain
- Supply chain strategies Achieving strategic fit between supply chain and competitive strategies – Competitive advantage through supply chain
- Supply chain drivers & metrics: Facilities Inventory Transportation Information Sourcing – Pricing

UNIT 2 : Network design in supply chain

- The role of network design in supply chain Factors influencing supply chain network design decisions – Framework for network design
- Models for facility location and capacity allocation Market and supply allocation
- Network design in an uncertain environment Risk management

UNIT 3 : Managing demand and supply in a supply chain

- Role of demand forecasting* and aggregate planning** in a supply chain
- Managing supply
- Managing demand
- Managing predictable variability in supply & demand

UNIT 4 : Design of distribution network

- Role of distribution in supply chain Factors influencing distribution network design Design options for a distribution network
- Warehousing: Number of locations Factors for consideration (Costs, Delivery frequency etc.)
- Material storage and handling systems
- E-business and the distribution network

MBX 901 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Planning and managing inventory in a supply chain

- Managing economies of scale in supply-chain: Estimating cycle inventory Inventory carrying costs – Economics of special/volume trade discounts – Economic Order Quantity
- Managing uncertainty in supply: Safety stocks Levels for replenishment Management of safety inventory
- Determining optimal levels of product availability
- Managerial levers to improve supply chain profitability Availability under capacity constraints
- Optimizing availability of maintenance & Factory operating supplies Setting optimal levels – Dead stocks

UNIT 6 : Designing and planning transportation networks

- Role of transportation in supply chain Transportation modes, performance characteristics, infrastructure & policies
- Design options for transportation network and trade-offs Tailored transportation
- Transport economics: Distance Volume Density Stowability Handling Liability Market factors – Routing and scheduling cost
- Packaging for safe product handling, movement and storage

UNIT 7 : Managing sourcing, pricing and information in a supply chain

- Sourcing decisions in a supply chain Its role, in-house or out-source, third & fourth party logistics
- Supplier assessment & selection Single or multiple sources?
- Risk management in sourcing
- Pricing Terms of payment Nature of product (Shelf-life of goods) Nature of demand (seasonal, cyclic)
- Managing information in a supply chain Role of IT

UNIT 8 : Global supply chain management

- Globalization: Trends Driving forces Implications Commonality and differences
- Global supply & distribution networks Impact on management
- Centralization of inventories: Postponement and localization
- Global logistics challenges: Extended lead time of supply Extended and unreliable transit times – Consolidation & break bulk – Multiple freight mode & cost option
- Internet selling: Order receipt Tracking Execution Service, complaint & warranties
- Import-export processes: Types of risks Reducing risks Fundamental processes Incoterms – Documentation

Recommended books:

- 1. Chopra, Sunil; Meindl, Peter and Kalra, D.V.; Supply Chain Management: Strategy, Planning & Operation; 3rd Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- Ballou, Ronald H. and Srivastava, Samir K.; Business Logistics/Supply Chain Management; 5th Edition; Pearson Education

3. Bowersox, Donald J. and Closs, David J.; Logistical Management; Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi

Notes:

- * Demand forecasting is covered in the course MBX 104: Managing the Economic Dimension
- ** Aggragate Planning is covered in the course MBX 203: Managing the Operation & Quality Dimension

Specialisation: Operations

MBX 902 APPLIED OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to demonstrate the application of scientific methods and techniques to decision-making problems. This course includes a set of techniques used for maximizing the utility of limited resources. In day to day management scenario, at times there are conflicting situations and decision making becomes difficult without the aid of scientific tools. In the course, emphasis is place on effective decision-making to determine how people, facilities, inventories, and information can be managed to create and maintain competitive advantage for the firm.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to Applied Operations Research & OR models

- Introduction to Applied Operations Research (AOR) Application of AOR models
- Variants of simplex algorithm Artificial variable method
- Duality Economic interpretation of duality Solution of LPP using duality concept Dual simplex method

UNIT 2 : Transportation problem

- Unbalanced transportation problem Degeneracy in transportation problems Variants in transportation problems – Applications of transportation problems
- Formulation of transportation model Basic feasible solution using different methods (North-West corner, least cost, Vogel's approximation method) – Optimality methods
- Applications of transportation problem

UNIT 3 : Assignment problem

- Introduction to assignment problem Formulation of the assignment problem Hungarian method
- Typical assignment problems like optimal assignment of crews and travelling salesman problem
- Applications of assignment problem

UNIT 4 : Game theory

- Game theory Introduction, two persons zero sum games, pure strategies
- Solution of games with saddle points Rectangular games without saddle points
- 2 X 2 games Dominance principle m X 2 & 2 X n games
- Graphical method
- Applications of game theory

MBX 902 APPLIED OPERATIONS RESEARCH

UNIT 5 : Queuing theory

- Introduction of basic concepts in stochastic processes Markov chain and Markov processes
- Queuing systems and their characteristics: Probability distribution of arrival and service times
- Markovian queuing systems: M/M/1, M/M/C, Finite source queues
- Design and control problems in queuing theory: Little's law Applications of queuing models

UNIT 6 : Replacement analysis

- Replacement analysis Reasons for replacement Individual replacement of machinery or equipment with value of money
- Replacement without value of money
- Group replacement policies

UNIT 7 : Purchase and inventory models

- Purchase model: Purchase model with no shortages Purchase model with shortage Reorder point model
- Inventory model: Inventory model with price breaks Probabilistic inventory model Multi product-selective inventory control

UNIT 8 : Decision making

- Overview of decision theory approach Pay offs Utility Opportunity loss
- Types of decision making situations: Decision making under risk Decision making under uncertainty
- Expected values: Expected opportunity loss, Expected value of perfect information (EVPI)
- Decision tree diagram Application

- 1. Taha, H.A.; Operations Research; 8th Edition; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Panneerselvam, R.; Operations Research; 2nd Edition; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 3. Sharma, J.K.; Operations Research; 3rd Edition; Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi

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Specialisation: Operations

MBX 903 LEAN MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of this course is to provide an understanding of how lean processes work. This course introduces learners to various lean concepts like Seven wastes, 3Ms, Kaizen, 5S, visual management, team building and poka yoke. The course is based on two pillars of Toyota Production System namely JIT and Jidoka. Also covered are the essential tools needed for lean scheduling including Kanban and Heijunka,

UNIT 1 : Introduction to lean management

- Historical perspective: Origin of Toyota Production System Toyota's engineering innovation
- Overview of lean management: Definition Objectives Difference between mass and lean manufacturing – Benefits of lean
- Key concepts of lean management: Just-in-time Jidoka
- Overview of various lean tools & supportive strategies
- Lean system & lean tools interlink: The "TPS House" diagram
- 14 Principles of Toyota way

UNIT 2 : Waste elimination

- Value added and non-value added activities: Value-added activities Non-value activities
 Required non-value-added activities Test for value added activities
- Three M's: MUDA MURI MURA
- Seven wastes: Overproduction Waiting Transportation and conveyance Unnecessary inventory – Over processing or incorrect processing – Unnecessary / excess movement – Product defects

UNIT 3 : Preparing enterprise for lean

- 5S: S1 Seiri S2 Seiton S3 Seiso S4 Seiketsu S5 Shitsuke Keys to successful implementation of 5S – Benefits of 5S
- Visual management: Use of indicators, signals and controls Takt board
- Team building: Definition Types of teams Ingredients of effective teams
- Problem solving, the Toyota Way: Every problem is an improvement opportunity Toyota's tactics for maximizing performance

UNIT 4 : Creating lean processes across the enterprise

- Continuous improvement cycle Smaller and smaller batch sizes
- Creating initial process stability
- Continuous flow & pull system: Batch & queue system Vs. Pull system Creating one piece flow – Difficulties in shifting to continuous flow
- Kanban: Rules Size Techniques Squares Containers Cards
- Establishing standard processes & procedures: Standardization as a basis for continuous improvement and Quality – Difference between standardized work and work-standards – Pre-requisites of standardized work – Standardization as an enabler
- Takt time (pace of manufacturing): Benefits of Takt time Limitation of Takt time
- Heijunka (leveling work load): Leveling by volume Leveling by product

MBX 903 LEAN MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Cellular manufacturing and value stream mapping

- Manufacturing cells: Work cell layouts Linear work cells U turn work cell Benefits of cellular manufacturing
- Value stream mapping Five steps to value stream mapping Constructing a Value Stream Map
- Future state value map: Objective whilst mapping future state Implementing the future state
- Difference between Value Stream Mapping and Process Mapping

UNIT 6 : Other lean techniques

- Kaizen: The Kaizen Blitz When to use Kaizen Blitz Benefits of Kaizen Blitz Mini Kaizen – Key characteristics of Mini Kaizen – Sequence of events for Mini Kaizen – Benefits of Mini Kaizen
- SMED: Doing SMED Reduction of external setup tasks Reduction of internal setup tasks – Working together – Suppressing adjustments and trials
- Poka Yoke: Achieving zero defect through Poka yoke Judgment inspection Informative inspection – Source inspection – Poka yoke devices
- Cycle time reduction
- PDCA: Plan stage Do stage Check stage Act stage

UNIT 7 : Total productive maintenance (TPM)

- Historical background: Productive maintenance Evolution of TPM Autonomous maintenance
- Definition of TPM Comparison of TPM with TQM Lean manufacturing and JIT
- Overall equipment effectiveness and six big losses: Downtime losses Speed losses Defect losses
- Pillars of TPM: Autonomous maintenance (Jishu Hozen) Focused improvement (Kaizen)
 Planned maintenance Quality maintenance (QM) Maintenance prevention –
 Education & Training Safety, health and environment Office TPM
- Increase in productivity with TPM: Intangibles of TPM Broad concepts of improvement
- Implementation of TPM: Top management commitment 5S implementation Dedicated people – Flexible, cross-trainable workers – Preparatory stage – Introduction stage – Implementation – Institutionalizing stage
- TPM in India Awards for TPM achievement

UNIT 8 : Applying lean philosophy across organization

- Jidoka (stopping the line to build in quality) Autonomation
- Building a culture of "line stop" to fix problem: Organisation structure at Toyota Andon (Line Stop Alarm Light) – Changing the culture – The problem-resolution cycle – Minimizing line stop time
- Making technology fit with people and lean processes
- Developing exceptional people & partners
- Lean implementation strategy & tactics: Process improvement approach Value stream mapping approach – Hot projects approach – Plant wide lean tools approach – Enterprise wide lean tools approach – Applying lean to the extended enterprise
- Leading the change: Role of top management Role of middle management Role of bottom management – Environments for change – Time frame for lean

- 1. Liker, Jeffrey K. and Meier, David P.; The Toyota Way Fieldbook; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Liker, Jeffrey K.; The Toyota Way; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Womack, James P. and Roos, Daniel T.; Lean Thinking; Simon and Schuster, New York
- 4. Womack, James P. and Roos, Daniel T.; Lean Solutions; Simon and Schuster, New York.
- 5. Liker, Jeffrey K.; Becoming Lean: Inside Stories of U.S. Manufacturers; Productivity Inc., Portland, U.S.

Specialisation: Operations

MBX 904 EVALUATING & MANAGING PROJECTS

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to create an awareness of the need for systematic evaluation and management of projects. This application-oriented course provides the skills for executing various projects, covering project identification, planning, estimation, implementation, control and closure.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to project management

- What is a project? What is project management?
- Steps in project management
- The interpersonal and behavioural context of a project: Project leadership Motivating the project team – Managing diverse objectives and perspectives
- Organisational context of a project
- Defining project success
- Responsibilities, Skill requirements and functional competencies of the project manager

UNIT 2 : Defining and organizing a project

- How projects should evolve
- Fully understanding the problem or opportunity
- Preparing the project requirements document
- Preparing the project definition / scope document
- Building and maintaining an effective project team

UNIT 3 : Project evaluation

- Evaluating the market feasibility
- Evaluating the technical feasibility
- Financial feasibility: Net present value (NPV) Internal rate of return (IRR) Payback period – Cash flow – Cost Vs. Benefit analysis
- Evaluating the political environment surrounding the project
- Identifying alternative solutions and selecting the best alternative
- Making a proposal for management approval and securing authorisation to proceed (project charter)

UNIT 4 : Overview of planning and estimating

- An introduction to project planning: The planning process Common planning failures
- How much planning is enough?: Organizational expectations Project expectations Project importance – Project complexity – Project size – Amount of uncertainty –Project management software selection
- An introduction to estimating: Estimating approaches Estimating pitfalls Contigency

MBX 904 EVALUATING & MANAGING PROJECTS

UNIT 5 : Preparing a detailed project plan

- Scope management: The work breakdown structure Responsibility assignment matrix
- Time management: Preparing a project timeline Creating a network diagram Converting the network diagram into a project control schedule (Gantt Chart) – Calculating the critical path
- Cost management

UNIT 6 : Dealing with project risk and uncertainty

- Understanding risk and uncertainty Overview of risk management
- Identifying threats: Typical areas of high uncertainty Common problems encountered on projects
- Quantifying risk and analysing threats Addressing high-threat problems
- Accommodating uncertainty Using PERT to determine schedule durations
- Using commercially available estimating software

UNIT 7 : Maintaining control and managing project interfaces

- Objective of project control What are you actually controlling?
- Establishing a baseline of measurement
- Information needs and gathering information
- Analysing the information: Analyzing the schedule Analyzing costs The earned value concept – Analyzing deliverable performance
- Reacting to the information: Deciding whether to fix the problem now or compensate for it in the future – Avoiding the micro management pitfall – Choosing the best recovery strategy
- Project interfaces: Project stakeholders Internal stakeholders and their roles External stakeholders and their roles
- Special considerations in interface management

UNIT 8 : Project communication, documentation, and project close-out

- Road map for project documentation and communication
- General guidelines for effective project communication
- Key project documentation of various phases: Project initiation phase Project planning Project execution phase – Project close-out phase
- Bringing a project to a successful conclusion: Management challenges at the end of the project – Key elements of successful project closure – Project completion check list – The lessons learned process

- 1. Heerkens, Gary R.; Project Management; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003
- 2. **Chandra, Prasanna**; *Projects, Planning, Analysis, Selection, Financing, Implementation, and Review*; 6th Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. *Managing Projects Large and Small; The Fundamental Skills for Delivering on Budget and on Time;* Harvard Business School Press, Boston

Specialisation: Operations

MBX 905 TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40	
External Marks	:	60	
Total Marks	:	100	

Objective: The objective of the course is to understand the concept and principles of TQM and how the focus of TQM has become so important for all companies in recent times. To develop the ability in learners to use various tools available to achieve Total Quality Management. To be able to understand the statistical approach for quality control and to create an awareness about the ISO and QS certification process and its need for the industries.

UNIT 1 : Managing for quality

- Roadmap for enterprise quality
- Universal methods to manage for quality
- Juran Trilogy Chronic and sporadic problems
- Quality planning: Why quality planning Quality gaps Steps in quality planning Roadmap for quality planning

UNIT 2 : Quality improvement

- Universal sequence for breakthrough
- Project-by-project approach: Identify project Establish project Diagnose cause Remedy cause – Hold the gains
- Importance of rate of improvement
- Securing upper management approval and participation
- Mobilizing for improvement: Executive quality council Goals in business plan Nomination and selection of projects – Project charter (Problem and goal statements) – Project team – Institutionalizing breakthrough

UNIT 3 : Quality control

- Definition of quality control Relation to Quality assurance
- Universal steps in quality control process Control subjects
- Planning for control: Critical to quality (CTQs)
- Stages of control: Set-up control Running control Product control Facilities control
- Process capability Process conformance Product conformance
- Introduction to statistical process control

UNIT 4 : Six Sigma: Improving process effectiveness

- Introduction to Six Sigma Key roles for deploying Six Sigma (Leadership, Champion, Master Black Belt, Black Belt, Green Belt, Team member)
- Six Sigma DMAIC steps: Define phase Measure phase Analyse phase Improve phase – Control phase
- Training and certification

Scheme of (MBA Executive) Batch 2015 Onwards

MBX 905 TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Basic quality tools - I

- Flow diagram: Concept How to interpret How to construct
- Brainstorming: Concept When to use How to do brainstorming

UNIT 6 : Basic quality tools - II

- Cause & effect diagram: Concept How to interpret When to use How to construct
- Stratification: Concept How to interpret When to use How to construct
- Scatter diagram: Concept How to interpret When to use How to construct

UNIT 7 : Basic quality tools - III

- Pareto chart: Concept How to interpret When to use How to construct
- Histogram: Concept How to interpret When to use How to construct
- Box plot: Concept How to interpret When to use How to construct

UNIT 8 : Management system standards

- Need for management system standards
- ISO 9000 quality management system
- ISO 14000 environment management system
- Other management system standards

- 1. **Gryna, Frank M., Chua, Richard C.H., Defeo, Joseph A.;** *Juran's Quality Planning & Analysis for Enterprise Quality;* 5th Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Besterfield, Dale H.; Total Quality Management; 3rd Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 3. Mitra, Amitava; Fundamentals of Quality Control and Improvement; Pearson Education, New Delhi

Specialisation: Operations

MBX 906 SIX SIGMA & BUSINESS FRAMEWORKS

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: Objective of this course is to provide students with a basic understanding of the Six Sigma methodology (DMAIC) and practices. To increase the learner's ability to drive Six Sigma projects. To enhance learner's ability to function effectively as a Six Sigma professional and differentiate this with other improvement methodologies. To demonstrate the application of six sigma tools through various case studies and exercises.

UNIT 1 : Overview of Six Sigma

- Evolution of Six Sigma
- Basic concepts: Variation and customer requirements Definition of Sigma Defects and Sigma levels – Tracking the Xs and Ys
- Concept of Six Sigma: Six Sigma as a metric Six Sigma as a methodology Six Sigma as a management system
- Six themes of Six Sigma: Genuine focus on customer Data and fact driven management – Process focus – Proactive management – Boundaryless collaboration – Drive for perfection; Tolerance for failure
- DMAIC improvement model
- 6-Sigma organization: Apex Council Project champion Process owner Master Black Belt – Black Belt – Green Belt – Team member

UNIT 2 : Define phase

- Project selection essentials Selecting winning six sigma projects
- Identify what is important to customer: Six steps to defining customer requirements Analysing and prioritizing customer requirements – CTQ tree – Getting measures for priority requirements
- Develop problem statement and project charter: Business case Problem statement Goal statement – Project scope, constraints & assumptions – Team selection & roles – Team guidelines – implementation plan
- Map high level processes: Build a SIPOC diagram
- Select Critical to Quality (CTQ) characteristics

UNIT 3 : Measure phase

- Develop detailed "As Is" process maps: Set the baseline See the process
- Determine what to measure (Y) and opportunities for the defect to occur
- Plan for data collection: Operational definition Data source Data type Defect type Stratification – Sampling strategy – Sampling frequency – Sample size
- Select measurement methods Validate measurement system (MSA)
- Measure process capabilities: Output performance measures Calculate baseline sigma levels for process as a whole – Calculate baseline sigma – Calculate final and first pass yield – Capability indices
- Finishing the measure work: Create a plan for analyze Update project storyboard Tollgate review

UNIT 4 : Analyze phase

- Identify patterns through data analysis
- Analyse root causes (X's)
- Test hypothesis and screen potential causes

MBX 906 SIX SIGMA & BUSINESS FRAMEWORKS

- Identify root causes (Key X's) Validate cause & effect relationships through pilot testing/experimentation
- Implement appropriate corrective actions
- Finishing the analyze work: Finalize project charter Document verified causes Update project storyboard – Create a plan for improve

UNIT 5 : Improve phase

- Generate and rank solutions Refine solutions Justify and select a solution Prove effectiveness in pilot runs – Provide statistical evidence of improvement – Prepare "should be" process map – Implement solution
- Finishing improve work: Getting ready for control Finalize process documentation Update project storyboard – Create plan for control phase

UNIT 6 : Control phase

- Overview of control phase Understanding process control system
- Steps in control Phase: Development of risk mitigation plans New process documentation & training – Installation of process audit system – Quantification of gains – Side sharing of learning
- Verify results of changes and improvements Monitor improvement
- Institutionalize change into quality system
- Ending the project: Completing your storyboard Preparing for the tollgate review The final celebration
- Tollgate review: Assess adequacy of risk mitigation plans Assess adequacy of process documentation – Check resources for process audits

UNIT 7 : Other related initiatives and benchmarking

- Best practices in Six Sigma Pitfalls to be avoided
- Six Sigma Vs. other techniques such as TQM & Lean Integrating Six Sigma and Lean
- Benchmarking: Introduction Definition Objectives Need for benchmarking
- Types of benchmarking: Internal benchmarking Competitive benchmarking Process benchmarking
- Benchmarking process: Deciding what to benchmark Understanding current performance – Planning learning from the data – Using the findings – Analysis – Integration – Action – Maturity
- Pitfalls and criticisms of benchmarking

UNIT 8 : Business excellence frameworks

- Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award (MBNQA): Origin Award eligibility criteria and categories – Criteria for evaluation – Organisational profile – Programme impact – Recipients of Baldrige Awards – Framework for assessment – Review procedure – Profiles of winners
- The European Excellence Model and Quality Award (EFQM): Criteria for evaluation Framework for assessment
- Deming prize: Introduction Award eligibility criteria and categories Evaluation process for Deming application prize – Deming application prize award criteria – Impact of Deming prize – Framework for assessment – Profiles of winners

- 1. Pande, Peters; Neuman, Robert P. and Cavanagh, Roland R.; *The Six Sigma Way;* Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Gupta, Praveen and Sri, Arvin; Stat Free Six Sigma; 1st Edition; S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Keller, Paul; Six Sigma DeMystified, A Self-teaching Guide; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. Benbow, Donald W. and Kubiak, T.M.; *The Certified Six Sigma Black Belt*; Pearson Education, South Asia
- 5. Rober, C. Camp; Business Process Benchmarking (The ASQC Total Quality Management)

Specialisation: Marketing

MBX 911 CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to provide conceptual understanding of consumer behaviour from a variety of perspectives and provide an overview of Consumer decision making. The course also aims to provide appreciation for and understanding of how marketing research, marketing strategy, and basic research on intra and inter-personal processes play multiple roles in the discipline of consumer behaviour.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to consumer behaviour

- Customer value, satisfaction, and attention
- Consumer Behavior: Definition Scope and Application of Consumer Behavior Why Study Consumer Behavior? – The Interdisciplinary Nature of Consumer Behavior.
- Evolution of Consumer Behavior as a Field Of Study and its relationship with Marketing: Behavioral Dimension,
- STP: Market Segmentation Basis for Segmentation Alternatives available for Segmentation – Criteria For Effective Targeting – Positioning

UNIT 2 : Market Research and consumer behaviour

- Research In consumer Behavior Need scope Types of research
- Relevance of Market Research in Consumer Behavior Approaches to Consumer Behavior Research – Quantitative Research and Qualitative Research,
- Consumer research paradigms Qualitative & quantitative research
- Application of Research in consumer behavior Ethics in consumer research

UNIT 3 : Consumer as an individual

- Consumer motivation
- Personality and consumer behaviour
- Consumer perception Consumer learning
- Consumer attitude, Formation and change
- UNIT 4 : Consumers in their social cultural setting
 - Reference groups & family influence
 - Social class & consumer behaviour
 - Influence of culture and sub cultures on consumer behaviour
 - Cross cultural consumer behaviour An international perspective

UNIT 5 : Consumer decision making process

- Opinion leadership: Definition Dynamics Motivation Profile of leader Measurement
- Diffusion of innovation Diffusion process Adoption process Profile of a consumer innovator

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MBX 911 CONSUMER BEHAVIOUR

- Consumer decision making and beyond: Level of decision making Views of decision making – Model of consumer decision making – Gifting behaviour
- Beyond decision Consuming and possessing Relationship marketing After sale service and relationship

UNIT 6 : Models of Consumer Behavior

- Consumer decision making model (Basic)
- The Economic model, Learning model, The sociological model,
- The Howard Sheth model of Buying Behavior,
- The Nicosia model, The Engel Kollat Blackwell Model, Engel

UNIT 7 : Business markets and buyer behaviour

- Business markets: Structure of business markets Characteristics of business markets Concept of derived demand – Nature of buying units – Supplier development
- Business buyer behaviour: Types of buying situations Buying centre Buying process Buying motivations of organizational buyers
- Business marketing: Classification of business consumers Classification of industrial products – Difference between business & consumer marketing

UNIT 8 : Marketing Ethics and Social responsibility

- Exploitive targeting: Marketing to children Overaggressive Promotion Selling pharmaceuticals directly to consumers – The perils of precision targeting
- Manipulating Consumers: Forced exposure to advertising Tinkering with consumer perceptions – Covert marketing – Socially undesirable representations – False or Misleading advertising
- Social Responsibility Societal marketing Advocating socially beneficial causes Cause related marketing

- 1. Schiffman, L.G. and Kanuk, Leslie L.; Consumer Behaviour; 9th Edition; Pearson Education
- 2. Kotler, Philip; Armstrong, Gary; Agnihotri, P.Y., and Haque, Ehsan ul; *Principles of Marketing*; 13th Edition; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 3. Kapoor, Ramneek; Madichie Nnamdi O. (2012); *Consumer Behaviour*, Text and cases; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Specialisation: Marketing

MBX 912 MARKETING OF SERVICES

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of this course is to supplement basic marketing and marketing strategy courses by focusing on problems and strategies specific to marketing of services. Learners will explore the difference between selling of goods i.e., from the concept of 4-P to 7-P of services marketing. Problems commonly encountered in marketing services – such as inability to inventory, difficulty in synchronizing demand and supply, difficulty in controlling quality – will also be addressed so that the strategies used by successful services marketers to overcome these difficulties are understood. The emphasis in the course will be on service universals rather than on any particular industry.

UNIT 1 : Prelude to the seven P's of services marketing

- An introduction to services, what are services?
- Fastest growing services
- Classifying services
- Strategic aspects of services marketing
- Role of marketing research, increasing use of CRM
- Services marketing environment in India
- Ethics in services marketing

UNIT 2 : Introduction to the seven P's (7P's) starting with the P-product

- Service products: Bundled with conventional products and standalone
- Service life cycle
- Service design: A general framework
- Service quality: The Parasuraman, Berry and Zeithaml models
- Customisation Vs. Standardization defects, failures and recovery
- Service guarantees: Do they work? Service level agreements

UNIT 3 : The second P- Place

- Location
- Has the internet made location a redundant variable?
- Transcending physical constraints of location
- Channel management issues
- The strategic role of 'point of sale' terminals in credit cards / debit cards
- UNIT 4 : Promotion The third P
 - Promotion objectives
 - Promotion plan
 - Timing the promotions: A promotion life cycle
 - Advertising spends of banks in India: A rising graph
 - Trends: Increasing use of below-the-line media or sales promotions
 - Special considerations in promotion of services

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MBX 912 MARKETING OF SERVICES

UNIT 5 : Price – The fourth P

- Pricing a service product
- Demand variations, capacity constraints
- Pricing of financial services
- Pricing in hyper-competitive sectors
- Psychology of pricing

UNIT 6 : People – The fifth P

- People The key to a service business Recruiting employees HR function in services – Motivation on the job
- The move towards value Added jobs Measuring productivity of people in service organisations

Physical evidence – The sixth P

- Services capes
- Designed for employees and for customers
- The importance of design

UNIT 7 : Process – The seventh P

- Service delivery process: Process approach to service delivery Categorization of service processes
- Designing and managing processes: Servuction model Blueprinting Business process reengineering
- Balancing demand and capacity: Patterns in demand Fluctuations in service demand
- Order taking and order fulfillment
- Managing the waiting process
- Major service process: Complaint management Service recovery

UNIT 8 : Integrated service strategy

- Growth strategies for service businesses
- Quality strategies for service players
- Customer satisfaction measures and their use in improving
- Service performance
- Service profit chain Linking employee satisfaction and customer satisfaction to company profits
- Strategy for market leaders Strategies for challengers Strategies for followers Strategies for niche marketers
- Service performance metrics
- Innovation, the last frontier

- 1. Nargundkar, Rajendra; Services Marketing; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Chowdhary, Nimit; Text of Marketing of Services: The Indian Experience; Macmillan, New Delhi
- 3. Lovelock, Christopher; Services Marketing: People, Technology, Strategy; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 4. Kotler, Philip; Principles of Marketing; Pearson Education, New Delhi

Specialisation: Marketing

MBX 913 CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is make learners understand the fundamentals of CRM, which include understanding: models of key customer behaviour; benefits of and difficulties in developing and implementing CRM strategies; ethical issues arising from the acquisition, use and sharing of customer data; and CRM's role in managing customers as critical assets, business intelligence and knowledge management. Possess the knowledge and skills to craft proactive, creative and effective CRM strategies and address implementation, monitoring and control issues. Recognize the basic technological infrastructure and organizations involved in current and emerging CRM practices, such as mobile/wireless communications.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to CRM

- Evolution of CRM Factors responsible for shift in orientation
- Defining CRM Various perspectives of CRM (Technology perspective, strategy perspective etc.)
- Benefits of CRM: Marketing benefits of CRM Service benefits of CRM
- Types of CRM: Operational CRM Analytical CRM Collaborative CRM
- CRM as a business strategy

UNIT 2 : Building customer relationship

- Acquiring customers Customer loyalty Optimizing customer relationships
- Relationship building as a process: Key steps Ladder of loyalty Customer defections
- Customer profitability & value modeling: Market share Vs. Share of customer Lifetime value of customers

UNIT 3 : CRM in consumer (B2C) markets

- Characteristics of B2C markets Service recovery
- Campaign management Event based marketing One-to-one relationship marketing, cross selling & up selling, customer retention, behaviour prediction
- Customer retention: Customer attraction Vs. Customer retention Importance of customer retention – Methods of customer retention
- CRM and customer service: The call centre, call scripting, customer satisfaction measurement

UNIT 4 : CRM in business (B2B) markets

- Characteristics of business markets: Market structure and demand Nature of buying unit – Type of decision and decision process
- Key account management Concept and application
- Customer value management: Understanding value Creating value Delivering value
- CRM in e-business: Expectations of online customers Benefits of e-CRM

MBX 913 CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Sales force automation

- Introduction to SFA: Evolution of SFA Components of SFA Benefits of SFA to business
- SFA as a sales process activity Contact management Lead management Territory management
- Field force automation: Goals and challenges of FFA
- CRM links in e-Business: E-Commerce and customer relationships on the internet, enterprise resource planning (ERP), supply chain management (SCM), supplier relationship management (SRM), partner relationship management (PRM)

UNIT 6 : Analytical CRM

- Relationship data management
- Data analysis and data mining
- Segmentation and selection
- Retention and cross-sell analysis
- Effects of marketing activities
- Reporting results

UNIT 7 : Organising for CRM

- Choice of strategy Factors influencing strategy decision
- CRM development team Role of team members
- Planning the programme: Defining success factors Preparing business plan Understanding business processes
- CRM success factors and road blocks
- Integration of CRM into business: CRM and cultural change Integration of CRM with ERP – Integration of CRM with other systems

UNIT 8 : CRM implementation

- Defining success factor
- Preparing a business plan-requirements, justification, processes
- Choosing CRM tools: Defining functionalities, homegrown versus out-sourced approaches. managing customer relationships: conflict, complacency, re-setting the CRM strategy
- Selling CRM internally: CRM development team, scoping and prioritizing, development and delivery, measurement
- Ethical issues in CRM

- 1. Brown, Stanley A.; Customer Relationship Management, John Wiley & Sons, Canada
- 2. Seth, Jagdish; Customer Relationship Management: A Strategic Perspective; Macmillan, New Delhi
- 3. Greenberg, Paul; CRM at the Speed of Light: Essential Customer Strategies for the 21st Century; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 4. **Dyche, Jill;** *The CRM Handbook: A Business Guide to Customer Relationship Management;* Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 5. Anderson, Kristin and Kerr, Carol; Customer Relationship Management; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 6. Kotler, Philip; Marketing Management; Pearson Education, New Delhi

Scheme of (MBA Executive) Batch 2015 Onwards

Specialisation: Marketing

MBX 914 E MARKETING

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: To contextualize marketing concepts in electronic marketing context and to give insights into various aspects of E Marketing from the perspective of creating Customer Value.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to E marketing

- E Marketing: Concept & scope
- E Marketing and E Business interrelationship
- Marketing implications of Internet technologies and convergence
- Convergence and M commerce
- E Marketing 7 Step Plan: Situation Analysis, E Marketing Strategic Planning, Objectives, E- Marketing Strategies, Implementation Plan, Budget, Evaluation Plan

UNIT 2 : E - Marketing Environment

- Global markets and Emerging Economies
- Technological readiness
- Ethical &Legal issues: Privacy and Security Concerns
- Electronic Payment System Different types of payment modes, e cash, e-check, emoney - E-Security Firewalls
- The Virtual Value Chain: Marketplace vs. Market space Visibility Mirroring capability

UNIT 3 : E -Marketing & Consumer Behavior

- Social & cultural context
- Individual characteristics and Resources
- Motivations for shopping on the net
- Attributes of online shopping
- Segmenting Online Customers: Business Government and Customer Markets -Important geographic segments for E-Marketing - Demographic segments -Psychographic segments - Behavior segments

UNIT 4 : Differentiation and Positioning Strategies

- Product Service Personnel Channel and Image differentiation
- Differentiation Strategies site atmospherics, making the intangible tangible, building trust, efficient and timely order processing & pricing
- Enhancing the customer experience

Scheme of (MBA Executive) Batch 2015 Onwards

MBX 914 E MARKETING

UNIT 5 : Product Mix and Pricing in E-Marketing

- Product Creating Customer Value online Product benefits
- Enhanced product development
- Taxonomy of Internet products
- Price: Buyers & sellers perspectives Pricing strategies
- Distribution System, Distribution channel metrics

UNIT 6 : Integrated Communication

- Internet advertising, Website, blogs
- Community building
- On line events-coupons-sampling-contests-games
- E mail
- Permission marketing
- Viral marketing
- Messaging, spam, IMC metrics

UNIT 7 : Customer Relationship Management

- Valued customer experience
- CRM Technology
- CRM Metrics

UNIT 8 : The Economics of e-Loyalty

- The importance of focusing on the "right" customers Relationship Capital eCRM
- Internet strategies facilitating CRM : personalization, collaborative filtering, data mining, data warehousing and real-time profiling

Suggested Readings:

- 1 Judy Strauss, Adel Ansary, Raymond Frost; E- Marketing; Prentice Hall
- 2 Carter-Brooks-Catalano-Smith; Digital Marketing for Dummies
- 3 Prasad Gadkari; Guide to E-Marketing
- 4 Roland T. Rust and P.K. Kannan; e-Service-New Directions in Theory & Practice

Websites

http://www.emarketingstrategiesbook.com/

Specialisation: Marketing

MBX 915 PRODUCT & BRAND MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The purpose of the product and brand management course is to give learners a fundamental understanding of how to build, measure, and manage a brand. Learners' get an insight into development of a product and strategies related to it and use the same to build the brand. Developing and executing strategies appropriate for building brand equity is the ultimate objective of this course.

UNIT 1 : Products and product management

- Product: Defining product Product characteristics & classifications Types of products
- Product & brand relationships: Product hierarchy Product mixes Product line analysis
 Product line width & length Co-branding & Ingredient branding
- Key product management concepts: The product life cycle model and its implications and application – Product portfolio decisions
- New product development: Challenges of new product development Search for new product ideas – Decision process for new product ideas

UNIT 2 : Finding and creating value

- New product development process: Ideas Concept to strategy Commercialization Consumer adoption process – Dimensions of new product success and failure
- Designing the offer: The process of designing the offer Joint space analysis of the offer

UNIT 3 : Testing the offer's value

- Concept testing: Concept statements Test design Respondents Questions Analysis
- Product testing: Blind versus identified tests Test design Subjects Questions Analysis
- Pretest market models and test markets: Pretest market models Test market design Monitoring the results – Analyzing test market results – Tests for industrial goods

UNIT 4 : Delivering the offer's value

- Product rollout: Initial monitoring of results Early modifications for success
- Forecasting and building inventory
- Product promotion and building value
- The sales channel and launch objectives
- Market feedback and product modifications
- Price pressures and market share
- Life cycle management of a product

MBX 915 PRODUCT & BRAND MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Brand equity, loyalty and awareness

- Brand equity: Creating and sustaining brand equity Role of brands Brand equity The value of a brand – Brand value based on future earnings
- Brand loyalty: Measuring brand loyalty Strategic value of brand loyalty Maintaining and enhancing brand loyalty
- Brand awareness: Understanding brand awareness & its impact on the brand Power of old brand names – Achieving brand awareness

UNIT 6 : Brand associations

- Associations, image, and positioning
- Creating value through brand associations
- Types of associations
- Measurement of brand associations: Determining brand meaning Scaling brand perceptions
- Selecting, creating and maintaining associations
- The name, symbol, and slogans

UNIT 7 : Brand extension

- What the brand name brings to the extension
- Extensions can enhance the core brand
- When the name fails to help the extension
- When the extension damages the brand name
- Strategic considerations of brand extension

UNIT 8 : Revitalizing the brand

- Increasing usage
- Finding new uses
- Entering new markets
- Repositioning the brand
- Augmenting the product/service
- Obsolete existing products with new-generation technologies
- Alternatives to revitalization

- 1. Moore, Willian L. and Pessemier, Edgar A.; *Product Planning and Management*, McGraw Hill, New York
- 2. Annacchino, Markc A.; New Product Development; Butterworth-Heinemann, Noida
- 3. Acker, David A.; Managing Brand Equity, The Free Press, New York

Specialisation: Marketing

MBX 916 INTERNATIONAL MARKETING

Internal Marks : 40 External Marks : 60 Total Marks : 100

Objectives: The course aims at acquainting students with the concepts and procedures for International marketing and trains them to develop and implement plans and strategies for entering international markets and managing overseas operations.

UNIT 1 : Framework of International Marketing

- Definition of International Marketing Nature and scope of International marketing
- International Dimensions of Marketing Domestic v/s International Marketing –, Process of Internationalization
- Benefits of International Marketing Reasons for going international

UNIT 2 : International Market Segmentation and Positioning;

- Screening and Selection of Markets
- International Market Entry Strategies: Exporting, licensing, Contract Manufacturing
- Joint Venture Setting-up of Wholly Owned Subsidiaries Aboard
- Strategic Alliances

UNIT 3 : International Marketing Environment:

- International perspective of environment :Political, Legal, Environmental, Socio Cultural and Technological environment - Country Risk Analysis
- International Economic Environment: IMF, WTO, International Monetary System
- International Trade Barriers: Tariff and Non Tariff
- Regional Blocks: European Union, NAFTA, SAARC, ASEAN, MERCOSUR, International
- Marketing Research, Selection of export markets

UNIT 4 : Indian export market

- Direction & composition of Indian exports
- Indian export and import policy export promotion organizations
- Export, incentives, Producing for exports, export quality control; export finance
- Export documentation Shipment and procedures thereof, Processing of an export order
- Organization and structure of export and import houses

UNIT 5 : International product and pricing policy

- Product Designing: Product standardization vs adaptation International product mix
- International product life cycle, new product development for international market
- Counterfeiting and IPR issues
- Exports packaging

MBX 916 INTERNATIONAL MARKETING

UNIT 6 : International pricing policy

- Factors influencing selection of pricing policies
- international pricing strategies
- Price Quotations and terms of Sale
- International Dumping, Financing marketing transactions

UNIT 7 : International distribution policy

- Factors influencing selection of international distribution channels
- Types of international distribution channels, Selection and management of Overseas agent
- Channel Selection Decisions, Aspects of International Supply Chain management
- Role of internet in international distribution

UNIT 8 : International communication strategies

- International communication policy: communication strategies in international marketing
- International promotion mix: Planning for Trade fairs and Exhibitions, advertising and other modes of communication
- International promotion Mix, push and Pull Strategies
- Challenges of International advertising, Global Media Strategy, Aspects of International Sales management

- 1. CzinkotaM, Ronkaine I, Sutton Brady, C. and Beal, T.; International Marketing; Cengage Learning.
- 2. Cherunilam F; International Trade & Export Management; Himalaya Publishing.
- 3. Keegan; Global Marketing Management; Pearson Education Asia.
- 4. Cherunilam; International Marketing; Himalaya Publishing.

Specialisation: Finance

MBX 921 MANAGEMENT CONTROL SYSTEMS

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to evaluate and recommend appropriate control systems for the management of organisations. Learners are able to evaluate the control of activities and resources within the organisation and are able to recommend ways in which the problems associated with control systems can be avoided or solved. They also get acquainted with the appropriateness of an organization's management accounting control systems and make recommendations for improvements thereof.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to management control systems

- Nature of management control systems Basic concepts Boundaries of management control – New paradigms of management control systems
- Management control process: Steps For ongoing programs For proposed new programs
- Four levers of management control: Environment Goals Organisation structure Strategic planning (Corporate level & Business unit strategies)
- Balancing the four levers of control: Balancing the tensions in control systems Sources of tensions in control systems – Key control variables – Mutual supportive management systems

UNIT 2 : Responsibility centers & Transfer pricing

- Concept & Objectives of transfer pricing Market based and cost based pricing
- Methods of transfer pricing: Comparable uncontrolled price method Resale price method – Cost plus method – Transactional profit methods – Transactional net margin method
- Best method rule of transfer pricing

UNIT 3 : Management control tools and applications

- Tools of management performance measurement: Return on investment Economic value added Capital budgeting Ratio analysis Key performance indicators
- Measuring and controlling assets employed Structure of the analysis Measuring assets employed – EVA versus ROI – Additional considerations in evaluating managers – Evaluating the economic performance of the entity

UNIT 4 : Budget preparation and control

- Budget preparation process: Link between policy and budgeting Need of making early decisions – Avoiding questionable practices
- Advanced budgetary control Behavioural aspects of budgeting
- Installing budgetary controls Determining objectives Organisation for budgeting Budget manual & responsibility for budgeting – Budget controller

MBX 921 MANAGEMENT CONTROL SYSTEMS

UNIT 5 : Instruments of financial control

- External Controls: External audit Statutory requirements
- Internal controls: Internal audit Cost audit Purpose Process
- Management Audit : Principles and objectives
- Role of financial controllers Multiple roles of an auditor

UNIT 6 : Performance measurement

- Performance measurement Performance measurement systems Interactive control
- Measuring performance to match strategy Balanced score cards

UNIT 7 : Compensation management

 Management compensation – Research findings on organizational – Incentives – Characteristics of incentive compensation plans – Incentives for corporate officers – Incentives for business unit managers – Agency theory

UNIT 8 : Control process in different areas

- Management control process Strategic planning Nature of strategic planning Analysing proposed new programs – Analyzing ongoing programs
- Control in service organizations Multinational corporations Financial sector Healthcare – Not for profit organisations
- Managerial controls in marketing: Financial control in marketing activities Advertising & marketing budgets – Dealer receivable controls
- Managerial controls in operations: Suppliers Ancillaries & OEM Supply chain partners

- 1. Anthony, Robert N. and Govindrajan, Vijay; Management Control Systems; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Sharma, Subhash; Management Control Systems: Text and Cases; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Ghosh, N.; Management Control Systems; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 4. Merchant; Modern Management Control Systems: Text And Cases; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 5. Clive, Emmanuel R.; Merchant, Kenneth A. and Otley, David T.; Accounting for Management Control; Chapman & Hall

Specialisation: Finance

MBX 922 MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: To acquaint the students about major financial services and institutions. The finance industry encompasses a broad range of organizations that deal with the management of money. The course aims at analyzing the impact on the economy and understand working of these organizations, namely banks, credit card companies, insurance companies, consumer finance companies, stock brokerages, investment funds and some government sponsored enterprises

UNIT 1 : Financial intermediaries and financial services

- Financial services Meaning Types and their importance
- Financial intermediaries Meaning Types and their importance
- Organisation of the financial service industry NBFC's service and its categories
- Recent development in financial services Financial services in India

UNIT 2 : Financial regulation

- Need for regulation of financial market Theoretical and economic perspective of regulation – International regulatory framework – WTO and services – Deregulation of Indian financial
- System Revolution of financial services Financial system and securitised financial system
- Securitised financial system and corporate restructuring Feature of share trading Margin trading – Securities organisation – Debt

UNIT 3 : Depository services

- Demat concept: Meaning Process Securities trading Online Vs offline trading
- Depository Introduction Concept Depository participants Functioning of depository systems – Process of switching over to depository systems – Benefits
- Depository systems in India NSDI and CDSL Difference Between NSDL and Bank Services Offered By Depository Participants
- Process of dematerialisation Difference between physical and electronic holding of securities

UNIT 4 : Share markets

- Financial market Functions of stock exchange
- Mechanics of share trading Feature of share trading Margin trading Securities organisation Debt market
- Government securities market Regulations for primary market Regulations for secondary market
- Call money market Treasury bill market Commercial bill market Market for CPs and CDs – Discount market and market for financial guarantees
- Broking: Broking services Trading in equity broking Trading in Debt

MBX 922 MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

UNIT 5 : Mutual funds

- Mutual funds and AMCs Concept Origin and growth of mutual funds –Types Advantages
- Constitution & management of MFs sponsors Trustees AMCs and custodians
- Structure of mutual funds and tax treatment SEBI and mutual funds regulations
- Classification of mutual fund schemes Advantages and disadvantages in mutual fund schemes – NAV and pricing of mutual fund units – State of mutual funds in India

UNIT 6 : Credit ratings, venture capital, & merchant banking

- Credit rating The concept and objective of credit rating Factors affecting credit rating & procedural aspects – Credit rating agencies: Indian – International credit rating agencies
- Venture capital: Concepts and characteristics of venture capital Venture capital in India – Guidelines for venture market
- Merchant banking: Origin and development of merchant banking in India Organizational aspects and importance of merchant bankers – latest guidelines of SEBI w.r.t. Merchant bankers

UNIT 7 : Leasing, housing finance & Insurance

- Leasing Leasing and commercial banking sector Risk in leasing Lease proposal analysis – Legal aspects of leasing – Lease accounting and reporting
- Housing finance: Introduction to housing finance, housing finance schemes Procedure of loan-disbursement – Legal framework of housing finance
- Insurance services: Introduction Principles of insurance Types of insurance Life Insurance products – Traditional and ULIPs

UNIT 8 : Factoring & plastic money

- Factoring Development of factoring types & importance Procedural aspects in factoring – Financial aspects – Prospects of factoring in India
- Plastic money Concept and different forms of plastic money Credit and debit cards Pros and cons – Credit process followed by credit card organisations – Factors affecting utilisation of plastic money in India
- Credit cards Types Settlement process Mechanism Member establishment Member affiliates

- 1. Khan, M.Y.; Indian Financial Services; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Avdhani, V.A.; *Marketing of Financial Services*; Himalaya Publishing House
- 3. Bansal, L.K.; Merchant Banking and Financial Services; Unistar Publications
- 4. Bhalla, V.K.; Management of Financial Services; Anmol Publications
- 5. Khan, M.Y.; Indian Financial System Theory and Practice; Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi

Specialisation: Finance

MBX 923 FINANCIAL ENGINEERING

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: This is a course intended to provide learners with the theoretical foundation and basic techniques in the rapidly growing area of financial engineering. Students gain a thorough understanding of options, futures, and other financial instruments. Skills are developed in basic pricing analysis, use of pricing models, and trading and hedging strategies. Next, these techniques will be applied through a variety of real world strategies. The end goal is to develop skills which the learners can apply in derivative markets

UNIT 1 : Overview of financial engineering

- Meaning & scope of financial engineering
- Tools used in financial engineering
- Financial engineering vs. financial analysis
- Skills and knowledge required: Statistical, modeling, technology, Legal

UNIT 2 : Factors contributing to growth of financial engineering

- Environmental factors: Price volatility Globalization of markets etc.
- Intra firm factors: Liquidity needs
 – Risk aversion etc.
- Other factors

UNIT 3 : Determinations of value of financial instruments and products

- Sensitivity analysis of time value
- Absolute valuations versus relative valuation

UNIT 4 : Measuring return and risk

- Overview and utility
- Measuring return : Rate of return (before and after taxes Rate of return & compounding – Investment horizons
- Measuring risk : Price risk Risk aversion and portfolio analysis Role of investment horizon

UNIT 5 : Physical tools of financial engineer

- Speculation: The market mechanism at work Speculative methods
- Options: Single period options Multiple period options Compound options
- Futures and forwards overview Difference between futures and forwards
- Swaps: Structure of swap Types of swap (Interest rate swaps, currency swaps, commodity swaps)
MBX 923 FINANCIAL ENGINEERING

UNIT 6 : Risk management and corporate strategies

- Asset/ liability management: concepts Margin management
- Hedging and related risk management techniques: Hedging ratios and their use Cost of hedging
- Corporate restructuring: Expansions Contractions Ownership & control
- Leverage buyout: Concept

UNIT 7 : Financial engineering processes and strategies

- Arbitrage instruments
- Tax driven deals
- Miscellaneous equity based strategies

UNIT 8 : Future directions in financial engineering

- Future trends: globalization and technology
- Legal protections of innovation financial products and services

- 1. Hull, John C.; Options, Futures and Other Derivatives; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Walmsley, Julian; New Financial Instruments; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 3. Marshall, John F. and Bansal, Vipul K.; Financial Engineering, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 4. Grinblatt, Mark and Titman, Sheridan; Financial Markets and Corporate Strategy; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 5. Kumar, S.S.S.; Financial Derivatives; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 6. Strong, Robert A.; Derivatives An Introduction; Thomson South-Western

Specialisation: Finance

MBX 924 SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is two-fold. Emphasis of insecurity analysis is on how others analyse your company's securities on their own, whereas, that of Portfolio Management is on how investors analyse your company's securities in comparison with others on the security market. The course is designed with a view to acquaint the students with the working of security markets and principles of security analysis; and to develop the skills required for portfolio management so as to be able to judge the competitive position of firms in capital market and review the related business decisions.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to investment

- Introduction: Concepts of investment Financial and non-financial forms of investment Objectives of financial investment – Investment Vs. speculation & gambling
- Investment alternatives: Security and non-security forms of investment
- Investment instruments: Types Valuation
- Investment information: Sources Reliability Advisors

UNIT 2 : Indian investment market

- Investment market: Primary market Secondary market
- Securities listing: Merits & demerits Qualification for listing Listing of right shares Recent developments
- Stock exchanges: Trading systems Securities traded Systems & procedures BSE NSE
- Stock market indices: Usefulness Computation Differences between the indices BSE sensex – NIFTY
- SEBI: Purpose Functions Organization Role in financial markets Regulation of mutual funds & FIIs

UNIT 3 : Analysis of risk & return

- Concept of total risk
- Risk & risk aversion
- Capital allocation between risky & risk free assets Utility analysis

UNIT 4 : Bond return and valuation

- Bond and fixed income instruments valuation
- Bond pricing theorems Duration of bond and immunization of interest risk Term structure of interest rate – Determination of yield curves

MBX 924 SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Fundamental & technical analysis

- Technical analysis and fundamental analysis overview
- Fundamental Analysis: Strategy, Accounting and Financial analysis
- Technical analysis: Concept of intrinsic value Objectives and beliefs
- Theory of technical analysis: Technical tools Dow theory Primary trend The secondary trend – Minor trends – Support and resistance level – Indicators – Odd lot trading – Moving average – Rate of change – Charts

UNIT 6 : Market mechanism and efficiency

- Concepts of market mechanism and efficiency Implications of efficiency market for security analysis and portfolio management
- Efficient market theory: Basic concepts The random walk theory Market inefficiencies
- Options and features: Meaning Factors affecting The value of call options Futures

UNIT 7 : Portfolio management

- Portfolio construction: Approaches in portfolio construction Determination of objectives Selection of portfolio
- Portfolio theory Asset allocation decision

UNIT 8 : Portfolio evaluation

- Capital asset pricing theory and arbitrage pricing theory: The CAPM theory Arbitrage pricing theory
- Portfolio evaluation: Mutual fund Sharpe's performance index Treynor's performance index – Jensens' performance index
- Portfolio revision: Portfolio rebalancing and Portfolio upgrading.

- 1. **Chandra, Prasanna;** *Investment Analysis and Portfolio management*; 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Bodie, Zvi and Mohanty; Investments; 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 3. Bhalla, V.K.; Investment Management; S. Chand & Co.
- 4. Bhat, S.; Security Analysis & Portfolio Management, Excel Books

Specialisation: Finance

MBX 925 BANKING & INSURANCE OPERATIONS

Internal Marks : 40 External Marks : 60 Total Marks : 100

Objective: The purpose of this paper is to make students understand the applications of banking and insurance operations in the business.

UNIT 1 : Role of Banking in India

- Banking system and structure in India
- Types of banks Role of Reserve Bank as regulator of banking system
- Provisions of Banking Regulation Act & Reserve Bank of India Act
- Provisions of Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881
- Banker's legal duty of disclosure and related matters

UNIT 2 : Customers and Banks

- The terms banker and customer Types of relationship between banker and customer -Bankers obligations to customers - Right of lien
- Customers` accounts with banks: Opening- operation KYC norms and Operation -Types of accounts and customers
- Nomination, Settlement of death claims
- Banking Technology: Home banking ATMs Internet banking Mobile banking Core Banking Solutions - Debit, Credit, and Smart cards – EFD - RTGS

UNIT 3 : Banker as lender

- Types of loans Overdraft facilities Discounting of bills Financing book dates and supply bills - Charging of Security bills, pledge, mortgage
- Management of NPAs Asset liability management
- Risk management in banks Basel norms
- Money laundering

UNIT 4 : International banking

- Multinational banking, Offshore banking, International Financial Institutions
- Exchange rates, Documentary letter of credit
- Financing Exporters and Importers
- ECGC Policies and guarantees
- Role of foreign players in Indian Banking
- Operations of Indian Banks abroad

MBX 925 BANKING & INSURANCE OPERATIONS

UNIT 5 : Introduction to Insurance

- Functions and Organization of Insurance- Types of Organization Organization structure
- Functions of Insurers Players in Life and Non- life Insurance Sector -
- Insurance Documents Provisions of Insurance Act 1938
- Insurance Intermediaries: Distribution of Insurance Products Role of Intermediaries -Surveyors - Loss Assessors - Third Party Administrators: Agents – Brokers - Corporate Agents - Insurance Ombudsman - Lok Adalats

UNIT 6 : Risk management

- Elements of Insurance Risk Alternative risk transfer mechanism and Re-Insurance
- Reinsurance: Principles Role Nature and Techniques of Reinsurance Reinsurance in Indian Perspective
- Risk Management in Insurance Companies Evaluation of Risk in Insurance Services -Management of Systematic Risk
- IRDA- Role and Responsibilities and its Framework for Risk Management

UNIT 7 : Types Underwriting & Claims Management

- Types of Insurance: Life Insurance and General Insurance Products including unit linked plans - Legal framework of life and general insurance
- Underwriting: Objectives and Principles Underwriting in Life and Non- life Insurance
- Claims Management: Principles Claim settlement in Life Insurance Claim Settlement in General Insurance - Repudiation of Claims

UNIT 8 : Bancassurance & Insurance Accounting

- Bancassurance: Concepts, Critical Issues, Functional Aspects, Indian Scenario, Future Prospects
- Insurance Accounting Financial Analysis and valuations Solvency and performance measures
- Marketing of Insurance Products: Critical Factors for Insurance marketers Distributions Channels - e- commerce in Insurance Industry

- 1. L M Bhole; 'Financial Institutions & Markets'; Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Sunderaram and Varshney; 'Banking Theory, Law and practice'; Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
- 3. Koch W, Timothy, & S. Scott.; 'Bank Management'; Thomson, New Delhiy,
- 4. Gordon & Natrajan; Banking (Theory, Law and Parctice); Himalaya Publishing
- 5. Agarwal, O.P.; Banking and Insurance; Himalaya Publishing

Specialisation: Finance

MBX 926 INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

Internal Marks:40External Marks:60Total Marks:100

Objective: The objective of this paper is to help students to understand finance in global settings.

UNIT 1 : International Finance

- An overview Importance Nature and Scope
- Finance functions
- The Emerging Challenges
- Recent Changes in Global Financial Markets
- Exchange rate and Interest rate volatility Imperfections in Financial Markets
- Role of International Financial manager

UNIT 2 : International Flow of Funds

- Balance of Payments (BoP) Fundamentals of BoP Accounting components of BOP, Uses of BoP
- Recent trends in India, Meaning of "deficit" and "surplus" in BoP
- BoP, Exchange Rate and Money Supply
- Factors affecting International Trade flows

UNIT 3 : Agencies Facilitating International flows

- International Monetary System- Evolution, organization and finances
- IMF- Role of IMF, Funding Facilities, International liquidity and Special Drawing Rights
- Role of IMF in Post- Bretton Woods system
- The flexible exchange rate regime and the current exchange rate arrangements
- Economic and Monetary Union (EMU)

UNIT 4 : Foreign Exchange Market

- Function and Structure of the Forex markets
- Major participants
- Types of transactions and settlements dates
- Foreign exchange quotations
- Factors influencing foreign exchange rates
- Parity Conditions in international finance and currency forecasting: PPP, the Fisher effect, The International Fisher Effect, Interest Rate parity Theory
- The relationship between forward and future spot rate

MBX 926 INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

UNIT 5 : Foreign Exchange risk Management

- Nature of exposure and risk
- Measuring and managing Transaction exposure
- Measuring and Managing Economic exposure
- Measuring and Managing Translation exposure
- Country Risk Analysis

UNIT 6 : Foreign Exchange and Derivative Markets

- Currency Futures: Introduction Future Quotes Future vs Forward Contracts Market Operations - Clearing House and clearing margins
- Options: Options Market Structure Options Pricing Currency Call Options Currency Put Options - Hedging Currency position with Foreign Currency Options
- Swap and Interest Rate Derivatives

UNIT 7 : International Sources of Finance

- Long Term: International Capital Markets (ADR's, GDR's) Foreign Bond Market Foreign Banks - Euro Markets - World Bank and IMF.
- Short Term: Banker's Acceptance Discounting Factoring Forfeiting EXIM Bank of India

UNIT 8 : Globalization and Foreign Investment

- Introduction, Role of Foreign Capital
- Channels of Capital Flows
- Foreign Direct Investment
- Foreign Portfolio Investment
- Role of Capital Controls in Stabilizing Growth Process

- 1. Apte P. G.; International Financial Management, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
- 2. Alan C. Shapiro; Multinational Financial Management, Prentice Hall India Private Ltd
- 3. Maurice D. Levi; International Finance; Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
- 4. Choel S. Eun & Risnick Bruce; International Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Avadhani, V.A.; International Finance; Himalaya Publishing

Specialisation: HR

MBX 931 PERFORMANCE AND COMPENSATION MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: To orient the learners with concepts of wages and salary related to compensating and incentives for enhancing performance. Appraising the performances on continuous basis to facilitate learning related to performance management for employees

UNIT 1 : Introduction to performance management

- Performance management: Definition, concerns and scope Historical developments
- Performance appraisal: Basic concepts Performance standard Appraisal methods
- Performance appraisal Vs. Performance management Performance management Vs. Human resource development
- Processes for managing performance Essence and implications of performance management – Critical appraisal

UNIT 2 : Compensation and its components

- Compensation: Definition Classification Types Incentives Variable pay Cost to company
- Job Evaluation: Definition Traditional and new techniques

UNIT 3 : Salary & wages

- Wages and salaries determination Difference between salary and wages Basis for compensation fixation
- Wages: Theories of wages Wage structure Wage fixation Wage boards Pay commissions
- Components of wages Basic wages Overtime wages Dearness allowance Basis for calculation – Time rate wages and efficiency based wages
- Effect of various labour laws on wages
- Components of salary Effect of various industrial laws on salary Other benefits

UNIT 4 : Performance based compensation

- Incentives: Concept and types of incentive system Individual and group incentive plans
- Rewards for sales personnel Performance based pay system Different components of reward system
- Executive compensation plan and packages
- Institutions related to reward system Non-monetary incentives Fringe benefits

UNIT 5 : Performance appraisal

- Performance appraisal: Definition Objectives Purpose of appraising
- Appraisal system design Linking appraisal system to organization objectives –Process of performance appraisal
- Methods of performance appraisal Traditional and modern Straight ranking method Paired comparison method – Critical incident method – Behaviorally anchored rating scale

MBX 931 PERFORMANCE AND COMPENSATION MANAGEMENT

UNIT 6 : Implementing appraisal systems

- Appraisals and HR decisions: Self-assessment and its importance
- Performance appraisal failure: Causes Halo effect Cultural issues in performance appraisal – Minimizing the effect of causes for failure

UNIT 7 : Performance coaching

- Training for appraisal: Needs assessment Type Periodicity Assessor specific Assessee specific
- Role of counseling for better performance
- Feedback: Mechanisms in organizations Training the superiors to give constructive feedback

UNIT 8 : Current trends in performance management systems

- Current trends: Potential appraisal Emphasis on continuous feedback
- Management by objectives: Process and importance
- 360 Degree appraisals A debate
- Assessment centers Use of technology Challenges ahead in performance management systems

- 1. Rao, T.V.; Appraising and Developing Managerial Performance; TV Rao Learning Systems Pvt. Ltd., Excel Books
- 2. Chadha, Prem; Performance Management; Macmillan India, New Delhi
- 3. Armstrong, Michael and Angela, Baron; Performance Management: The New Realities; Jaico Publishing House, New Delhi
- 4. Wade, David and Recardo, Ronald; Corporate Performance Management; Butter Heinemann, New Delhi
- 5. Thorpe, Richard & Gill, Homan; Strategic Reward Systems; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi

Specialisation: HR

MBX 932 TRAINING AND ORGANIZATION DEVELOPMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The purpose of this course is to provide the student with information and insight into the training and development function in organisations as well as the process of organisational development. The training and development function is viewed from a systems approach, such that we will examine the entire cycle of training and development, from the assessment of training needs to the evaluation of a training program, within the context of today's organisations and the global market. In organisational development the emphasis is on change and OD interventions as the process of OD is developed.

UNIT 1 : Learning, training & development

- Learning: Meaning & concept Theories of learning Learning for organizational development
- Training overview: Importance & need From training to development Incorporating training into corporate strategy
- Training policy: Policy development Annual training plan Training budget
- Training resources: Internal resources Role of external agency in training and development
- The training function Management's responsibility for training Creating an appropriate structure
- Emerging issues in training and development in India

UNIT 2 : Training needs assessment

- Organisational training needs: Levels of organizational needs Types of organizational reviews – Organization-wide review
- Individual training needs: The job and the individual Job training analysis Analytical techniques – Individual training needs analysis – Assessing performance

UNIT 3 : Training methods

- Methods of training: Cognitive Behavioural
- On the job training : Mentoring & coaching Job rotation
- Off the job training: Class room training Field trips Panel discussion Brainstorming Case studies – Team tasks – Role – Plays – Simulations – Business games – T-groups – Transactional analysis – Exception analysis

UNIT 4 : Developing effective training programs

- Training programs: Design Structure Management approaches Executive development programs – Worker training
- Trainers: Role Selection of trainers Trainer skills Training the trainers
- Computer based training: Benefits Types Intelligent tutorial system Programmed instructions – Virtual reality – E-Learning as a training tool

MBX 932 TRAINING AND ORGANIZATION DEVELOPMENT

UNIT 5 : Evaluation of training

- Criteria of evaluation
- Problems in evaluation
- Steps involved in evaluation
- Moving from training to performance

UNIT 6 : Foundations of organizational development (OD)

- OD overview: Conceptual frame work-History of OD
- Values, assumptions and beliefs in OD: Respect for people Trust & support Power equalization – Confrontation
- Models and theories of planned change Participation & empowerment Teams and teamwork – Creating parallel learning structures

UNIT 7 : Managing OD process and action research

- Managing OD process: Diagnosis The action management component The program management component
- Action research: A process and an approach Examples of action research in organization development
- Challenges in implementation of OD

UNIT 8 : OD Interventions

- An overview: Thinking about OD interventions Nature of OD intervention
- Types of OD interventions: Team interventions Intergroup and third party interventions Comprehensive interventions – Structural interventions
- Characteristics of selected structural interventions: Self-managed teams Work redesign – MBO and appraisal – Quality circles – Quality of work life projects – Total quality management – Self-design strategy – High-involvement and High-performance work systems

- 1. Armstrong, M.A.; Handbook of Human Resource Management Practice; Cogan Page, London
- 2. Dayal, I.; Manpower Training in organizations; Prentice Hall of India; New Delhi
- 3. Craig, Robert; Training and Development Handbook; McGraw Hill; New York
- 4. Lynton, R.P. and Pareek, U.; *Training and Development*, Irwine Doresy, Hopwood

Specialisation: HR

MBX 933 INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS & SOCIAL SECURITY

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to acquaint learners with the importance of and understanding of industrial relations and social security systems a in an organisation. Objective of the course is also to increase the competency to sustain the stress in managing IR issues. Learners develop awareness of various actors i.e., management, unions & Government so as to be able to resolve the industrial dispute.

UNIT 1 : Introduction of industrial relations

- Industrial relations Concept, theories and evolution
- Influencing factors of IR in enterprise and the consequences
- System approach to IR Actors, context, web of rules & ideology
- Industrial relations in India Employment structure Social partnership Wider approaches to industrial relations – Labour market

UNIT 2 : Trade unions

- Trade unions: Introduction Definition and objectives
- Trade unionism: Impact of trade unions on wages Growth of trade unions in India
- Legal framework: Trade unions Act 1926 Union recognition Union problems Employees association – Introduction – Objective membership – Financial status
- The trade unions Act 1926 (with amendments)

UNIT 3 : Quality of work life

- Workers' participation in management : Worker's participation in India Shop floor, plant level – Board level – Workers' welfare in Indian scenario
- Collective bargaining: Concept Meaning and objectives Process of collective bargaining
- Promoting peace
- Approaches, technique & strategies to collective bargaining

UNIT 4 : Grievance handling

- Causes of grievances Conciliation Arbitration and adjudication
- Grievance handling Procedural aspects for settlement of grievances Tripartite and bipartite bodies – Standing orders – Code discipline

UNIT 5 : Industrial dispute

- Anatomy of industrial disputes: Meaning, nature and scope of industrial disputes Cases and consequences of industrial disputes
- Prevention and settlement of industrial disputes in India
- The industrial disputes Act 1947 (with amendments)

MBX 933 INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS & SOCIAL SECURITY

UNIT 6 : Social security

- Social security: Introduction and types Social security in India Health and occupational safety programs
- Salient features of workmen compensation act
- Employees' state insurance act relating to social security
- Workers' education objectives Rewarding

UNIT 7 : Industrial laws

- Social security laws Laws relating to workmen's compensation Employees' state insurance
- Provident fund Gratuity and maternity relief
- Wages and bonus laws The law of minimum wages Payment of wages Payment of bonus
- Laws relating to working conditions The laws relating to factories Establishment and contract labour – Interpretations of labour laws, their working, and implications for management – Union – Workmen – The economy and the industry

UNIT 8 : Globalization & IR

- Impact of globalization on industrial relations
- Changing role of management, union and government
- Industrial relations in UK & USA, Japan & Russia

- 1. Arun, Monappa; Industrial Relations; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 2. BlaKler, Clar; Labour & Management in Industrial society
- 3. Patil, C.N.; Collective Bargaining; University Press
- 4. Aswathappa; Human Resource Management; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 5. Rao, V.S.P.; Human Resource Management: Text & Cases; Anurag Jain, New Delhi
- 6. **Dwivedi, R.S.**; *Managing Human Resources/Personnel Management in Indian enterprises*; Galgotia Publishing Company, New Delhi
- 7. Pottanayak, Biswajit; Human Resource Management; Prentice Hall of India

Specialisation: HR

MBX 934 STRATEGIC HRM

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: This course is designed to acquaint students with the systems and strategies used to manage people at work. In today's business environment, human resource management (HRM) is no longer seen as a peripheral staff function. Instead, the reality of business is that developing and managing human capital is vital for the success of any organisation. Therefore, this course is taught both from a general manager's perspective, as well as from an HR perspective. This means that we will look at ways that HRM can be used to enhance the competitive capabilities of an organisation

UNIT 1 : Understanding strategic HRM

- Traditional Vs strategic HR Typology of HR activities 'Best fit' approach Vs. 'Best practice' approach
- HR strategy and the role of national context
- Sectoral context and organizational context on HR strategy and practices
- Investment perspective of human resources

UNIT 2 : Aligning HR systems with business strategy

- Sustained competitive advantage How HR adds value to the firm HR as scarce resource inimitable resource non substitutable resource
- Linking HRM practices to organizational outcomes: Assessing and reducing costs Behavioral impact of HR – Linking strategy to HRM practices corporate HR philosophy and companywide HR standards HRM leading strategy formulation

UNIT 3 : HR strategy formulation

 Brief overview of strategic planning and planning in SBUs – HR strategy and HR planning – HR strategy in multinational – Global and transnational companies – HR contributions to strategy competitive intelligence resource reallocation decisions

UNIT 4 : HR strategy in workforce utilization

 Efficient utilization of human resource: Cross training and flexible work assignment work teams, non-unionization. Strategies for employee shortages – Strategies for employee surpluses

UNIT 5 : Strategies for performance and development

- Strategic dimensions of performance management Balanced scorecard EVA etc.
- HR strategy for training and development: Benefits Planning and strategizing training Integrated learning with performance management system and compensation

UNIT 6 : HR strategy in global economy

 Strategy and structure of divisionalised company – HR implications of mergers and acquisitions employee expectations consequences of acquisitions on HR practices

MBX 934 STRATEGIC HRM

UNIT 7 : High performance work practices

- Individual high performance practices Limitations of individual HPWP Systems of HPWP skill system motivating system – Individual practices Vs. systems of practices – Universal practices Vs. contingency perspectives
- Evaluating HR function: Overview of evaluation scope strategic impact level of analysis Approaches to evaluation audit approach analytical approach quantitative and qualitative measures outcome and process criteria – Balanced scorecard perspective – Benchmarking – Accounting for HRM purpose of measuring cost and benefits of HRM approaches to HRM performance employee wastage and turnover rates cost of absenteeism measuring human resource cost

UNIT 8 : HR scorecard

- HR as a strategic partner and measurement challenge 7 step Model for implementing HR's strategic role – Creating an HR scorecard
- Strategic HRM in emerging HR issues: HR strategy in workforce diversity virtual teams flexi time and telecommuting HR outsourcing contingent and temporary workers – Gender discrimination and glass ceiling effect – Employee engagement strategies – Talent management and retention

- 1. **Greer**, Charles R. ; *Strategic Human Resource Management: A General Managerial Approach;* Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2. Schuler, Randall S. and Jackson, Susan; Strategic Human Resource Management; Paperback
- 3. Salaman, Graeme; Storey, Johan and Billsberry, Jon; Strategic Human Resource Management: Theory and Practice; Second Edition; The Open University UK Sage Books publication

Specialisation: HR

MBX 935 MANAGING CHANGE

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: To make learners understand importance of change and need for organizational Change. This course defines sequential process, role and dynamics to organizational change. It further highlights ways of dealing with it.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to change Management

- Definition of change, how people experience change
- Seven phases of change: shock and surprise, denial and refusal, rational Understanding, emotional acceptance, exercising and learning, Rationalization, integration

UNIT 2 : Organizational Change

- Definition of Change Change: a managerial necessity
- Areas of change: Business environment Technology- Processes
- Changing role of managers
- Managing change from gender perspective

UNIT 3 : Model of Change Management

- The organizational development model
- People management
- Organizational politics and change
- The learning organization

UNIT 4 : Changing Organisations

- Organisation Change: Concept, forces and types of organizational change External and Internal, Recognizing the need for change, problem diagnosis
- The Six-Box organizational Model The 7-S framework Identifying alternate change techniques
- Resistance to change: Managing resistance to change
- Process of organizational change Incremental Change Vs Disruptive Change

UNIT 5 : Managing Change

- Process of Change: Planning
- Creating the support system Internal Resource Persons (IRP) and External agents
- Managing the transition Organization restructuring Reorganizing work activities
- Strategies of change: Process oriented strategies Competitor and Customer Oriented Strategies

Scheme of (MBA Executive) Batch 2015 Onwards

MBX 935 MANAGING CHANGE

UNIT 6 : Developing organisations

- Organisation Development OD process, OD Interventions
- Evaluating OD Effectiveness, Internal and external change agents
- Organizational change and its management in manufacturing and service sectors

UNIT 7 : Leading Change

- Managers as change agents
- Developing team for change
- Developing training programmes for change
- Successful Leaders, heroes and Chief Executive officers of change

UNIT 8 : Executing Change

- Process of execution Challenges of execution
- Reasons of success of change Reasons of failure of change
- Minimum two case studies one each of successful execution and one of failure earning

- 1. Pettigrew Andrew and Whipp Richard; Change Management, Infinity Books
- 2. **B Janakiram, Ravendra P V, Murlidhar Shubha**; *Change and Knowledge Management*, Published by biztantra
- 3. Paton Robert and McCalman James; Change Management, SagePublication, 3rd Edition
- 4. V Nilkant, S Ramnarayan; Change Management; Sage publication

Specialisation: HR

MBX 936 INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The aim is to make student understand HR Policies in Global settings and to give exposure to students to international HR

UNIT 1 : Introduction

- Defining International HR, The Organizational Context of IHRM
- Difference between domestic and international HR- Variables determining difference between domestic and international HR
- The path to global status
- Sustaining the International Business Operations

UNIT 2 : Introduction to cross cultural management

- Significance of Culture for International Management.
- Culture dimensions, impact of cross culture on organizations
- Role of culture in Strategic Decision Making.
- Influence of National Culture on Organizational Culture.
- Comparing Culture-Cultural and behavioral differences in different countries- various models for comparing cultural- Hofstede- GLOBE-Kluchohm & Stood beck

UNIT 3 : Shift in Culture and Cross- Cultural Communication

- Culture as a factor in a people's Response to Change
- Significance of shift in Culture Economic Factors and Shifts in National Culture Foreign Intervention and influence on shifts in Local Cultures.
- Role of effective communication for international and cross cultural management and in the field of international marketing
- Verbal Non-Verbal communication across cultures
- Managing Culture Specific Perception Responding the Demographic Change.

UNIT 4 : Cross Cultural Human Resources Management

- Staffing and Training for Global Operations Global Staffing Choices: Expatriates or Local Managers- Cross Culture Training Techniques for Expatriate Managers.
- Dynamics of Cross-Cultural Leadership
- Managing and Motivating Multi Culture Teams.
- Cross-culture ethics: Ethics values across cultures and Ethics dilemma, Overview of culture and management in Asia (India, China and Japan), US and Europe.

UNIT 5 : Cross –cultural Negotiation & Decision making

- Culture and Dispute Resolution of Conflicts and Disputes in cross culture context
- Negotiations across culture Cross Culture Negotiation Process with two illustrations from multi cultural context {India-Europe / India –US setting, for instance}

MBX 936 INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

UNIT 6 : Managing and supporting International Assignments

- Linking international assignment with organizational strategy
- Staffing for international assignments Issues in Staff Selection Selection Criteria
- The role of Expatriate Role of Non-Expatiate Dual Career Couples are female expatriate different,
- Developing staff through International Assignments

UNIT 7 : International HR

- Importance of pre-departure training, programs, the effectiveness of pre departure training,
- International compensation- objectives, components, approaches
- Performance management and appraisal of international employees

UNIT 8 : Key Issues in International HR

- Trade unions and international HR- the response of trade unions to multi nationals,
- The issue of social dumping,
- The impact of digital economy

Relevant case studies related to the topics should be discussed.

- 1. **Deresky Helen**; *'International management: Managing Across Borders and Cultural'*; 4th Ed. Prentice Hall India
- 2. Esen Drlarry, Rchildress John; 'The Secret of a Winning Culture: Building High- Performance Teams'; Prentice Hall India.
- 3. **Cashby Franklin**; *'Revitalize Your Corporate Culture: Powerful Ways to Transform Your Company into a Hiongh- Performance Organisation*; Prentice Hall India.
- 4. Rao, P.L.; Interantional Human Resource Management; Excel books

Specialisation: IT

MBX 941 ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING

Internal Marks:40External Marks:60Total Marks:100

Objective: The course has been designed to provide an in depth knowledge enterprise resource planning to students of management. The course aims to create understanding of the technical aspects of ERP systems, understand the steps and activities in the ERP.

UNIT 1 : ERP: Enterprise Perspective:

- An Overview, Features of ERP, Need of ERP
- Advantage of ERP Growth of ERP Trends in ERP, ERP in India

UNIT 2 : ERP: System Perspective -I:

- Management Information System
- Operations Support System, Decision Support System(DSS)
- Transaction Processing System (TPS)
- Executive Support System (ESS)
- Data Warehousing, Data Mining
- OLTP (On Line Transaction Processing), OLAP (On Line Analytical Processing)

UNIT 3 : ERP: System Perspective - II:

- Supply Chain Management
- Customer Relationship Management

UNIT 4 : Business Modules in ERP Packages-I:

- Finance, Production, Human Resource, Plant
- Maintenance, Materials Management
- Quality Management
- Sales and Distribution

UNIT 5 : Business Modules in ERP Packages-II

- Resource Management
- Business Process Reengineering
- Relationship between ERP & BPR

UNIT 6 : ERP Implementation

- Life Cycle
- Implementation methodology
- ERP Project Management & Monitoring
- Pre and Post Implementation Issues

MBX 941 ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING

UNIT 7 : ERP Key Issues

- ERP and E-Commerce, ERP Culture, ERP Selection Issues
- ERP in Public Sector Enterprises
- ERP Vendors

UNIT 8 : ERP Latest trends

- Key ERP Consultants in India
- Future Directions in ERP

- 1. Laudon, K.C. and Laudon, J.P.; *Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital Firm;* 11th Edition; Pearson Education, South Asia
- 2. Alexis Leon; Enterprise Resource Planning, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 3. V.K. Garg &N.K. Venkita Krishnan; ERP Concepts & Planning, Prentice Hall
- 4. Rahul V. Altekar; "Enterprise wide Resource Planning", Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. S. Sadagopan; ERP: A Managerial perspective. Tata McGraw Hill

Specialisation: IT

MBX 942 IT IN CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: The objective of the course is to make learners understand the role of IT in CRM, benefits of and difficulties in developing and implementing CRM strategies; ethical issues arising from the acquisition, use and sharing of customer data; and CRM's role in managing customers as critical assets, business intelligence and knowledge management. Recognize the basic technological infrastructure and organizations involved in current and emerging CRM practices, such as mobile/wireless communications.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to CRM

- Evolution of CRM Factors responsible for shift in orientation
- Defining CRM Various perspectives of CRM (Technology perspective, strategy perspective etc.)
- Benefits of CRM: Marketing benefits of CRM Service benefits of CRM
- Types of CRM: Operational CRM Analytical CRM Collaborative CRM
- CRM as a business strategy

UNIT 2 : Building customer relationship

- Acquiring customers Customer loyalty Optimizing customer relationships
- Relationship building as a process: Key steps Ladder of loyalty Customer defections
- Customer profitability & value modeling: Market share Vs. Share of customer Lifetime value of customers

UNIT 3 : CRM in consumer (B2C) markets

- Characteristics of B2C markets Service recovery
- Campaign management Event based marketing One-to-one relationship marketing, cross selling & up selling, customer retention, behaviour prediction
- Customer retention: Customer attraction Vs. Customer retention Importance of customer retention – Methods of customer retention
- CRM and customer service: The call centre, call scripting, customer satisfaction measurement

UNIT 4 : CRM in business (B2B) markets

- Characteristics of business markets: Market structure and demand Nature of buying unit – Type of decision and decision process
- Key account management Concept and application
- Customer value management: Understanding value Creating value Delivering value
- CRM in e-business: Expectations of online customers Benefits of e-CRM

MBX 942 IT IN CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

UNIT 5 : Sales force automation

- Introduction to SFA: Evolution of SFA Components of SFA Benefits of SFA to business
- SFA as a sales process activity Contact management Lead management Territory management
- Field force automation: Goals and challenges of FFA
- CRM links in e-Business: E-Commerce and customer relationships on the internet,
- Enterprise resource planning (ERP),
- Supply chain management (SCM), supplier relationship management (SRM), partner relationship management (PRM)

UNIT 6 : CRM Mechanics

- CRM Enablers: Customer related database, Developing a Customer related database,
- Database technology and hardware platform options, Retention and cross-sell analysis
- Maintaining the database, Desirable Database Attributes,
- Data Integration, Data Warehousing, Data Marts, Data Access and Interrogation, Data Mining,
- Privacy Issues

UNIT 7 : Customer Portfolio Management

- What is a portfolio? Who is the Customer?
- Basic disciplines for CPM, Market Segmentation, Sales Forecasting,
- Activity Based Costing, Lifetime Value Estimation, CPM in the B2B context,
- Strategically Significant Customers, Seven Core Customer Management Strategies.
- Customer Relationship Management and Customer Experience Management
- Experiential Marketing Strategies and Tactics, Customer Experience and the role of CRM.

UNIT 8 : Managing Networks for CRM

- What is a Network? Business Networks Network Position, Concept of Focal firm,
- Business Networks and CRM: Supplier Networks, Distribution Networks
- Management of Networks, Supplier Relationships,
- Product Development, Supplier Accreditation Programmes, Process Alignment,
- E-Procurement, Partners in Value Creation, Alliance between non-competing firms,
- Alliance between competing firms

- 1. Brown, Stanley A.; Customer Relationship Management; John Wiley & Sons, Canada
- **2. S. Shajahan**, *Customer Relationship Management Concepts and Technologies* by Francis Buttle, 2nd Edition, Butterworth Heinemann, Elsevier Relationship Management Text and Cases
- 3. Seth, Jagdish; Customer Relationship Management: A Strategic Perspective; Macmillan, New Delhi
- 4. Dyche, Jill; The CRM Handbook: A Business Guide to Customer Relationship Management; Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 5. Anderson, Kristin and Kerr, Carol; Customer Relationship Management; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Specialisation: IT

MBX 943 E-GOVERNANCE

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

(Objective:	1.	To learn operational aspects of e-Governance.
		2.	To know tools and techniques of e-Governance.
		3.	To acquire / develop skills of implementing e-Governance in appropriate situations.

UNIT 1 : Introduction:

- Definition, Why e- governance?
- G to G, G to C, C to G, G to B and B to G,
- Issues in e-governance applications and digital divide
- Evolution of e-governance
- Stages in E-Governance

UNIT 2 : E-Governance Models

- Broadcasting/ Wider Dissemination model, Critical Flow model Comparative Analysis model, Interactive service model/Government –to-Citizen to Government Model (G2C2G)
- Evolution in E- Governance and Maturity Models
- E-Governance: Strategies for success

UNIT 3 : E- Governance infrastructure

- Data Systems Infrastructure, Legal infrastructural preparedness
- Institutional infrastructural preparedness, Human infrastructural preparedness, Technological infrastructural preparedness

UNIT 4 : Applications E- Governance

Applications of Data Warehousing and Data Mining in Government

UNIT 5 : The challenges of E - Governance

- A prerequisite of good Governance
- E-Governance in Democratic set-up
- E-Governance Infrastructure
- Security concerns

UNIT 6 : Legal Issues E-Governance

RTI Act

MBX 943 E-GOVERNANCE

UNIT 7 : Case-study

• Case studies, especially, on E- Governance in India

UNIT 8 : Governance in India

- E-Governance Policy
- E-Governance Projects in States: Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka
- E-Governance in India
- Project

- 1. Richard Hecks; Implementing and Managing E-Governance, Vistar Publications
- 2. C.S.R Prabhu; E- Governance Concepts and case Studies, Prentice Hall of India

Specialisation: IT

MBX 944 E-COMMERCE

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Obje	ective:	1.	To introduce students to the concept of E –commerce
		2.	To equip students to assess e-commerce requirements of a business and develop E – business Plans
		3.	To help students understand various E -commerce applications

UNIT 1 : Introduction to Electronic Commerce:

- Meaning, nature and scope; Channels of E commerce; Business applications of E commerce;
- Global trading environment and adoption of E-commerce.
- Business Models of E-commerce and Infrastructure; B2B, B2C, B2G and other models of E-commerce;
- Applications of e-commerce to supply chain management; product and service digitization;
- Remote servicing procurement, and online marketing and advertising E-commerce resources and infrastructure planning

UNIT 2 : Business to Consumer E-commerce Applications:

- Cataloging; Order planning and order generation;
- Cost estimation and pricing;
- Order receipt and accounting;
- Order selection and prioritization:
- Order scheduling, fulfilling and delivery,
- Order billing and payment management;
- Post sales services.

UNIT 3 : Business to Business E-Commerce:

- Need and alternative models of B2B, E-commerce
- Using Public and private computer networks for B2B trading
- EDI and paperless trading: characteristic features of EDI service arrangement
- Internet based EDI
- EDI architecture and standards
- VANs; Costs of EDI infrastructure; Reasons for slow acceptability of EDI for trading
- E-marketing- Traditional web promotion: Web counters; Web advertisements

MBX 944 E-COMMERCE

UNIT 4 : Electronic Payment Systems and Order Fulfillment

- Types of payment systems e-cash and currency servers, e-cheques, credit cards, smart cards, electronic purses and debit cards;
- Operational, credit and legal risks of e -payment,
- Risk management options for e payment systems;
- Order fulfillment for e -commerce.

UNIT 5 : Regulatory Environment of E-Commerce:

- Borders and jurisdiction contracting and contract enforcement;
- International cyber laws -aims and salient provisions;
- Cyber laws in India and their limitations;
- Ethical issues in e -commerce.

UNIT 6 : Security Issues in e-business

- Security Overview, Electronic Commerce Threats, Encryption, Cryptography, Public Key and Private Key Cryptography, Digital Signatures, Digital Certificates,
- Securing E-commerce Networks: Security, Protocols such as HTTP, SSL, Firewalls, Personal Firewalls, IDS, VPNs, Public Key Infrastructure(PKI) for Security, E-Business models,

UNIT 7 : Futures of E-Commerce

- Futures of E-Commerce
- Cyber-laws; Nation State in New Millennium

UNIT 8 : E-Commerce strategy

- Entrepreneurial Opportunities
- Embedded E- Commerce
- Strategies for E-Commerce
- Ethical and Societal Impacts of E-Commerce

- 1. Bajaj, Deobyani Nag, E-Commerce, Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi, 2000
- 2. Diwan, Prag and Sunil Sharma, Electronic Commerce -A Manager's Guide to E-Business
- 3. Greenstein, M. and T.M. Feinman, *Electronic Commerce: Security, Risk,* Vanity Books International, Delhi

Specialisation: IT

MBX 945 DIGITAL MARKETING

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objective: To confront students with discussions about the implications of an increasingly technological Society and to provide insights on how to implement marketing in a digital world. To make students understand the traditional and new communication/marketing approaches to create competitive advantage in the Digital world.

UNIT 1 : The Technological Society

- Introduction to internet and WWW technology including security.
- Introduction to digital marketing and e-commerce: Business models, Business Models on the Web.
- Public policy: social, legal, ethical, political issues for e-commerce.

UNIT 2 ; Mobile e-commerce

- Killer apps for strategic goals.
- Retailing (e-tailing)
- Disintermediation, Channel conflict
- Pricing Strategies in 'fluid e-retail markets.'
- Services online : Online content & digital media , B2B e-commerce
- Global opportunities and issues.

UNIT 3 : Marketing in the Age of Fragmentation

- Mapping Digital Marketing Media
- The Long Tail
- The Economics of the Attention Economy Goldhaber's Attention Economy.

UNIT 4 : Digital Marketing and consumer Perspective

- Know your customer Buyer behavior, segmentation, targeting.
- The customer experience Web design customer service Quality of the online experience.
- Characteristics of E Marketing: Addressability Interactivity Accessibility Connectivity, Control.

UNIT 5 : Digital Marketing Tools

- Digital marketing Tools: Overview
- The website, branding, banner ads, affiliate marketing.
- Paid search, search engine optimization (SEO), comparison shopping engines.
- Email, RSS, podcasting, Blogs, Viral, Wikis, CRM. Auctions, Portals.

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MBX 945 DIGITAL MARKETING

UNIT 6 : Online Branding

- When they talk back... Communication and Branding in the Networked Economy.
- Search Engine Marketing
- Online Communities and Innovation Communities
- Mass Collaboration and Crowd-sourcing: How does the Internet help Innovate?
- Social networks, Value Creation through Social Networking.

UNIT 7 : Web analytics & marketing metrics

- Marketing research.
- The New Rules of Customer Intelligence: Laboratory Marketing and Customer Branding.
- Understanding Digital Analytics, Acquisition, Engagement and Conversion,
- Measuring Social Impact, Multi-Touch Analytics, Mobile Analytics,
- The Future of Digital Analytics: Big Data.

UNIT 8 : Building a digital marketing Plan

Learners shall undertake a project on web marketing and submit it as a document (Word or PDF) or PowerPoint. They will apply basic principles learned in this course and are expected to develop a web marketing plan for any organization – real or imaginary.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. **Damian Ryan, Calvin Jone. Kogan Page**; Understanding Digital Marketing: Marketing Strategies for Engaging the Digital Generation.
- 2. William M. Pride, O. C. Ferrell; Marketing 2012; Cengage Learning.
- 3. William Chitty; Integrated Marketing Communications; Asia Pacific Edition,
- 4. Kent Wertime, Ian Fenwick; DigiMarketing: The Essential Guide to New Media and Digital Marketing

Websites

http://knowledge.wharton.upenn.edu/

http://www.technologymanagementchicago.org/

http://www.ifm.eng.cam.ac.uk/research/ctm/

Specialisation: IT

MBX 946 Knowledge Management

Internal Marks	:	40
External Marks	:	60
Total Marks	:	100

Objectives: Knowledge Management course aims to develop behavioral and conceptual skills among learners that are mandatory for the organizational growth. It involves deliberations on the basic processes, systems, tools of managing knowledge in organizations. After completing the course, learners are expected to be able to formulate strategies for development, utilization and deployment of knowledge capabilities of an organization.

UNIT 1 : Introduction to Knowledge Management

- Knowledge Management: Definition Evolution–Need–Scope–
- From data to information and to knowledge
- Fundamentals of Knowledge Management, Drivers of knowledge management, knowledge management and knowledge sharing
- Developing knowledge management Practices and capability.

UNIT 2 : Essentials of Knowledge Management

- Knowledge management techniques Knowledge creation process systems and tools
- Building the knowledge corporation Pillars of knowledge management seven layers of knowledge management, – Knowledge networks,
- Designing and implementing knowledge management programme Supporting technology for knowledge management

UNIT 3 : Knowledge audit and analysis

- Analyzing business environment designing Knowledge Management team –
- Knowledge Management system: Blue print implementation Capture, store and sharing. Organizational culture and knowledge management
- Knowledge System: Issues, challenges and benefits, knowledge audit.

UNIT 4 : Organizational Context of KM

- Dispersed knowledge Social boundary of knowledge processes;
- Knowledge workers and knowledge intensive firms Knowledge workers and their retention
- Organizational knowledge measurement techniques Implementation barriers
- Knowledge management practices in organizations.

UNIT 5 : Intellectual capital Strategy

- Intellectual capital: Introduction, social innovation capital, false linearity, false orientation.
- Performance Measurement of KM Systems
- Factors influencing knowledge management;

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MBX 946 Knowledge Management

 KM Measurement Bell curve – Types of performance measures – Measurement approaches– Application of software.

UNIT 6 : Technology and Knowledge management

- Information Technology and knowledge management
- E-commerce and knowledge management
- CRM and knowledge management
- TQM and knowledge management
- Benchmarking and Knowledge Management.

UNIT 7 : Knowledge management and Learning organization

- Learning organization: five components of learning organization
- Knowledge sources and documentation.
- Difference between knowledge management and organizational learning
- Impact of Knowledge Management on Learning Organization in Indian Organizations

UNIT 8 : Futuristic knowledge management:

- Knowledge engineering: Introduction & problems,
- Theory of computation Data structure
- Strategic Knowledge Management for Futuristic Organizations

- 1. Sudhir Warier; Knowledge Management; Vikas Publications.
- 2. Stuart Barnes; Knowledge Management Systems; Thomson Learning.
- 3. J.M. Firestone, M.W. Mcelroy; Key issues in the New Knowledge Management, MA: KMCI Press/Butterworth Heinemann
- 4. Dr. B Rathan Reddy; Knowledge management, Himalya Publication house.