

# <u>Supporting Documents-</u> <u>Department of Chemical Sciences</u>

# **Copy of Syllabus of All Programs Offered Indicating Credits/Electives Approved by Board**





# Supporting Documents- Department of Chemical Science

<u>Copy of Syllabus of all programs offered</u> <u>indicating credits/electives approved by board</u>



		S	emeste	er-I				
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credi ts	1	Marks Distribution	
1.	CHL401-18	Inorganic Chemistry-I	1.5			Internal	External	1
2.	CHL402-18	Reactive Intermediates-I	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
3.	CHL403-18		45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
4.	CHL404-18	Physical Chemistry-I	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
5.	CHL404-18 CHL405-18	Spectroscopy - I	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
<i>6</i> .	CHL403-18 CHL406A-18	Environmental Chemistry	45	3-0-0	3	25	50	75
	CHL406B-18	Human Physiology * Or Numerical Methods for chemists*	45	3-0-0	3	25	50	75
7.	CHP407-18	Inorganic Chemistry Lab	60	0-0-6	2			
8.	CHP408-18	Organic Synthesis Lab	60		3	50	25	75
		Total		60         0-0-6         3           28 (Theory 22, Practical		50	25	75
			28 (Theo 6)	ory 22, Pra	ectical	270	430	700

## SCHEME OF THE PROGRAM:

		Se	emeste	r-II				
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credi ts		Marks Distribution	
1.	CHL411-18	Inorganic Chemistry-II			-	Internal	External	
2.	CHL412-18	Reactive Intermediates-II	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
3.	CHL413-18		45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
4.	CHL414-18	Physical Chemistry-II	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
5.	CHL415A-18	Spectroscopy - II	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
	CHL415B-18	Chemistry of Materials Or Chemical Biology	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
5.	CHP416-18	Physical Chemistry Lab	60	0-0-6	3	50		
7.	CHP417-18	Advanced Chemistry Lab-I	60			50	25	75
		Total		0-0-6	3	50	25	75
			26 (Theory 20, Practical 6)			250	400	650

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		Ser	nester	·-III				
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours L-T-P		Credi ts	Marks Distribution		Marks
1	<u></u>					Internal	External	
1.	CHL501-18	Inorganic Chemistry-III	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
2.	CHL502-18	Advanced Organic Chemistry –I	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
3.	CHL503-18	Physical Chemistry-III	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
4.	CHL504-18	Advanced Characterization Techniques	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
5.	CHL505A-18 CHL505B-18 CHL505C-18	Biophysical chemistry Or Medicinal Chemistry Or Advanced Functional Materials	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
6.	CHP506-18	Advanced Chemistry Lab-	60	0-0-6	3	50	25	75
7.	CHP507-18	Dissertation**		0-0-8	4	50	-	50
		Total	27 (The 7)	ory 20, Pra	actical	250	375	625

		Se	mester	r-IV				
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credi ts	Marks Distribution		Marks
						Internal	External	
1.	CHL511-18	Advanced Organic Chemistry- II	45	4-0-0	4	30 70		100
2. CHL512A-18 CHL512B-18 CHL512C-18 CHL512D-18 CHL512E-18 CHL512E-18		Advanced physical Chemistry Or Chemical Toxicology Or Supramolecular Chemistry Or Chemistry of Natural Products Or Green Chemistry Or Computational Chemistry	45	4-0-0	4	30	70	100
3.	CHP513-18	Research Seminar	30		3	50	_	50
4.	CHP514-18	Dissertation**		0-0-24	12	150	100	250
	Total			ory 8, Pracinar 3)	and the second	260	240	<u>500</u>

\* Human Physiology for students with mathematical background and Numerical methods for chemists for students with medical background.

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I.K.	GUJRA DEPA	AL PUN ARTME	NJAB T	<b>ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY</b> CHEMICAL SCIENCES		
<b>Course Name</b>	M.Sc	. Chem	istry	SCHERCES		
Subject Code:		104-18	<u>iibur y</u>			
Subject Title:		TROSC	OPY-I			
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:4	T:0	P:0	Credits:4		
Examination Duration (hours)	3			Cicuits.4		
Objective(s):	2. To	<ol> <li>To learn various techniques of spectrometric identification of organic compounds</li> <li>To characterize organic compounds by applying various techniques together</li> </ol>				

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
Ι	General Features of Spectroscopy: Introduction to spectroscopy, Nature of radiation, Energies corresponding to various kinds of radiation, Experimental techniques, intensities of spectral lines, Selection rules and transition moments, Line widths, Broadening. UV and Visible Spectroscopy of organic molecules: Measurement techniques, Beer – Lambert's Law, molar extinction coefficient, oscillatorstrength and intensity of the electronic transition, Frank Condon Principle, Ground andfirst excited electronic states of diatomic molecules, relationship of potential energycurves to electronic spectra, Chromophores, auxochromes, blue shift, red shift, hypo andhyperchromic effect, $\sigma$ - $\sigma$ *, $\pi$ - $\pi$ *, n- $\pi$ * transitions in organic molecules, Woodward rulesfor conjugated dienes and $\alpha$ , $\beta$ - unsaturated carbonyl groups, extended conjugation andaromatic sterically hindered systems, Quantitative applications.	10
	<b>Infrared Spectroscopy:</b> Introduction, Principle of IR spectroscopy, modes of vibrations, Vibrational frequency, fundamental vibrations, Selection rules, factors affecting vibrational frequencies, IR spectrophotometer, sampling techniques, special features of different classes of organic compounds pertaining to IR spectroscopy (such as aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, halogen compounds, alcohols and phenols, ethers, carbonyl compounds, acids and its derivatives, amines and amides, nitro and nitrides, nitrile compounds, heteroaromatic compounds etc.) and interpretation of IR spectrum, quantitative applications.	10
III	<b>Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy:</b> PMR: Natural abundance of <sup>13</sup> C, <sup>19</sup> F and <sup>31</sup> P nuclei; The spinning nucleus, effect of external magnetic field, precessional motion and frequency, Energy transitions, Chemical shift and its measurements. Factors influencing chemical shift, anisotropic effect; Integrals of protons, proton exchange, spin-spin coupling- splitting theory, one, two and three bond coupling, virtual, long range and allylic coupling, magnitude of coupling constant; factors affecting the coupling constant, Chemical and magnetic equivalence,	15

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	First and second order spectra, A2, AB, AX, AB2, AX2, A2B2 and A2X2 spin systems, Simplification of complex spectra (solvent effect, field effect, double resonance and lanthanide shift reagents), CW and FT NMR, Relaxation processes, T1 and T2measurements, Applications of PMR in structural elucidation of simple and complex compounds. <b>13C-NMR:</b> Resolution and multiplicity of 13C NMR, 1H-decoupling, noise decoupling, broad band decoupling; Deuterium, fluorine and phosphorus coupling; NOE and origin of nuclear overhauser effect. off-resonance, proton decoupling, Structural applications of13C-NMR., pulse sequences, pulse widths, spins and magnetization vectors, DEPT,INEPT, Introduction to 2D-NMR, COSY, NOESY, HMBC and HSQC spectra.	
IV	Mass Spectrometry: Introduction, methods of ionization EI & CI, Brief description of LD, FAB, SIMS, FD etc., Ion analysis methods (in brief), isotope abundance, Metastable ions, general rules predicting the fragmentation patterns. Nitrogen rule, determination of molecular ion peak, index of H eficiency, fragmentation patterns for aliphatic compounds, alkyl halides, aryl halides, alcohols, amines, aldehydes, Ketones, esters, amides, nitriles, carboxylic acids, ethers, monocyclic aromatic compounds.	10

## **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman, George S. Kriz & James R. Vyvyanz	Spectroscopy	Cengage learnings
2	Robert. M. Silverstein, Francis X. Webster, David J. Kiemle & David L. Bryce	Spectrometic Identification of Organic Compounds.	Wiley, 2007
3	W. Kemp	Organic Spectroscopy	Palgrave Macmillan
4	D.H. Williams, I. Fleming	Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry	New Age International
5	R. F. Barrow, Derek A. Long, D. J. Millen	Molecular Spectroscopy	Royal Society of Chemistry
6	C.N Banwell	Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy	Tata Mc Graw Hill

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end o	of the course, the student will be able to
CO1.	Solve structural problems based on UV-Vis, IR, <sup>1</sup> H-NMR, <sup>13</sup> C-NMR and mas
	spectral data.
CO2.	Elucidate the structures of various organic compounds on the basis of spectra
	uata.
CO3.	Understand various involved processes responsible for NMR chemical shift and splitting patterns and mass spectrometry.
CO4.	Illustrate the mechanisms that give rise to the infrared and UV-Visible absorption bands and identify to which functional groups each correspond.

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M.Sc (Chemistry), Choice Based Credit System, Batch 2020 and onwards

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	DCOC	Daga
CO1	3	5	3	1	1303	PSO6	PSO7
CO2	3	4	3	1	5	4	2
CO3	2	4	3	-	3	3	2
CO4	3	1	2	-	4	2	2
		4	3	2	3	2	2

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I.	K. GU. DEP	JRAL PU ARTME	JNJAB 7 NT OF (	TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY CHEMICAL SCIENCES			
<b>Course Name</b>	M.S.	c. Chem	istry				
Subject Code:		407-18					
Subject Title:	INOI	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:6	Credits:3			
Examination Duration (hours)	6		110	Cituits.5			
Objective(s):	musu	allve ex	periment	course is to provide practical knowledge and as about synthesis and characterization of d estimation of metal ions.			

Unit	Contents
Ι	Synthesis and characterization of following complexes and estimation of metal
	ions.
	<ol> <li>Synthesis of tris(ethylenediamine)nickel(II) dichloride, [Ni(en)<sub>3</sub>]Cl<sub>2</sub>, and estimation of Ni(II). Record and interpret its IR, UV-vis and magnetic susceptibility.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Synthesis of hexaaminenickel(II) dichloride [Ni(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]Cl<sub>2</sub> and estimation of Ni(II). Record and interpret its IR, UV-vis and magnetic susceptibility.</li> <li>Synthesis of IC, OUV &gt; 100 or 1</li></ol>
	3. Synthesis of [Cu(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> ]SO <sub>4</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O and estimation of Copper.
	4. To prepare cis and trans copper glycine complexes.
I.	5. Preparation of [VO(acco)] by the second s
	5. Preparation of [VO(acac) <sub>2</sub> ]. Record and interpret its IR, UV-vis and magnetic susceptibility.
	6. To prepare a pure sample of tris(acetylacetone)cobalt(III), Co(acac) <sub>3</sub> . Record and interpret its IR, UV-vis spectrum.
	<ol> <li>Preparation of tris(nitro-acetylacetonato)cobalt(III), Co(acac-NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, record and interpret its proton NMR spectrum.</li> </ol>
	8. To prepare [Fe(NO)(S <sub>2</sub> CNEt <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]. Record and interpret its IR and UV-vis
II	spectrum, Magnetic Susceptibility and Analysis of Fe(II).
п	Gravimetric Analysis
	<ol> <li>Determination of Ba<sup>2+</sup> as its chromate.</li> </ol>
	2. Estimation of lead as its lead molybdate.
	3. Estimation of chromium (III) as its lead chromate.
	4. Estimation of Cu <sup>2+</sup> using Ammonium/Sodium thiocyanate

## **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book
1	J.R. Barrante G. Marr and B.W. Rockett	Practical Inorganic Chemistry
2	Vogel	Inorganic Quantitative Analysis

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## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the er	nd of the cou	urse, the stud	lents will lea	arn					
CO1	. Prepa	Preparation of different inorganic complexes.							
CO2	. Purifi	Purification and crystallisation of inorganic compounds.							
CO3	Interr	Interpretation of compounds using UV-Vis, FT-IR techniques.							
CO4	• Meas	Measurement of various physical properties such as magnetic moment of complexes.							
CO5		metric analy	sis of variou	us cations.					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	5	1	4	2	5	2	-		
CO2	5	1	4	1	5	2			
		and the second sec					and the second second		
CO3	5	4	5	-	5	3	4		
CO3 CO4	5 3	4	5	-	5	3	4		

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I.K.	GUJRA DEPA	AL PUN ARTME	NJAB T	<b>TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY</b> CHEMICAL SCIENCES		
<b>Course Name</b>	M.Sc. Chemistry					
Subject Code:		08-18	<u>iiber y</u>			
Subject Title:	the second s		INTHE	SIS LAB		
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:6	Credits:3		
Examination Duration (hours)	6					
Objective(s):	Isolali	carry ou	cation ar	actical techniques for synthesis, identification, nd characterization of organic compounds. on experience the various methods of organic		

Unit	Contents
Ι	Techniques: (At least One Practical of Each Technique)
	Crystallization, Purification by Sublimation Distillation Frontin 1 Distillation
	Distillation, Vacuum Unstillation Preparative abragasts 1 C 1
	1 Statis Dienaration and thin Lovier Character 1
	(I unly is to be checked by m.p. and mixed m.p.)
II	reparation of Derivatives: (Each Derivative of at least and C
TTT	
III	reparations.
	(a) At least eight single stage preparations from the following should be carried
	and proparations should be carried out on micro scale
	1) Cyclonexanone to Adipic acid
	ii) Benzophenone to Benzhydral
	iii) Anthracene to Anthraquinone
	iv) Chlorobenzene to 2,4-Dinitrochlorobenzene
	v) 2,4-Dinitrochlorobenzene to 2,4-Dinitrophenol
	vi) Acetoacetic ester to 1-Phenyl-3-methyl-5 pyrazolone
	vii) Benzaldehyde to Cinnamic acid
	viii) 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde to 4-Chlorobenzoic acid and 4-Chlorobenzyl alcohol
	x) Benzaldehyde to Dibenzylidene acetone
	xi) p-Aminobenzoic acid to p-Chlorobenzoic acid
	xii) N,N-Dimethylaniline to 4-Formyl-N, N-dimethyl aniline
	xiii) Benzophenone to Benzpinacol
	xiv) p-Nitrotoluene to p-Nitro benzoic acid
	xv) Anisole to 2,4-Dinitroanisole
	xvi) Phthalic anhydride to phthalimide xvii) Phthalimide to Anthranilic acid
	xviii) A cetanilide to p. Drement in the
	xviii) Acetanilide to p-Bromoacetanide xix) p-Bromoacetanide to p
	xix) p-Bromoacetanide to p-Bromoaniline
	xx) m-Dinitrobenzene to m-Nitroaniline
	(b) Minimum 2 two stage and 2 three stage preparations to reveal how to develop a synthetic sequence.
	- j - metre sequence.
-	(c) Interpretation of NMR, IR and Mass Spectra of about 10 compounds.

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S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	Brian S. Furniss, Antony J. Hannaford, Peter W.G. Smith and Austin R. Tatchell	Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Longman, London
2	F.G. Mann and B. C. Saunders	Practical Organic Chemistry	Longman, New York
3	John Leonard, Barry Lygo and Garry Procter	Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry, Third Edition	CRC Press, London
4	J.T. Sharp	Practical Organic Chemistry: A student handbook of techniques	Springer
5	Philippa B. Cranwell, Laurence M. Harwood and Cristopher J. Moody	Experimental Organic Chemistry, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition	Wiley
6	Robert. M. Silverstein, Francis X. Webster, David J. Kiemle & David L. Bryce	Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds.	Wiley, 2007

## **Reference Books**

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the en	nd of the cou	urse, the stud	dents will be	able to					
C01	• Appl	f the course, the students will be able to Apply various methods techniques in organic synthesis to build organic molecules.							
CO2	. Unde	Understand the fundamental mechanistic pathways of organic synthesis							
CO3 CO4	<ul> <li>Apply of org</li> </ul>	the spectros	scopic techn les.	b techniques iques for the	determinatio	on of molecu	llar structures		
004	proce	dures.	with practic	al skills and	the awarene	ss of health a	and safety		
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	1	3	5	3	5	5	2		
CO2	2	3	5	3	3	4			
CO3	1	3	5	2	3		3		
CO4	4	3	3	4	5	3	2		

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I.K. ( D	GUJRA EPAR	AL PUN TMEN	JAB TI F OF C	ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY HEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	M.Sc	. Chem	istry	
Subject Code:		114-18	<u></u>	
Subject Title:		TROSCO	OPY-II	
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:4	T:0	P:0	Credits:4
Examination Duration (hours)	3			Creation of the second
Objective(s):	To pi identif	ovide kr	nowledge ad elucida	of advanced spectroscopic techniques for ation of structures of molecules

Unit I	Contents	Contact Hours
1	<ul> <li>Microwave spectroscopy: Rigid and non-rigid rotator, Intensities of spectral lines, isotopic substitution effects, polyatomic linear and symmetric top molecules, Stark effect</li> <li>Vibrational Spectroscopy: Types of vibrations, overtones, combination and difference bands, Fermi resonance, group vibrations, Harmonic and anharmonic oscillators, absorptions of radiation by molecular vibrations, selection rules, force constant, frequency of vibrational transitions of HCl, vibrations in a polyatomic molecule, 3N-6 and 3N-5 rules, Applications</li> </ul>	12
Ш	<b>Raman Spectroscopy:</b> Introduction, vibrational-rotational Raman Spectra, selection rules, mutual exclusion principle, anisotropic polarizabilty, Stokes, anti-Stokes lines, vibrational Raman spectra of CO <sub>2</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> O, polarised and depolarised Raman Lines. <b>Mössbauer Spectroscopy:</b> Basic principles, Spectral parameters and display, simple spin states (I 1/2, 3/2), higher spin states (I > 3/2), magnetic splitting, quadruple splitting, additive model application to ${}^{57}$ Fe, ${}^{119}$ Sn	10
III	Nuclear Quadruple Resonance Spectroscopy: Introduction, experimental considerations, fundamentals of NOR spectroscopy, origin of EFG, measurement of energy differences between two nuclear spin states, the asymmetry parameter, effects of the magnetic field, interpretation of the spectra, application of NQR spectroscopy Photoelectron Spectroscopy-I: Introduction, photoelectron spectroscopy, chemical shift, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, molecular orbital diagrams of nitrogen and oxygen and their XPS spectra-ESCA.	11
IV	Photoelectron Spectroscopy-II: Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy (UPS), PES spectrum of nitrogen sample, vibrational structure in the N2 UPS spectrum, chemical shifts in XPS, exchange splitting and shake up process. Electron Paramagnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: Principle, Spectral display, hyperfine splitting in isotropic systems involving more than one nucleus, Factors affecting magnitude of g values,	12

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	zero field splitting and Krammer's degeneracy, Spectrum of benzene radical anion, methyl radical, CH <sub>2</sub> OH, cyclopentedienyl, cycloheptatrienyl radical, pyrazine anion, pyrazine anion, Spectra of triplet states.
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#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	R.S. Drago	Physical Methods in inorganic Chemistry	Affiliated East-West Press (Section 1& 2) 2nd Edition, Reinhold New York (1968)
2	C. N. Banwell	Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy	McGraw-Hill, 1966
3	R. V. Parish	NMR, NQR, EPR & Mossbauer spectroscopy in Inorganic Chemistry	Ellis Horwood, London, 1990
4	G. M. Barrow	Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy	McGraw-Hill
5	E. A. Ebsworth, S.Craddock and D.W. H. Rankin	Structural methods in Inorganic Chemistry	Blackwell Scientific Publications (1991)
6	C.N.R. Rao and J.R. Ferraro	Spectroscopy in Organic Chemistry	Vol. I, Academic Press, 1971

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	d of the cou	irse, the stud	lent will be	able to				
CO1.	Learn	Learn the fundamental and advanced concepts of Microwave Infrare						
	Vibra	tion-rotation	and their ar	plications for				
	chem	ical analysis	7		pechebeopy	and then ap	prications for	
CO2.	Under	rstand Elec	ctronic spe	ctroscopy (	of different	elements	and simple	
	molec	cules.						
CO3.		the conce	epts and p	rinciples of	f Mössbaue	r Spectrosc	copy and its	
	appine	ation.					opy and no	
CO4.	PP-J	v Nuclear	Quadruple	Resonance	e and Ele	ectron Spin	Resonance	
	Spect	roscony for	organic com	mounds - 1		opin	resonance	
00-	Speed	roscopy for t	organic con	pounds anal	YSIS.			
CO5.	Solve	structural pr	roblems bas	ed on these t	ysis. techniques.			
	Solve PSO1	structural pr PSO2	roblems bas PSO3	ed on these t PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
	Solve	structural pr	roblems bas	ed on these t	techniques.	PSO6	PSO7	
CO5. CO1 CO2	PSO1	structural pr PSO2	PSO3	ed on these t	PSO5	3	3	
CO1	PSO1 3	structural pr PSO2 3	roblems bas PSO3 3 3	ed on these t	PSO5       3       3	3	3	
CO1 CO2 CO3	Solve           PSO1           3           3           3           3	structural pi       PSO2       3       4       4	roblems basPSO3332	ed on these t	PSO5 3	3	3	
CO1 CO2	Solve     PSO1     3     3	structural pi       PSO2       3       4	roblems bas PSO3 3 3	ed on these t	PSO5       3       3	3	3	

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1	.K. GU. DEP	JRAL PU ARTME	JNJAB T	FECHNICAL UNIVERSITY CHEMICAL SCIENCES
<b>Course Name</b>	M.S.	c. Chem	nistry	EMEMICAL SCIENCES
Subject Code:		416-18	anoth y	
Subject Title:			CHEMIS	TRY LAB
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:6	Credits:3
Examination Hours:	6			Creatis.5
Objective(s):	To pro taught	ovide stud t in theory	dents pra	ctical knowledge and skills about various topics

Any fifteen experiments to be performed out of the following:

- 1. Find graphically the equivalent conductance at infinite dilution of weak electrolyte and hence determine the thermodynamic dissociation constant of the weak acid.
- 2. Determine the equivalent conductance of a strong electrolyte at several concentrations and verify the Onsagar's equation.
- 3. Determine the equivalent conductance of a weak electrolyte at infinite dilution using Kohlraush law.
- 4. To determine relative strength of two acids by conductance measurements.
- 5. Determine the solubility of a sparingly soluble salt in water using conductance measurements.
- 6. Determine the end point of some typical titrations by conductometric method.
- 7. Determine the composition of a mixture of acetic acid and hydrochloric acid by conductometric titration.
- 8. Study the kinetics of saponification of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide and hence determine the activation energy of the reaction.
- 9. Investigate the reaction between acetone and iodine.
- 10. Determine the relative strength of two acids studying the hydrolysis of an ester.
- 11. Study the kinetics of decomposition of the complex formed between sodium sulphide and sodium nitroprusside spectrophotometrically and find the rate constant and order of the reaction.
- 12. Investigate the inversion of cane sugar in presence of an acid.
- 13. Obtain a calibration curve for a given compound and verify Beer-Lambert law.
- 14. Study the complex formation between Fe (III) and salicylic acid, and find the formula and the stability of the complex.
- 15. Determine the concentration of Nickel in solution by spectrophotometric titration.
- 16. Determination of specific and molar refraction of a liquid by Abbe refractometer.
- 17. Determine the refraction equivalents of C, H, and Cl atoms.
- 18. Determine the composition of mixture of two liquids by refractive index measurements.
- 19. Determination of surface tension of given liquid by a) drop number method and b) drop weight method using stalagmometer.
- 20. Determine the critical micellar concentration of soap (sodium or potassium lauryl sulphate) by surface tension measurements.
- 21. Determine the parachor of the mixture using surface tension measurements.
- 22. Compare the cleansing power of two samples of detergent.

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- 23. Determination of transition temperature of given substance by thermometric or dilatometric method.
- 24. Find water equivalent and heat of neutralization of strong acid vs strong base, weak base vs. strong acid using Dewar's flask.

### **Reference Books**

1. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry by J.B. Yadav.

2. Findlay's Practical Physical Chemistry.

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- **CO1.** Understand the basic procedures for carrying out a physical chemistry practical like preparation and standardisation of solutions, handling the equipments and measuring with precision.
- CO2. Correlate the theoretical and practical aspects and know about the limits of the experimental error.
- CO3. Determine the various physical parameters for the various problems under study which in turn will enhance their problem solving and analytical skills.
   CO4. Verify various laws studied in the theory part

PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
5	5	2
5	2	
	2	4
4	3	5
	4	4 2

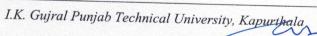
G Department of Chemical Sciences IKG Punjab Technical University Kapurthala - 144603 Punjab (INDIA)

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I.K. I	GUJRA DEPAR	L PUNJ TMENT	AB TEC OF CHE	HNICAL UNIVERSITY EMICAL SCIENCES			
<b>Course Name</b>	M.Sc	. Chemis	trv				
Subject Code:	CHP417-18						
Subject Title:	ADVANCED CHEMISTRY LAB-I						
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:6	Credits:3			
Examination Hours:	6 1.0 Creaks:5						
Objective(s):	technic	To provide illustrative experiments to support the material taught in the theory courses and to give the students practical experience in techniques used in the synthesis, isolation, characterization and structure determination of inorganic compounds.					

S.No.	Contents
<b>I</b>	<ol> <li>Inorganic Practicals         <ol> <li>Preparation of Octahedral and Tetrahedral Complexes of dichlorodipyridylcobalt(II), Differentiate them using IR, UV and Magnetic Properties. Estimate Co(II) from one of them.</li> <li>Preparation of cis-and trans-potassium Dioxalato Diaquochromate (III). Interpretation of IR, UV and Magnetic Properties. Estimation of Chromium.</li> <li>Preparation of Salicylamide complexes of Copper(II). IR, UV, magnetic data and analysis of Cu(II).</li> <li>To separate the mixture of metal ions (Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Ni<sup>+2</sup>, Cu<sup>+2</sup>, Zn<sup>+2</sup>, Fe<sup>+2</sup>) using thin layer and column chromatography.</li> <li>To perform the solvent extraction for the recovery of metal ions (Cr<sup>3+</sup>, Ni<sup>+2</sup>, Cu<sup>+2</sup>, Zn<sup>+2</sup>, Fe<sup>+2</sup>) from aqueous medium.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
П	<ul> <li>Organic Practicals</li> <li>1. Synthesize (a) 2,4-dinitro-1-chlorobenzene from chlorobenzene, (b) mixture of <i>o</i>- and <i>p</i>-nitrophenols from phenol and (c) <i>p</i>-nitroacetanilide from acetanilide and make comparison of the reactivity of various substrates and reaction conditions used for performing nitration in each experiment. (Book 2, pp 978-979, 919-20)</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Synthesis of benzalacetophenone by condensation of benzaldehyde with acetophenone and study its bromination and subsequent de-bromination. (Book 1, pp 242-247, Book 3 pp 361-365)</li> <li>Synthesis of 2-chloro-4-bromo-6-iodoaniline from aniline. (Book 1, pp 292-299).</li> <li>The epoxidation of benzalacetophenone to its epoxide and study its reactivity towards hydroxyl ion. (Book 3, pp 363-364).</li> <li>Michael addition of aniline to benzalacetophenone. (Book 1, p 247).</li> </ol>



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	6.	Conversion of benzalacetophenone to its oxime and its transformation to amideand oxazole derivatives. (Book 1, pp 242-247, Book 3 pp 361-365)
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## **Reference Books**

S.No.	()	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	R.M. Roberts, Gilbert, L. B. Rodewald and A.S. Wingrove. Holt,	An Introduction to Modern	Ranehart and Winston Inc., J. C New York 1969.
2	Arthur Israel Vogel (Author)	Vogel's Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Edition.	Longman, 1961.
3	R. Adams, J.R. Johnson	Laboratory Experiments in Organic Chemistry	Macmillan; 7th edition (1979)
4	G. Marr and B.W. Rockett	Practical Inorganic Chemistry	(1)//)
5	W.L. Jolly	The Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds	

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

The stude	ents will lea	rn							
CO1.	Prepa	Preparation of different inorganic complexes.							
CO2.	Purifi	Purification and crystallisation of inorganic compounds.							
CO3.	Interp	Interpretation of compounds using UV-Vis, FT-IR techniques.							
CO4.	Ivieasi	Measurement of various physical properties such as magnetic moment complexes.							
CO5.	Apply	ring related of	experiments	for their rese	arch work.	-			
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	5	1	4	2	5	2	-		
CO2	5	1	4	1	5	2			
CO3	5	4	5	-	5	3	4		
CO4	3	4	5	-	4	2	2		
CO5	5	2	2						
				-	5	1	-		

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## **SEMESTER-III**

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Subject Code:	CHL	CHL504-18							
Subject Title:	ADVANCED CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES								
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	ntact Hours: L:4 T:0 P:0 Credits:4								
Examination Duration (hours)	3								
Objective(s):	This course will introduce the students to different techniques to characterisation of organic and inorganic materials. The emphasis we be on understanding crystal structure, morphology, microstructure different types of phases present in a material, purity of the material.								

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours					
I.	<ul> <li>X-Ray diffraction: Single crystal XRD and powder XRD, Bragg's diffraction law, Unit cell, space group, element of space group, particle size analysis using Scherer formula.</li> <li>Thermo-Analytical Methods: Theory, instrumental requirements and methodology for thermo gravimetric analysis (TGA), differential thermal analysis (DTA) and differential scanning calorimetry (DSC), applications.</li> </ul>						
II.	Scanning electron microscopy: Principle, Specimen Preparation, Replicas Various-application of SEM. Transmission electron microscopy : Instrumentation, Principle, Advantage, Difference between SEM and TEM	10					
III.	<ul> <li>Chromatographic Methods: Classification of chromatographic methods according to separation and development procedure, Stationary phase, mobile phase, retention time.</li> <li>Gas chromatography: Physical components, Types of column and detector, Carrier gas, Applications, Inverse Gas chromatography, GC-MS: construction and working.</li> </ul>	13					
IV.	<b>High performance liquid chromatography</b> : Construction and working, Partition chromatography, Normal and reverse phase chromatography, Ion exchange chromatography, Isocratic and gradient elution. Gel permeation chromatography. Electrophoresis and electrochromatography.	10					

### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year	
1.	J.Goldstein, D. E. Newbury, D.C. Joy, and C.E. Lym	Scanning Electron Microscopy and X-ray Microanalysis	2003	
2.	S.L. Flegler, J.W. Heckman and K.L. Klomparens	Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy: A Introduction	WH Freeman & Co, 1993.	
3.	P.J.Goodhew, J.Humphreys, R.Beanland	Electron Microscopy and Analysis		
4.	Willard, Merritt, Dean and	Instrumental Methods of	CBS Publisher and	

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1100	Settle	Analysis	Distribut 1000
5.	W. W. Wendlandt and L. W. Collins, Dowden Hutechin and Ross	Thermal Analysis	Distributors.,1986
6.	K. Tyagi, Mainak Roy, S. K. Kulshreshtha and S. Banerjee	Advanced Techniques for Materials Characterization	

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	1 of the cou	irse the stu	dont will be	-1-1- 4				
C01.	ad of the course, the student will be able to							
COI.	<b>CO1.</b> Understand the topography, morphology, composition, relationship composition and material properties.							
000	comp	usition and	material pro	perties.				
CO2.	Learn	the function	oning of the	X-ray diffi	ractometer,	about its con	mponents and	
	would	t be able to	determine th	ne crystal st	tructure of a	material fir	d immuniter in	
	une m	aleriai, um	erent phases	present in	the mixture	of compour	nd qualitative	
	as we	n as functio	nanties					
CO3.	Under	rstand the i	nstrumentati	on of TGA	and also to	calculato th	e weight loss	
	with t	emperature	types of ch	anges occur	ring in the n	calculate in	tances during	
	therm	al breading	, enthalpy ch	anges durin	a heat troat	naterial/subs	tances during	
<b>CO4</b> .	Apply	the know	vledge of v	arious cha	rootorization	tent of a con	in material	
	indust	ries, metall	urgy industri	les electron	in duration	techniques	in material	
CO5.	Apply	the quant	itative and	nuclitative	ne maustries	, civil Engin	leering.	
	and it	Apply the quantitative and qualitative separation techniques in purification and its applications in food industry, pharmaceutical industry, purification,						
	remov	al of pollut	ants, medicin	nicustry, p	narmaceutic	al industry,	purification,	
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	DSO4				
CO1	2	2	3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
CO2	1	2			3	3	3	
CO3	1		2		3	3	3	
<u>CO3</u>	1	2	2	1	4	3	3	
	2	1		4		2	·	
CO5	3	2	1		3	3	2	

## I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES Course Name M.Sc. Chemistry

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Subject Title:	ADVANCED CHEMISTRY LAB-II							
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0 T:0 P:6 Credits:3							
Examination Hours:	6							
Objective(s):	To pro taught	To provide students practical knowledge and skills about various topics taught in theory class of physical chemistry						

Unit	Contents						
Ι	Any 10 experiments to be performed out of the following:						
	1. Preparation and study of Hardy – Schulze's rule for arsenious sulphide						
	Ferric hydroxide sols.						
	2. Verify the Freundlich adsorption isotherm for adsorption of CH <sub>3</sub> COO						
	nomits aqueous solution by activated charcoal.						
	3. Composing a phase diagram for three component system.						
	4. Determination of distribution coefficient of $I_2$ between CCl <sub>4</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> O.						
	<ol> <li>To show that benzoic acid dimerises in benzene by distribution method.</li> <li>Determination of degree of hydrolysis of grilling la la</li></ol>						
	and the second of degree of invulority is of aniline hydrochloride at room						
	temperature and hence hydrolysis constant of the salt.						
	7. Determination of pH of various mixtures of sodium acetate and pastia acid						
	in aqueous solutions and hence determine the dissociation constant of the acid.						
	에 이렇게 잘못해 있을까? 정말에서 있었던 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있다. 이렇게 말했는 것이 가지 않는 것이 것이 있는 것이 있다. 이렇게 있는 것이 없다. 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 있는 것이 없다. 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없다. 것이 없는 것이 없						
	8. Determination of equilibrium constant of a reaction potentiometrically. 9. To construct a calibration curve for a reaction potentiometrically.						
	<ol> <li>To construct a calibration curve for quinhydrone electrode and thu determine its standard reduction potential.</li> </ol>						
	10. Determination of disconintian						
	potentiometrically.						
	11. Determination of composition of KCl-KBr mixtures by potentiometri						
	titration against silver nitrate solution.						
	12. Determination of acid and basic dissociation constants of an amino aci						
	and hence the iso- electric point of the acid.						
	13. Litration of a mixture of Chlorit						
	potentiometrically.						
	14. Titration of Phosphoric acid solution with NaOH using quinhydron						
	cicculde.						
	15. Determination of Solute species in a phosphate mixture potentiometrically.						
II	Any 5 experiments to be performed out of the following:						
1000	<ol> <li>Separation of a mixture of amino acids using thin layer chromatography.</li> <li>Isolation and quantitation of DNA from onion</li> </ol>						
	2. Isolation and qualititation of DNA from onion						
	<ol> <li>Isolation, detection, and quantitation of protein (casein) from milk.</li> <li>Osmosis and diffusion through semipermeable membrane.</li> </ol>						
	<ol> <li>Estimation of DNA quantity using UV-Vis spectrophotometer.</li> <li>DNA diagonal intervention of Comparison of</li></ol>						
	7. DNA/ligand interaction (Scatchard plot) using UV-Vis spectrophotometer.						
	e interview proty using 0 v - v is spectrophotometer.						

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1	8. Serum albumin/ligand interaction using UV-Vis spectrophotometer
	o. Serum albumin/ligand interaction using UV-Vis spectrophotometer
	Bind interaction using 0 v - v is specific ophotometer

## **Reference Books**

1. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry by J.B. Yadav.

2. Findlay's Practical Physical Chemistry.

3. Safety-Scale Laboratory Experiments for Chemistry for Today, S L Seager and M R Slabaugh, Brooks/Cole Laboratory Series for General, Organic, and Biochemistry, VII edition, Brooks/Cole, 2010

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- **CO1.** Emphasize the importance of different techniques used for titration viz. potentiometery, pHmetry and amperometry.
- **CO2.** Correlate the theoretical and practical aspects and know about the limits of the experimental error.
- CO3. Determine the various physical parameters for the various problems under study which in turn will enhance their problem solving and analytical skills.
   CO4. Verify various laws studied in the theory part

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	1	4	4	3	5	5	2
CO2	2	4	5	3	5		3
CO3	2	5	5	2	1	2	4
CO4	2	4	5	1	4	3	5
	- 4	4	3	1	4	2	5

## SEMESTER-IV

## I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

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Course Name	M.Sc	. Chem	istry				
Subject Code:		512A-18					
Subject Title:	the second se	ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:4	T:0	P:0	Credits:4			
Examination	3			C. CHILD, T			
<b>Duration</b> (hours)							
Objective(s):	macro	molecule	s in phy s and th	course is to provide an introduction to few viscal chemistry like the chemistry of colloids, the latest electroanalytical techniques, focussing cation part.			

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
Ι.	<b>Colloidal State:</b> Classification of colloids, charge and stability of colloidal dispersions, Hardy-Schulze Law, gold number, electrical properties of colloids, zeta-potential, electrophoresis and electroosmosis, emulsions and their classification, gels and their classification, thixotropy. Micelles, Surface active agents, Classification of surface active agents, Micellization, Hydrophobic interaction, Critical micellar concentration (cmc), Factors affecting the concentration of surfactants, Counter-ion binding of micelle, Thermodynamics of micellization, Applications.	11
II.	<b>Polymers:</b> Types of polymers, regular and irregular polymers, electrically conducting polymers, synthesis of polymers by chain and step reaction polymerization, physical properties of solid polymers (crystallinity, plasticity & elasticity) vulcanization of rubbers, molecular mass determination by osmometry, viscometry, light scattering and ultracertrifuge methods, number and mass average molecular masses, polymer solutions, factors affecting the solubility of polymers.	12
III.	<b>Voltammetric Techniques-I:</b> Linear sweep voltammetry; voltammetric electrodes, voltammograms. Hydrodynamic Voltammetry; concentration profiles at electrode surfaces, voltammetric currents, current voltage relationships, voltammograms for mixtures, Applications; voltammetric detectors, amperometric sensors, amperometric titrations. Differential pulse voltammetry.	10
IV.	<b>Voltammetric Techniques-II:</b> Polarography: principle, instrumentation and Applications, advantages and disadvantages of DME. Cyclic Voltammetry: Electrode used in cyclic voltametry, electrochemical mechanism, Eads mechanism (Adsorption mechanism), Butler-volmer equation, Reversible one electron transfer.	12

### **Reference Books**

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S

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1.	R.J. Young and P.A.Lovell	Introduction to Polymers	Chapman and Hall London, 2nd ed., New Delhi (2004)
2.	F.W. Jr. Billmeyer	Text book of polymers science	Wiley-Interscience, 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed. (1984)
3.	D. Myers	Surfactant Science and Technology	VCH Publishers (1988)
4.	P.J. Flory	Priciples of polymer chemistry	Cornell Univ. Press, Ithace (Indian Print 2006)
5.	M.J. Rosen	Surfactants and Interfacial Phenomena	John Wiley & Sons (1989)
6.	P.H. Reiger	Electrochemistry	Prentice-Hall, New Jersey (1994)
7.	D.R. Crow	Principles and Applications of Electro-chemistry	Blackie academic,Glasgow (1988)
8.	Bard &. Faulkner	Electrochemical Methods: Fundamentals and Applications	
9.	C.M.A. Brett and A.M.O. Brett	Electrochemistry: Principles, Methods and Applications	Oxford Uni. Press (1993)

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	d of the cou	urse, the stud	dent will be	able to	<u>.</u>		
C01.	Unde polyn	rstand major ners and elec	r aspects of ctrode proce	chemical te sses.			rface science,
CO2.	Deve	lop insights	s in the r	nicelle forr	nation proc	ess and e	mphasize its
CO3.	Know	about poly	mers in deta	il.			
<b>CO4</b> .	Corre	late various	types of v	oltammetric	techniques	and their is	mportance in
	sensir	ng field.	51		teeninques	and then h	inportance in
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	2	4	5		3	2	2
CO2	2	3	5	2	2	2	
CO3	3 .	2	4	2		2	2
CO4	2	3	3		2	3	2 3

## I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES

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1

	DEPA	RTME	NT OF C	CHEMICAL SCIENCES			
<b>Course Name</b>		M.Sc. Chemistry					
Subject Code:		CHL512E-18					
Subject Title:	GREE	GREEN CHEMISTRY					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:4	T:0	P:0	Credits:4			
Examination Duration (hours)	3						
Objective(s):	green of 2. The	emphas	y and its sis is on	dents of Master class about various concepts of technologies. the synthesis of various entities using benign stry (their role and advantages).			

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I.	Introduction to the Green Chemistry; Historical context: The Greening of Chemistry; Waste: Production, Problems, Prevention; Measuring and Controlling Environmental Performance; planning for the future for reducing carbon in the atmosphere; Emergence of Green chemistry and its environmental impact.	10
II.	Twelve Principles of green chemistry, concepts, importance and their applications with special emphasis on the use of alternative renewable feedstock (bio-fuels, biomass and their applications in green synthesis of various compounds); Use of innocuous reagents in natural processes; Alternative solvents; Design of the safer chemicals; Designing alternative reaction methodology; Minimizing energy consumption. Sustainable Polymers: The case of polylactide, using CO <sub>2</sub> and other feedstock.	10
III.	Green reactions (Role, advantages and applications): Aqueous phase organic synthesis, Solvent less organic synthesis, Photochemical organic synthesis, PTC catalysed reactions, Microwave induced reactions, Enzymatic transformations, Sonication reactions & reactions in Ionic liquids.	13
IV.	Green reactions (Role & mechanism): Aldol condensation reaction (solid phase and Ionic liquid synthesis), Baeyer-Villiger oxidation (aqueous phase and solid phase synthesis), Baylis-Hillman Reaction (Microwave synthesis and Ionic liquid synthesis), Biginelli Reaction under Microwave irradiation, Cannizaro Reaction under sonication, Dakin reaction under ultrasonication, Darzen reaction in PTC, Dieckmann condensation (Polymer supported synthesis), Diels- Alder reaction ( in water, ionic liquid, MW and sonication), Photo- Fries rearrangement, Stille coupling in water and SC-CO <sub>2</sub> , Ullmann reaction under sonication and in aqueous medium, Sonogashira reaction.	12

## **Reference Books**

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S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	Lancaster, M.	Green Chemistry an Introductory Text	Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge, UK 2002. ISBM 0-85404-620-8.
2	Cann, M.C.; Connelly, M.E.,	Real World Cases in Green Chemistry	American Chemical Society: Washington DC. 2000. ISBN 0-8412-3733-6.
3	Anastas, P. T.; Warner, J. C.	Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice	Oxford University Press: New York, 1998.

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

CO1.	d of the cou Conce	rse, the stuc	lent will be	able to	g novel and	G12000000000000000000000000000000000000	L . 1
CO2.	Predic	ct the relat	tionships be rent greener	etween org	anic chemi	cal structur	nods. es and the
CO3.	Learn	the fundam	nental and a	dvanced cor	ncepts of gro	een chemist	ry in reactio
CO4.	Apply	the new me	ethodologies	s for altering	the reactivi	ty natterns o	fubetratas
CO5.	Synth	esize variou	s molecules	using com	binations of	reactive spe	cies in nouv
				0	o montono or	reactive spe	cies in nove
	condi	tions.					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5		
CO1	conun	uons.				PSO6 5	PSO7 2
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO2	PSO1 4	PSO2 4	PSO3 4	<b>PSO4</b> 4	<b>PSO5</b> 3	<b>PSO6</b> 5	PSO7           2           2
CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	PSO1         4           3         3	PSO2           4           3	PSO3 4 4	<b>PSO4</b> 4	PSO5         3         2	PSO6 5 4	<b>PSO7</b> 2

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		Semester-I			
Sr. No.	Code	Theory Papers	Hours		credits
1	CHL401	Basic Inorganic Chemistry	45		3-0-0
2	CHL402	2 Reactive Intermediates-I	45		3-0-0
3	CHL403	B Physical Chemistry-I (Thermodynamics and Electrochemistry)	45		3-0-0
4.	CHL404	Organic Spectroscopy	45		3-0-0
5.	CHL405	<ul> <li>Human Physiology(CHL-405H)-for non-medical Background</li> <li>/Mathematics (CHL-405M)-For Medical background</li> </ul>	45		3-0-0
6.	CHL406	6 Environmental Sciences	30		2-0-0
6	CHP407	Inorganic Chemistry	90		0-0-3
7.	CHP408	Organic Synthesis	90		0-0-3
Theory	17 credits; Pi	ractical 6 credits			
		Semester-II			
Sr. No.	Code	Theory Papers		Hours	credits
1	CHL411	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry		45	3-0-0
2	CHL412	Reactive Intermediates-II		45	3-0-0
3	CHL413	Physical Chemistry-II (quantum and stati Chemistry)	istical	45	3-0-0
	CHL414	Advanced Characterization Techniques		45	3-0-0
4.			CARLES AND		
	CHL415	Electrochemical Techniques		45	3-0-0
5.	CHL415 CHL416	Electrochemical Techniques Chemistry of Materials (416-A)/ Pharmacolo (416-B)	ogy	45 45	3-0-0
<ol> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> <li>6.</li> <li>7.</li> </ol>		Chemistry of Materials (416-A)/ Pharmacolo			

M.Sc. Applied Chemistry (Under Credit Based Continuous Evaluation Grading System)

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2

		Semester-III			
Sr. No.	Code	Theory Papers		Hours	credits
1	CHL501	Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions		45	3-0-0
2	CHL502	Biophysical Chemistry		45	3-0-0
3	CHL503	Self- Assembled Materials (503A)/ Medicinal Chemistry-I(503B)		45	3-0-0
4.	CHL504	Connection and Disconnection Approach in Organic Synthesis		45	3-0-0
5.	CHL505	Chromatography and Separation Techniques		45	3-0-0
6.	CHL506	Computer for chemist		30	1-0-1
7.	CHP 507	BioPhysical Chemistry		90	0-0-3
8	CHP 508	HP 508 Multi-step Organic Syntheses		90	0-0-3
Theory	16 credits; Pr	actical 7credits		<u> </u>	
		Semester-IV			
Sr. No.	Code	Theory Papers	Hours		edits
1	CHL511	Advanced Organic Chemistry	45 3-		0-0
2	CHL512	Functional Materials(512- A)/ Medicinal Chemistry-II (512-B)	45 3		0-0
4.	CHP513	Dissertation		0-	0-18

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### **CHL404**

## **Organic Spectroscopy**

#### Credits: 3-0-0

#### **SECTION-I**

### **General Features of Spectroscopy**

Introduction to spectroscopy, Nature of radiation, Energies corresponding to various kinds of radiation, Experimental techniques, intensities of spectral lines, Selection rules and transition moments, Line widths, Broadening

#### Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy:

PMR: Natural abundance of 13C, 19F and 31P nuclei; The spinning nucleus, effect of external magnetic field, precessional motion and frequency, Energy transitions, Chemicalshift and its measurements. Factors influencing chemical shift, anisotropic effect;Integrals of protons, proton exchange, spin-spin coupling- splitting theory, one, two andthree bond coupling, virtual, long range and allylic coupling, magnitude of coupling constant; factors affecting the coupling constant, Chemical and magnetic equivalence,First and second order spectra, A2, AB, AX, AB2, AX2, A2B2 and A2X2 spin systems, Simplification of complex spectra (solvent effect, field effect, double resonance and lanthanide shift reagents).

#### **SECTION-II**

## **Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy:**

CW and FT NMR, Relaxation processes, T1 and T2measurements, Applications of PMR in structural elucidation of simple and complex compounds.

13C-NMR: Resolution and multiplicity of 13C NMR, 1H-decoupling, noise decoupling, broad band decoupling; Deuterium, fluorine and phosphorus coupling; NOE and originof nuclear overhauser effect. off-resonance, proton decoupling, Structural applications of13C-NMR., pulse sequences, pulse widths, spins and magnetization vectors, DEPT,INEPT, Introduction to 2D-NMR, COSY, NOESY, HMBC and HSQC spectra

### **Mass Spectroscopy:**

Introduction, methods of ionization EI & CI, Brief description of LD, FAB, SIMS, FD etc., Ion analysis methods (in brief), isotope abundance, Metastable ions, general rules predicting the fragmentation patterns.

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#### **SECTION-III**

#### **Mass Spectroscopy:**

Nitrogen rule, determination of molecular ion peak, index of H eficiency, fragmentation patterns for aliphatic compounds, amines, aldehydes, Ketons, esters, amides, nitriles, carboxylic acids ethers, aromatic compoundsetc.

## UV and Visible Spectroscopy of organic molecules:

Measurement techniques, Beer – Lambert's Law, molar extinction coefficient, oscillatorstrength and intensity of the electronic transition, Frank Condon Principle, Ground andfirst excited electronic states of diatomic molecules, relationship of potential energycurves to electronic spectra, Chromophores, auxochromes, blue shift, red shift, hypo andhyperchromic effect,  $\sigma$ - $\sigma$ \*,  $\pi$ - $\pi$ \*, n- $\pi$ \* transitions in organic molecules, Woodward rulesfor conjugated dienes and  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ - unsaturated carbonyl groups, extended conjugation andaromatic sterically hindered systems, Quantitative applications.

#### **Books Recommended:**

1. Pavia, Lampman & Kriz, Introduction to Spectroscopy.

2. C.N Banwell "Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy".

3. R. M. Silverstein, G.C.Bassler, T.C. Morrill, "Spectrometic Identification of Organic Compounds.

4. W. Kemp, "Organic Spectroscopy".

5. D.H. Williams, I. Fleming, "Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry".

6. D.H. Williams, I. Fleming, "Spectroscopic Problems in Organic Chemistry", 1967.

7. R.C. Banks, E.R. Matjeka, G. Mercer, "Introductory Problems in Spectroscopy", 1980.

8. G.M. Barrow "Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy".

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## CHP-407 Inorganic Chemistry

#### **Inorganic Synthesis**

- 1. Synthesis of Tris(Ethylenediamine)Nickel(II) Chloride and estimation of Ni(II).
- 2. Synthesis of Potassium Trisoxalatoferrate(III) Trihydrate K<sub>3</sub>[Fe(C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>].3H<sub>2</sub>O and estimation of anion.

#### **Materials Synthesis**

- 3. Synthesis of metal nanoparticles and studies of their photophysical properties.
- 4. Ligand directed synthesis of Quantum Dots and studies on the influence of surface directing agents.

### **Separation Techniques**

- 5. To separate the mixture of metal ions using thin layer chromatography.
- 6. To perform the solvent extraction for the recovery of metal ions from aqueous medium.

#### **Coordination Chemistry**

- 7. Verification of relative position of ligands in spectrochemical series.
- 8. Calculation of 10Dq for the given metal complexes and assignment of transitions.

#### Inorganic Spectroscopy

- 9. Quantative determination of Cu(II) using spectroscopy.
- 10. Determination of stoichiometry of metal complex using Job plot method.
- 11. Determination of stoichiometry of metal complex using mole ratio method.
- 12. Determination of molar extinction coefficient of metal picrates.

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#### **CHP-408**

#### **Organic Synthesis**

Techniques: (At least One Practical of Each Technique)

Crystallization, purification by Sublimation, Distillation, Fractional Distillation, Steam Distillation, Vacuum Distillation, Preparative chromatography Column Chromatography, TLC stains preparation and Thin Layer Chromatography

(Purity would be checked by m. p. and mixed m. p.).

2. Preparation of Derivatives: (Each Derivative of two Compounds) Oxime, 2, 4-DNP, Acetyl, Benzoyl, Semicarbazone, Anilide, Amide, Aryloxyacetic acid.

3. Preparations: Single Stage (Any 15)

i) Cyclohexanone to Adipic acid ii) Benzophenone to Benzhydral iii) Anthracene to Anthraquinone iv) Chlorobenzene to 2,4-Dinitrochlorobenzene v) 2,4-Dinitrochlorobenzene to 2,4-Dinitrophenol vi) Acetoacetic ester to 1-Phenyl-3-methyl-5 pyrazolone vii) Benzaldehyde to Cinnamic acid viii) 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde to 4-Chlorobenzoic acid + 4-Chlorobenzyl alcohol ix) Benzene to β-Benzoyl propionic acid x) Benzaldehyde to Dibenzylidene acetone xi) p-Aminobenzoic acid to p-Chlorobenzoic acid xii) N,N-Dimethylaniline to 4-Formyl-N, N-dimethyl aniline xiii) Benzophenone to Benzpinacol xiv) p-Nitrotoluene to p-Nitrobenzoic acid xv) Anisole to 2,4-Dinitroanisole xvi) Phthalic anhydride to phthalimide xvii) Phthalimide to Anthranilic acid xviii) Acetanilide to p-Bromoacetanide xix) p-Bromoacetanide to p-Bromoaniline xx) m-Dinitrobenzene to m-Nitroaniline

Pattern of Practical Examination

Q - 1. Techniques: Distillation or Column or TLC	25 marks
Q - 2. Preparation / Derivative	25 marks
Q - 3. Interpretation of spectrum	10 marks
Q - 4. Lab Journal	05 marks
Q - 5. Oral	10 marks

References: Vogel's, Practical Organic chemistry.

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## **CHL414**

## **Advanced Characterization Techniques**

## Credits: 3-0-0

## **SECTION-I**

## 1. Modern Methods of Surfaces Analysis

Scanning electron microscopy: Principle, Specimen Preparation, Replicas Variousapplication of SEM

## 2. Transmission electron microscopy

Instrumentation, Principle, Advantage, Difference between SEM and TEM.

## **SECTION-II**

## 3. Atomic Force Microscopy

Principle, Instrumentation, Advantage and disadvantage, scanning force microscopy, shear forces microscopy, lateral force microscopy and magnetic force microscopy.

## 4. X-Ray diffraction

Single crystal XRD and powder XRD, Bragg's diffraction law, Unit cell, space group, element of space group, particle size analysis using Scherer formula.

## **SECTION-III**

## 5. Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy

General principles, Instrumentation, Hollow cathode lamp, Line width effect in atomic absorption, Cold vapor atomic absorption spectroscopy.

## 6. Thermo-Analytical Method

Theory, instrumental requirements and methodology for thermo gravimetric analysis (TGA), differential thermal analysis (DTA) and differential scanning calorimetry (DSC), applications

## Reference

- 1. J.Goldstein, D. E. Newbury, D.C. Joy, and C.E. Lym, "Scanning Electron Microscopy and X-ray Microanalysis", 2003.
- 2. S.L. Flegler, J.W. Heckman and K.L. Klomparens, "Scanning and Transmission Electron Microscopy: A Introduction", WH Freeman & Co, 1993.
- 3. P.J.Goodhew, J.Humphreys, R.Beanland, "Electron Microscopy and Analysis",
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Analysis, Willard, Merritt, Dean and Settle, CBS Publisher and Distributors., 1986.
- 5. Thermal Analysis, W. W. Wendlandt and L. W. Collins, Dowden Hutechin and Ross

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5Hrs

**6Hrs** 

7Hrs

**10Hrs** 

### **10Hrs**

7Hrs

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## **CHL415**

## **Electrochemical Techniques**

## Credits: 3-0-0

## **SECTION-I**

## 1. Introduction to electrochemistry

Electrode potential, electrochemical cell and its types, Oxidation reduction reaction in electrochemical cell, Half-cell potential, standard hydrogen electrode, calculation of cell potential from electrode potential, Standard Weston cell, The Nernst equation, disproportion and comproportionation. Latimer diagram, Frost diagram, Oxidation reduction titrations

## **SECTION-II**

## 2. Cyclic voltametry

Electrode used in cyclic voltametry, electrochemical mechanism, Eads mechanism (Adsorbtion mechanism), Butler-volmer equation, Reversible one electron transfer. Linear sweep voltametry, differential pulse voltammetry, Application, Polarography: principle and Application of polarography.

### **SECTION-III**

## 3. Conductometry

Electrolytic conductance, Measeurement of conductance, Conductometric titration, Application, Oscillometry.

#### 4. Potentiometric methods

Indicator electrode, Instrument for cell potential measurement, Application of potentiometric titration.

#### References

- 1. Fundamental of analytical chemistry, Skoog, West, Holler, Crouch, Eighth edition book, 2001.
- 2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Skoog, Holler, Nieman, Fifth edition Thomson Books .1998.
- 3. Electrochemical Methods: Fundamentals and Applications, Bard, Allen J.; Larry R. Faulkner, Sencond edition, 2000 Wiley.
- 4. Handbook of Electrochemistry. Elsevier Science. ISBN 0-444-51958-0. Zoski, Cynthia G. 2007.

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## 8Hrs

7Hrs

## 15Hrs

15Hrs

#### **CHP417**

#### **Analytical and Electrochemical Techniques**

#### Credits: 0-0-3

#### A. Conductometry

1. Find graphically the equivalent conductance at infinite dilution of weak acid (benzoic acid, succinic acid, acetic acid) and hence determine the thermodynamic dissociation constant of the weak acid.

2. Determine the equivalent conductance of strong electrolytes (KNO<sub>3</sub>, KCl) at several concentrations of its aqueous solution and verify the Onsagar's equation.

3. Determine the equivalent conductance at infinite dilution of weak electrolytes (CH<sub>3</sub>COOH, NH<sub>4</sub>OH) in their aqueous solutions using Kohlraush law.

4. To determine relative strength of monochloroacetic and acetic acid by conductance measurements.

#### **B.** Potentiometry and *p*Hmetry

5. To determine the dissociation constant of a dibasic acid (malonic acid)

6. The potentiometric titration of a mixture of Chloride and Iodide with AgNO3.

7. To determine the degree of hydrolysis of aniline hydrochloride and hence hydrolysis constant of the salt.

8. Determination of acid and basic dissociation constants of an amino acid and hence the iso-electric point of the acid.

9. Titration of Phosphoric acid solution with NaOH using quinhydrone electrode.

10. The Potentiometric Determination of Solute Species in a Phosphate Mixture

11. The Potentiometric Titration of Copper with EDTA.

## C. Electrogravimetry and Coulometric titrations

12. Determination of Copper and Lead in a given sample of Brass Electrogravimetrically.

13. Determine coulometrically the concentration of Nickel and Cobalt from a given mixture.

14. The coulometric titration of cyclohexene.

### **D.** Polarography and Stripping methods

15. The polarographic Determination of Copper and Zinc in the given sample of Brass.

16. Study the polarographic waves produced by dissolved oxygen.

17. Determine the half wave potential of  $Cd^{2+}$ , and  $Zn^{2+}$  ions in 0.1 M KCl solution.

18. Plot a polarogram for a mixture of  $Cd^{2+}$ ,  $Zn^{2+}$ , and  $Mn^{2+}$ , ions.

19. Determine of formula and the stability constant of complex formation of a metal ion complex.

20. Determine the amount of Copper and Zinc in tap water using DPP.

Head Department of Chemical Sciences IKG Punjab Technical University Kapurthala - 144603 Punjab (INDIA) 21. Apply stripping methods to determine the concentration of lead in tap water.

### **Amperometric titrations:**

- 22. Amperomertic titration of lead solution with potassium dichromate.
- 23. Amperometric titration of potassium sulphate solution with Lead nitrate solution.
- 24. Amperometric titration of nickel in solution with dimethyl glyoxime.
- 25. Determine transport number of silver and nitrate ions by Hittorf's method.

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#### **CHP418**

#### **Physical Chemistry Lab**

#### Error analysis and statistical error analysis

Errors, types of errors, minimization and distribution of errors; precision, accuracy, and combination; statistical treatment of error analysis; student 't' test; null hypothesis; linear regression analysis; and curve fitting

### Adsorption

Adsorption isotherm; and surface tension-concentration relationship for solutions

### Phase equilibria

Congruent composition and temperature of a binary system; phase diagram of a three component system; and oscillating reaction

## Chemical kinetics

Rate and order of reaction (ester hydrolysis in homogeneous/heterogeneous media and oxidation of iodine with hydrogen peroxide/iodine clock); influence of temperature, concentration of reactant and catalyst, and ionic strength of the media on rate constant; primary salt effect on the kinetic of ionic reaction

## Solutions

Molecular weight and activity coefficient of non-volatile and non-electrolyte/electrolyte; degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte (deviation from strong electrolyte); and surface tension and viscosity

## Polymers

Viscosity and molecular weight of polymers

## • UV-Vis and fluorescence spectroscopy

UV-Vis spectra of compounds and  $\lambda$ max; effect of solvents (hypochromic, hyperchromic, hypsochromic, and bathochromic shifts); estimation of molecular extinction coefficients; emission and excitation spectra, effect of solvent; and estimation of quantum yields

## Electrochemistry

(a) Conductometry: velocity constant, order of reaction and energy of activation; strength of strong and weak acid; effect of solvent on conductance; activity coefficients of ions (Debye Huckel's limiting law); and solubility product of sparingly soluble salt

(b) Potentiometry: formation constant and stochiometry of a complex potentiometrically; strength of strong and weak acids (potentiometer/pH meter); temperature dependence of EMF of a cell; acid-base titration in non aqueous media (pH meter); activity and activity coefficients of an electrolyte; dissociation constant of acid in organic solvents (DMSO, DMF); and thermodynamic constant G, S, and H for the reaction by emf method

(c) Polarimetry: rate constant and enzyme kinetics for hydrolysis/inversion of sugar

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# **Recommended** books

- 1. Practical Physical Chemistry, A M James and F E Prichard, Longman
- 2. Findley's Practical Physical Chemistry, B P Levitt, Longman
- 2. Experimental Physical Chemistry, R C Das and B Behera, Tata McGraw Hill

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## CHL505 Chromatography and separation methods

Credits: 3-0-0

## **SECTION-I**

1. Introduction to analytical separation, Principles of Adsorption Chromatography

# 2. Chromatographic Methods:

Classification of chromatographic methods according to separation and development procedure, Stationary phase, mobile phase, retention time.

# **SECTION-II**

# 3. Gas chromatography:

Physical components, Types of column and detector, Carrier gas, Applications, Inverse Gas chromatography, GC-MS: construction and working.

# **SECTION-III**

# 4. High performance liquid chromatography:

Construction and working, Partition chromatography, Normal and reverse phase chromatography, Ion exchange chromatography, Isocratic and gradient elution. Supercritical fluid chromatography: Mobile phase, Sample preparation, Drawback, Electrophoresis and electrochromatography

# 5. Gel permeation chromatography:

Working, Choice of Column: Organic column and aqueous column, Application, polydispersity index, Mark-Houwink equation.

# 6. Modern flash chromatography:

Advantage, comparison of column and flash chromatography

# Reference

- 1. Chromatographic Methods, A. Braithwaite and F. J. Smith, 5th edn. Blackie Academic and rofessional, London, 1996.
- 2. Preparative chromatography, Henner Schmidt Traub, Wiely, 2005.
- 3. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Skoog, Holler, Nieman, Fifth edition Thomson Books ,1998.

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# CHP507 Biophysical Chemistry Lab

- Separation of a mixture of amino acids using thin layer chromatography
- Isolation and quantitation of DNA from onion
- Separation of proteins/DNA using size-exclusion chromatography (SEC)
- Separation of DNA using gel electrophoresis (agarose)
- Isolation, detection, and quantitation of protein (casein) from milk
- Separation of proteinsusingpolyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE)
- Osmosis and diffusion through semipermeable membrane
- Estimation of DNA quantity using UV-Vis spectrophotometer
- DNA/ligand interaction (Scatchard plot) using UV-Vis spectrophotometer
- Melting curves of DNA using UV-Vis spectrophotometer
- Serum albumin/ligand interaction using UV-Vis spectrophotometer
- Study of DNA conformation using circular dichroism spectroscopy
- Thermal stability and conformation of proteins using circular dichroism spectroscopy

#### **Books recommended**

 Safety-Scale Laboratory Experiments for Chemistry for Today, S L Seager and M R Slabaugh, Brooks/Cole Laboratory Series for General, Organic, and Biochemistry, VII edition, Brooks/Cole, 2010

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#### **CHP 508**

#### **Multi-step Organic Synthesis**

The use of multi-step approach in organic synthesis and applications of spectroscopic techniques to determine the structures of the compounds prepared.

#### **EXPERIMENTS**

- Synthesize (a) 2,4-dinitro-1-chlorobenzene from chlorobenzene, (b) mixture of o- and pnitrophenols from phenol and (c) p-nitroacetanilide from acetanilide and make comparison of the reactivity of various substrates and reaction conditions used for performing nitration in each experiment. (Book 2, pp 978-979, 919-20)
- 2. Synthesis of 2-chloro-4-bromo-6-iodoaniline from aniline. (Book 1, pp 292-299)
- Synthesis of benzalacetophenone by condensation of benzaldehyde with acetophenone and study its bromination and subsequent de-bromination. (Book 1, pp 242-247, Book 3 pp 361-365)
- 4. The epoxidation of benzalacetophenone to its epoxide and study its reactivity towards hydroxyl ion. (Book 3, pp 363-364).
- 5. Michael addition of aniline to benzalacetophenone. (Book 1, p 247)
- 6. Conversion of benzalacetophenone to its oxime and its transformation to amideand oxazole derivatives. (Book 1, pp 242-247, Book 3 pp 361-365)
- 7. Synthesis of anthranilic acid from phthalimide. (Book 2, pp 898-899)
- 8. Synthesis of *p*-aminobenzenesulfonamide. (Book 1, pp 275-289)
- 9. Synthesis of Methyl n-pentyl ketone from ethyl acetoacetate. (Book 2, pp 620-621)
- 10. Synthesis of triphenylcarbinol from bromobenzene. (Book 2, pp 540-541)

#### **Books:**

1. An Introduction to Modern Experimental Organic Chemistry, R.M. Roberts, Gilbert, L. B. Rodewaldand A.S. Wingrove. Holt, Ranehart and Winston Inc., J. C New York 1969.

2. Vogel's Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Edition.

3. Laboratory Experiments in Organic Chemistry, R. Adams, J.R. Johnson

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# SCHEME OF THE PROGRAM:

		S	emeste	er-I				
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credits	Marks D	istribution	Marks
						Internal	External	
1.	BHCL101-19	Inorganic Chemistry-I	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
2.	BHCL102-19	Organic Chemistry-I	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
3.	UC-BSHP-112- 19	Electricity and Magnetism	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
4.	UC-BSHM- 104-19	Calculus-I	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
5.	BHHL105-19	Communicative English-I	30	2-0-0	2	20	30	50
6.	BHHL106A-19 BHHL106B-19	Punjabi Compulsory-I OR Mudhli Punjabi-I	30	2-0-0	2	20	30	50
7.	ВНСР107-19	Inorganic Chemistry Lab-I	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
8.	BHCP108-19	Organic Chemistry Lab-I	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
9	UC-BSHP-113- 19	Physics Lab-I	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
		Total		16-4- 12	26			650

		Se	meste	r-II				
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credits	Marks D	rks Distribution	
						Internal	External	
1.	BHCL111-19	Inorganic Chemistry-II	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
2.	BHCL112-19	Physical Chemistry-I	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
3.	UC-BSHP-124- 19	Waves and Vibrations	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
4.	UC-BSHM- 204-19	Vector Algebra & Vector Analysis	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
5.	BHHL115-19	Communicative English-II	30	2-0-0	2	20	30	50
6.	BHHL116A-19 BHHL116B-19	Punjabi Compulsory-II OR Mudhli Punjabi-II	30	2-0-0	2	20	30	50
7.	ВНСР117-19	Inorganic Chemistry Lab-II	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
8.	BHCP118-19	Physical Chemistry Lab-I	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
9	UC-BSHP-125- -19	Physics Lab-II	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
		Total		16-4- 10	26			650

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		Se	meste	r-III					
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credits	Marks D	s Distribution	Iarks Distribution	
						Internal	External		
1.	BHCL201-19	Organic Chemistry-II (Chemistry of Functional Groups-II)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100	
2.	BHCL202-19	Physical Chemistry-II (Chemical Thermodynamics)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100	
3.	BHCL203-19	Spectroscopy	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100	
4.	UC-BSHP-214- 19	Physics-III (Elements of Modern Physics)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100	
5.	BHCL205-19	Environmental Science	30	2-0-0	2	20	30	50	
6.	BHCP206-19	Organic Chemistry Lab-II (Functional group Transformations and their Identifications)	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50	
7.	ВНСР207-19	Physical Chemistry Lab-II	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50	
8.	UC-BSHP-215- 19	Physics Lab-III	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50	
		Total		14-4- 12	24			600	

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		Sei	meste	r-IV				
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credits	Marks Distribution		Marks
						Internal	External	
1.	BHCL211-19	Inorganic Chemistry-III (Crystal field theory and transition elements)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
2.	BHCL212-19	Physical Chemistry-III (Phase Equilibria and Chemical Kinetics)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
3.	BHCL2XX-19	Discipline Specific Elective -I	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
4.	UC-BSHM- 408-19	Maths-III	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
5.	BHCL216-19	Basic Analytical Chemistry	30	2-0-0	2	20	30	50
6.	BHCP217-19	Inorganic Chemistry Lab- III	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
7.	BHCP218-19	Physical Chemistry Lab-III	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50
8.	BHCP219-19	Basic Analytical Chemistry Lab	40	0-0-2	2	30	20	50
		Total		14-4- 10	24			600

B.Sc (Honours) Chemistry, Choice Based Credit System, Batch 2019 and onwards	B.Sc (Honours)	Chemistry,	Choice Based	Credit System,	Batch 2019	and onwards
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Disc	ipline Specific Ele	ective-I						
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credits	Marks Distribution		Marks
						Internal	External	-
1	BHCL213-19	Green Chemistry	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
2	BHCL214-19	Polymer Chemistry	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100

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	Semester-V										
Sr. No	inter in the interior inte	L-T-P	P Credits	Marks D	Marks						
						Internal	External				
1.	BHCL301-19	Inorganic Chemistry-IV (Organometallic Chemistry)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100			
2.	BHCL302-19	Organic Chemistry-III (Heterocyclic Chemistry)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100			
3.	BHCL303-19	Quantum Chemistry	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100			
4.	BHCL3XX-19	Discipline Specific Elective-II	45	3-1-0	4	.40	60	100			
5.	BHCL306-19	Ligand Field Theory	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100			
6.	ВНСР307-19	Inorganic Chemistry Lab- IV	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50			
7.	BHCP308-19	Organic Chemistry Lab-III	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50			
		Total		15-5-8	24			600			

Disc	ipline Specific Ele	ective-II						
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credits	Marks D	Marks	
						Internal	External	
1	BHCL304-19	Analytical Clinical Biochemistry	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
2	BHCL305-19	Industrial Chemicals and Environment	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100

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Semester-VI										
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	Hours L-T-P Credits Marks Distribu		Marks Distribution		Marks		
						Internal	External			
1.	BHCL311-19	Organic Chemistry-IV (Natural Products and Biochemistry)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100		
2.	BHCL312-19	Physical Chemistry-IV (Electrochemistry)	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100		
3.	BHCL3XX-19	Discipline Specific Elective-III	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100		
4.	BHCL3XX-19	Discipline Specific Elective-IV	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100		
5.	BHCP318-19	Organic Chemistry Lab-IV	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50		
6.	ВНСР319-19	Physical Chemistry Lab-IV	40	0-0-4	2	30	20	50		
		Total		12-4-8	20			500		

Disc	ipline Specific El	ective-III & IV						
Sr. No	Code	Theory Papers	Hours	L-T-P	Credi ts	Marks D	Marks	
						Internal	External	
1	BHCL313-19	Catalysis	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
2	BHCL314-19	Analytical Methods in Chemistry	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
3	BHCL315-19	Nanochemistry	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100
4	BHCL316-19	Molecular Modelling and Drug Design	45	3-1-0	4	40	60	100

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I.K.	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHHL105-19
Subject Title:	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH-I
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:2 T:0 P:0 Credits:2
Examination Duration (hours)	2
Objective(s):	<ol> <li>To help the students become proficient in LSRW-Listening, Speaking, Reading &amp; Writing skills.</li> <li>To help the students become the independent users of English language.</li> <li>To develop in them vital communication skills, integral to their personal, social and professional interactions.</li> <li>To teach them the appropriate language of professional communication.</li> </ol>

#### **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	<ul> <li>(A) The Poetic Palette (Orient Black Swan, Second Edition, 2016) The following poems from this anthology are prescribed:         <ol> <li>Pippa's Song: Robert Browning</li> <li>Apparently With No Surprise: Emily Dickinson</li> <li>Fool and Flea: Jeet Thayil</li> </ol> </li> <li>(B) Prose Parables (Orient Black Swan, 2013)</li> </ul>	10
	The following stories from the above volume are prescribed: a. The Kabuliwallah : Rabindranath Tagore b. The Eyes Are Not Here: Ruskin Bond c. Grief: Anton Chekov	
П	Vocabulary: Word Formation Processes; Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives; Synonyms, antonyms Grammar: Subject-verb agreement; Noun-pronoun agreement; Misplaced modifiers; Articles; Determiners; Modals; Prepositions	06
III	Reading and Understanding Close Reading; Comprehension	04
IV	Mechanics of Writing & Speaking Skills Essay Writing (Descriptive/Narrative/Argumentative); Business letters; Précis Writing; Self Introductions; Group Discussion	10

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	John Eastwood	Oxford Practice Grammar	Oxford University Press,

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			2014
2	Michael Swan	Practical English Usage.	OUP. 1995.
3	F.T. Wood	Remedial English Grammar	Macmillan.2007
4	William Zinsser	On Writing Well	Harper Resource Book. 2001
5	Sanjay Kumar and Pushp Lata	Communication Skills	Oxford University Press. 2011
6	Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly	Study Writing	Cambridge University Press. 2006.

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	of the cour	se,								
CO1. Students will acquire basic proficiency in					reading &	listening, w	riting and			
CO2.	speaking	ng skills.			en and writt					
CO3.	particu They v	particularly the language of their chosen technical field. They will be able to converse fluently and produce on their own clear and coherent texts.								
CO4.	Studen	ts will bec	liscussions, o		essional cor nments, impo					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7			
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2			
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3			
CO3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3			
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	2	3			
CO5	2	1	1	3	1	1	3			

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I.K.	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES					
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCP107-19					
Subject Title:	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-I					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0 T:0 P:4 Credits:2					
Examination Duration (hours)	3					
Objective(s):	The objective of this course is to provide practical knowledge and illustrative experiments about various types of inorganic titrations and preparation of simple inorganic compounds.					

Unit	Contents
I	(A) Titrimetric Analysis
C. States	(i) Calibration and use of apparatus
	(ii) Preparation of solutions of different Molarity/Normality of titrants
	(B) Acid-Base Titrations
	(i) Estimation of carbonate and hydroxide present together in mixture.
	<ul><li>(ii) Estimation of carbonate and bicarbonate present together in a mixture.</li><li>(iii) Estimation of free alkali present in different soaps/detergents</li></ul>
	(C) Oxidation-Reduction Titrimetry
	<ul> <li>(i) Estimation of Fe (II) and oxalic acid using standardized KMnO<sub>4</sub> solution.</li> <li>(ii) Estimation of oxalic acid and sodium oxalate in a given mixture.</li> <li>(iii) Estimation of Fe(II) with K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> using internal (diphenylamine, anthranilic acid) and external indicator.</li> </ul>
	(D) Iodo / Iodimetric Titrations
	(i) Estimation of Cu(II) and $K_2Cr_2O_7$ using sodium thiosulphate solution (Iodimetrically).
	(ii) Estimation of (i) arsenite and (ii) antimony in tartar-emetic iodimetrically
	(iii) Estimation of available chlorine in bleaching powder iodometrically.
	(E) Inorganic preparations
	(i) Cuprous Chloride, Cu <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>
	(ii) Preparation of Manganese (III) phosphate, MnPO <sub>4</sub> .H <sub>2</sub> O
	(iii) Preparation of Aluminium potassium sulphate KAl(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> .12H <sub>2</sub> O (Potash alum) or Chrome alum.

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1 Vogel, A	Vogel, A.I.	A Textbook of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis	ELBS

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# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the en	d of the cour	rse, the stude	nt will be ab	le to					
CO1.	Under	Understand to calibrate and run the instruments for analysis.							
CO2.		to the quanti					nions.		
CO3. CO4.	. Under quanti	stand the va tative analysi to prepare va	arious princi is.	ples of diff	erent techni				
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	1	2	2	3	3	2	2		
CO2	2	1	2	2	1	2	3		
CO3	1	2	2	2	2	3	2		
CO4	2	2	1	2	3	2	1		
CO5	1	1	2	2	1	1	3		

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I.K. (				ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY			
Course Name		B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCP108-19						
Subject Title:	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-I						
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0 T:0 P:4 Credits:2						
Examination Duration (hours)	3						
Objective(s):	illustra	ative exp	eriments	course is to provide practical knowledge and s regarding qualitative analysis, isolation, and compounds.			

Jnit	Contents
I	<b>Determination of melting point</b> Napthalene 80-82°, Benzoic acid 121.5-122°, Urea 132.5-133°, Succinic acid 184.5-185°, Cinnamic acid 132.5-133°, Salicylic acid 157.5-158°, Acetanilide 113.5-114°, m-Dinitrobenzene 90°, p-Dichlorobenzene 52°, Aspirin 135°
	<b>Determination of boiling point</b> Ethanol 78°, Cyclohexane 81.4°, Toluene 110.6°, Benzene 80°
Ш	Distillation Simple distillation of ethanol-water mixture using water condenser Distillation of nitrobenzene and aniline using air condenser Crystallization Concept of induction of crystallization Phthalic acid from hot water (using fluted filter paper and stemless funnel) Acetanilide from boiling water Napthalene from ethanol Benzoic acid from water
III	Qualitative Analysis Elemental analysis nitrogen, sulphur, chlorine, bromine, iodine Functional groups -phenols, carboxylic acids -carbonyl compounds - ketones, aldehydes -carbohydrates -aromatic amines -amides, ureas and anilides -aromatic hydrocarbons and their halo- derivatives

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#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	Brian S. Furniss, Antony J. Hannaford, Peter W.G. Smith and Austin R. Tatchell	Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Longman, London
2	F.G. Mann and B. C. Saunders	Practical Organic Chemistry	Longman, New York
3	J.T. Sharp	Practical Organic Chemistry: A student handbook of techniques	Springer
4	Philippa B. Cranwell, Laurence M. Harwood and Cristopher J. Moody	Experimental Organic Chemistry, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition	Wiley

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	of the cours	se, the stud	ents will be	able			
CO1.	To chee	To check the purity of organic compounds by determining the melting or					
	boiling			•		U	0
CO2.	To dev	elop prepar	ative skills	for purificat	ion of organ	ic compoun	ds by
		ization me		1			
CO3.				nctional gro	ups present i	n organic co	mpound by
		qualitative		. 0	1 1		mp o and o y
CO4.	-			ctical skills a	nd the award	eness of heal	th and safety
	procedu		1				an and barbery
CO5.	To app	ly related e	xperiments	for their rese	earch work		
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	2	-	2	-	3	1	-
CO2	2	-	3	-	3	3	-
CO3	3 3 4 - 3 3		-				
CO4	3 4 3 4 4 5 4					4	
CO5	2	3	4	2	4	4	4

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I.K.	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHHL115-19
Subject Title:	COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH-II
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:2 T:0 P:0 Credits:2
Examination Duration (hours)	2
Objective(s):	<ol> <li>To help the students become proficient in LSRW-Listening, Speaking, Reading &amp; Writing skills</li> <li>To develop in them vital communication skills, integral to their personal, social and professional interactions</li> <li>To teach them the appropriate language of professional communication.</li> <li>To help the students become the independent users of English language.</li> </ol>

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours			
Ι	(Literature)				
	(A) The Poetic Palette (Orient BlackSwan, Second Edition, 2016)				
	The following poems from this anthology are prescribed:				
	4. The Soul's Prayer: Sarojini Naidu 5. I Sit and Look Out: Walt Whitman				
	6. Women's Rights: Annie Louise Walker				
	(B) <i>Prose Parables</i> (Orient Black Swan, 2013) The following stories from the above volume are prescribed:				
	a. The Doctor's Word: R.K. Narayan b. The Doll's House: Katherine Mansfield c. Dusk: H.H. Munroe (Saki)				
Π	Vocabulary: Standard abbreviations; One word substitution; Word Pairs (Homophones/Homonyms) Grammar: Sentence Structures; Use of phrases and clauses in sentences; Transformation of Sentences; Importance of proper punctuation	06			
III	Reading and Understanding: Summary Paraphrasing; Analysis and Interpretation; Translation (from Hindi/Punjabi to English and vice-versa) Close Reading; Comprehension;	04			

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IV	Mechanics of Writing & Speaking Skills:	10
	Report writing; Career Documents- Job applications, Resume/CV	
	writing, Common Everyday Situations: Conversations & Dialogues,	
	Formal Presentations	

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year		
1	John Eastwood	Oxford Practice Grammar	Oxford University Press,2014		
2	Michael Swan.	Practical English Usage.	OUP. 1995.		
3	F.T. Wood	Remedial English Grammar	Macmillan.2007		
4	William Zinsser	On Writing Well	Harper Resource Book. 2001		
5	Sanjay Kumar and Pushp Lata.	Communication Skills	Oxford University Press 2011		
6	Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly	Study Writing	Cambridge University Press. 2006.		

#### **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	d of the cour	se,							
CO1.		<ul> <li>Students will acquire basic proficiency in LSRW skills- listening, speaking, reading, and writing.</li> <li>To develop their vocabulary so that they can understand spoken and written English language, particularly the language of their chosen technical field</li> </ul>							
CO2.	🏓 To de								
CO3.	To int identif	To introduce students to the skills and strategies of reading and writing b identifying organizational patterns, spotting classification systems an understanding associations between ideas through study of literary texts.							
CO4.	They			fluently and					
	contre	in conto.							
CO5.	profes		unication th	y of studen rough under internal com	standing of o	career docu	ments; job		
CO5.	professintervi	sional comm	unication th	rough under	standing of o	career docu	ments; job		
CO5.	profess intervi etc.	sional comm ews; group	unication th discussions;	rough under internal com	standing of o munication i	n office env	ments; job vironments		
	profess intervi etc. PSO1	sional comm ews; group PSO2	unication th discussions; PSO3	rough under internal com PSO4	standing of o munication i PSO5	PSO6	ments; job vironments PSO7		
CO1 CO2	profess intervi etc. PSO1 2	PSO2	PSO3	rough under internal com PSO4 3	standing of o munication i PSO5 2	PSO6	ments; job vironments PSO7 2		
CO1	profess intervi etc. PSO1 2 3	sional comm     ews; group     PSO2     2     2     2	PSO3 2 2 2	rough under internal com PSO4 3 3	PSO5 2 2 2	PSO6 2 3	ments; job vironments PSO7 2 3		

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I.K.	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHCP117-19
Subject Title:	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-II
Contact Hours:	L:0 T:0 P:4 Credits:2
Examination Duration (hours)	3
Objective(s):	The objective of this course is to provide practical knowledge regarding salt analysis.

Unit	Contents
I	Identification of cations and anions in a mixture which may contain combinations of acid ions. These must contain interferring acid anions and one, the insoluble.
	(a) Special Tests for Mixture of Anions
	(i) Carbonate in the presence of sulphate.
	<ul><li>(ii) Nitrate in the presence of nitrite</li><li>(iii) Nitrate in the presence of bromide and iodide.</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(iv) Nitrate in the presence of chlorate.</li><li>(v) Chloride in the presence of bromide and iodide.</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(vi) Chloride in the presence of bromide.</li><li>(vii) Chloride in the presence of iodide.</li></ul>
	(viii) Bromide and iodide in the presence of each other and of chloride.
	<ul><li>(ix) Iodate and iodide in the presence of each other.</li><li>(x) Phosphate, arsenate and arsenite in the presence of each other.</li></ul>
	<ul><li>(xi) Sulphide, sulphite, thiosulphate and sulphate in the presence of each other.</li><li>(xii) Borate in the presence of copper and barium salts.</li></ul>
	(xiii) Oxalate in the presence of fluoride.
	(xiv) Oxalate, tartrate, acetate, citrate in the presence of each other.
	(b) Separation and Identification of Cations in Mixtures
	<ul> <li>(i) Separation of cations in groups.</li> <li>(ii) Separation and identification of Group I, Group II (Group IIA and IIB), Group III, Group IV, Group V and Group VI cations.</li> </ul>
	(c) Identification of Cations Including Less Familiar Elements by Spot Tests Assisted by Group Analysis (3 cations).

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#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	Vogel, A.I.	Vogel's book on Inorganic Qualitative Analysis	ELBS

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	d of the cour	rse, the stude	ent will be ab	le to					
CO1.	Under	Understand the concept of qualitative analysis.							
CO2.	Learn	to identify	present catio	ons and anio	ns through a	qualitative a	analysis of		
			cations and a			•			
CO3.	Under	stand the v	various tech	niques/princi	ples involve	d in the	qualitative		
				e or absence			1		
CO4.				ess familiar i			nalysis.		
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	1	2	2	3	2	2	1		
CO2	2	2	1	1	0	2	2		
CO3	1	2	0	2	2	2	3		
CO4	2	3	2	2	2	3	2		

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I.K. (				<b>ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY</b> CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc.	(Honou	irs) Ch	emistry
Subject Code:	BHCI	P118-19		
Subject Title:	PHYS	SICAL C	HEMIS	TRY LAB-I
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2
Examination Duration (hours)	3			
Objective(s):	taught	in theor	y class o	ictical knowledge and skills about various topics f physical chemistry, which in turn will enhance nd analytical skills.

Unit	Contents
Ι	<ul> <li>Surface tension measurements.</li> <li>a) Determine the surface tension by (i) drop number (ii) drop weight method.</li> <li>b) Study the variation of surface tension of detergent solutions with concentration.</li> </ul>
II	<ul> <li>Viscosity measurement using Ostwald's viscometer.</li> <li>a) Determination of viscosity of aqueous solutions of (i) polymer (ii) ethanol and (iii) sugar at room temperature.</li> <li>b) Study the variation of viscosity of sucrose solution with the concentration of solute.</li> </ul>
III	Indexing of a given powder diffraction pattern of a cubic crystalline system.
IV	<ul> <li>pH metry</li> <li>a) Study the effect on pH of addition of HCl/NaOH to solutions of acetic acid, sodium acetate and their mixtures.</li> <li>b) Preparation of buffer solutions of different pH;</li> <li>(i) Sodium acetate-acetic acid</li> <li>(ii) Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide</li> <li>c) pH metric titration of (i) strong acid vs. strong base, (ii) weak acid vs. strong base.</li> <li>d) Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid.</li> </ul>

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	J.B. Yadav	Practical Physical Chemistry	Krishna
2	Findlay	Practical Physical Chemistry	Longman, New York

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## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	l of the cou	irse, the stud	ents will be	able to					
CO1.	Under like p	Understand the basic procedures for carrying out a physical chemistry practical like preparation and standardisation of solutions, handling the equipments and measuring with precision.							
CO2.	Corre	- ·	retical and p	practical asp	ects and kno	w about the	limits of the		
CO3. CO4.	Deter		ious physica			ous problems	under study.		
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	1	1	3	-	3	2	1		
CO2	2	2	3	-	3	2	2		
CO3	2	3	3	-	2	1	1		
CO4	2	3	3	-	3	2	1		

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I.K.	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES					
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCL203-19					
Subject Title:	SPECTROSCOPY					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4					
Examination Duration (hours)	3					
Objective(s):	To teach the fundamental concepts of Spectroscopy and their applications.					

Unit							
Ι	<ul> <li>Introduction, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with molecules; various types of spectroscopy; absorption and emission spectroscopy; Born-Oppenheimer approximation.</li> <li>Vibrational and IR spectroscopy: Classical equation of vibration, computation of force constant, amplitude of diatomic molecular vibrations, anharmonicity, Morse potential, dissociation energies, fundamental frequencies, overtones, hot bands, degrees of freedom for polyatomic molecules, modes of vibration, Fundamental and non-fundamental molecular vibrations; concept of group frequencies. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy: diatomic vibrating rotator, P, Q, R branches.</li> </ul>						
Π	<ul> <li>IR absorption positions of O, N and S containing functional groups; Effect of H-bonding, conjugation, resonance and ring size on IR absorptions; Fingerprint region and its significance; application in functional group analysis.</li> <li>Rotation spectroscopy: Selection rules, intensities of spectral lines, determination of bond lengths of diatomic and linear triatomic molecules, isotopic substitution.</li> <li>Raman spectroscopy: Qualitative treatment of Rotational Raman effect; Effect of nuclear spin, Vibrational Raman spectra, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines; their intensity difference, rule of mutual exclusion.</li> </ul>						
III	Electronic spectroscopy and UV spectroscopy: Franck-Condon principle, electronic transitions, singlet and triplet states, fluorescence and phosphorescence, dissociation and predissociation,	10					

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	calculation of electronic transitions of polyenes using free electron model. $\lambda_{max}$ , Chromophores and Auxochromes, Bathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts, Intensity of absorption; Application of Woodward Rules for calculation of $\lambda_{max}$ for the following systems: $\alpha,\beta$ unsaturated aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and esters; Conjugated dienes: alicyclic, homoannular and heteroannular; Extended conjugated systems (aldehydes, ketones and dienes); distinction between cis and trans isomers.	
IV	Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy: General principle of NMR spectroscopy and Proton Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy, Larmor precession, chemical shift and factors influencing it; Spin – Spin coupling and coupling constant, different scales, low resolution spectra, high resolution spectra, anisotropic effects in alkene, alkyne, aldehydes and aromatics, Interpetation of NMR spectra of simple compounds.Applications of IR, UV and NMR for identification of simple organic molecules.	12

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	Banwell, C. N. & McCash, E. M.	Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy 4 <sup>th</sup> Ed.	Tata McGraw-Hill: New Delhi (2006).
2	Kakkar, R.	Atomic & Molecular Spectroscopy	Cambridge University Press (2015)
3	Kemp, W.	Organic Spectroscopy	Palgrave
4	Pavia, Lampman, Kriz, Vyvyan	Spectroscopy	Cengage Learning

# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end o	f the course, the student will be able to
CO1.	Understand the fundamental principles and theories of various spectroscopic techniques
CO2.	Learn the interaction of various electromagnetic radiations with matter
CO3.	Learn about the behaviour of different types of compounds towards different electromagnetic radiations
CO4.	Understand the applications of interaction of light in their characterization
CO5.	Learn about the role of different techniques in the characterization of different compounds

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	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	1	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	1	3	3	1	2	1
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	3	1
CO4	2	2	1	2	3	1	2
CO5	1	2	3	2	2	1	2

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I.K. (				ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY		
Course Name		DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry				
Subject Code:	BHCP206-19					
Subject Title:	ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-II: (FUNCTIONAL GROUP TRANSFORMATIONS AND THEIR IDENTIFICATIONS)					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2		
Examination Duration (hours)	3					
Objective(s):	illustr		eriments	course is to provide practical knowledge and regarding synthesis, separation and purification		

Unit	Contents						
I	Functional group detection using spectroscopy techniques						
	Application of IR and UV spectroscopy in functional groups characterization of						
	various compounds containing different functional groups (20 compounds).						
II	One step synthesis						
	1. Acetylation of the following compounds using conventional method or using green approach						
	(a) amines (aniline, o-, p-toluidines)						
	(b) phenols (β-naphthol, 2-amino phenol, salicylic acid)						
	2. Benzolyation of the following compounds						
	(a) amines (aniline, o-, p- toluidines)						
and the second	(b) phenols ( $\beta$ -naphthol, resorcinol) by Schotten-Baumann reaction.						
	3. Oxidation of ethanol/ isopropanol (Iodoform reaction).						
	4. Bromination of any one of the following:						
	(a) Acetanilide by conventional methods						
	(b) Acetanilide using green approach (Bromate-bromide method)						
	5. Nitration of any one of the following:						
	(a) Acetanilide/nitrobenzene by conventional method						
	(b) Salicylic acid by green approach (using ceric ammonium nitrate).						
	The above derivatives should be prepared using 0.5-1.0 g of the organic						

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	compound. The solid samples must be collected and may be used fo
	recrystallization, melting point and TLC.
III	Chromatography
	a. Separation of a mixture of two amino acids by ascending and horizontal paper
	chromatography
	b. Separation of a mixture of two sugars by ascending paper chromatography
	c. Separation of a mixture of o-and p-nitrophenol or o-and p-aminophenol by thin
	e. Separation of a mixture of o and p mitophenor of o and p anniophenor by thin

**Reference Books** 

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	Furniss, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. & Tatchell, A.R.	Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed.	Pearson (2012)
2	F.G. Mann and B. C. Saunders	Practical Organic Chemistry	Longman, New York
3	Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R.	Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis,	University Press (2000)
4	Ahluwalia, V.K. & Dhingra, S.	Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis	University Press (2000)

# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	of the cour	rse, the stud	ents will be	able					
CO1.	To syr	To synthesise organic compounds by conventional and greener approach.							
CO2.	To dev	To develop preparative skills for purification of organic compounds by crystallization method.							
CO3.	To sep	To separate the organic compound by thin layer chromatography technique.							
CO4.		To present their work with practical skills and the awareness of health and							
	procedures.						,		
CO5.	To app	To apply related experiments for their research work							
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	3	1	2	-	3	2	-		
CO2	2	-	3	-	3	3	-		
CO3	3	3	4	-	3	3	-		
CO4	3	4	3	4	4	5	4		
CO5	2	3	4	2	4	4	4		

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I.K. (				ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY THEMICAL SCIENCES		
Course Name	B.Sc.(Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCP207-19					
Subject Title:	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB-II					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0 T:0 P:4 Credits:2					
Examination Duration (hours)	4					
Objective(s):	taught	To provide students practical knowledge and skills about various topics taught in theory class of physical chemistry, which in turn will enhance their problem solving and analytical skills.				

	Contents
1.	Determination of heat capacity of a calorimeter for different volumes using change of enthalpy data of a known system (method of back calculation of heat capacity of calorimeter from known enthalpy of solution or enthalpy of neutralization).
2.	Determination of heat capacity of the calorimeter and enthalpy of neutralization of
	hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
3.	Calculation of the enthalpy of ionization of ethanoic acid.
4.	Determination of heat capacity of the calorimeter and integral enthalpy (endothermic and exothermic) solution of salts.
5.	Determination of basicity/proticity of a polyprotic acid by the thermochemical method in terms of the changes of temperatures observed in the graph of temperature versus time for different additions of a base. Also calculate the enthalpy of neutralization of the first step.
6.	Determination of enthalpy of hydration of copper sulphate.
7.	Study of the solubility of benzoic acid in water and determination of $\Delta H$ .
8.	To Determine the Molecular Weight of given compound by Freezing Point

Depression Method

Any other experiment related to thermochemistry carried out in the class.

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	J.B. Yadav	Practical Physical Chemistry	Krishna
2	B. D. Khosla, V. C. Garg, & A. Gulati,	Senior Practical Physical Chemistry	R. Chand & Co. New Delhi (2011)
3	V. D. Athawale, & P. Mathur,	Experimental Physical Chemistry	New Age International: New Delhi (2001)

# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

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CO1.	like pi measu	of the course, the students will be able to Understand the basic procedures for carrying out a physical chemistry practical like preparation and standardisation of solutions, handling the equipments and measuring with precision.								
CO2.		late the theo		oractical asp	ects and kno	w about the	limits of th			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	experimental error.								
CO3.	Deter	Determine the various physical parameters for the various problems under study.								
		Verify various laws studied in the theory part.								
CO4.	Verif	y various lav	vs studied in	the theory j	part.					
CO4.	Verif	y various lav PSO2	vs studied in PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7			
		and the second se	1	the same party of the same state of the same sta		PSO6 3				
CO1		PSO2	1	the same party of the same state of the same sta		PSO6 3 2				
CO1 CO2 CO3		PSO2 3	PSO3 3	PSO4 3	PSO5 3	3				

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I.K. C	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES					
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCL216-19					
Subject Title:	BASIC ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:2 T:0 P:0 Credits:2					
Examination Duration (hours)	3					
Objective(s):	This is skill enhancement course to equip students with the necessary knowledge about basic techniques applied in analytical chemistry.					

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours		
Ι	<b>Introduction:</b> Introduction to Analytical Chemistry and its interdisciplinary nature. Concept of sampling. Importance of accuracy, precision and sources of error in analytical measurements. Presentation of experimental data and results, from the point of view of significant figures.	6		
П	<ul> <li>Analysis of soil: Composition of soil, humus and clay, Concept of pH and pH measurement, Complexometric titrations, Chelation, Chelating agents, use of indicators</li> <li>Analysis of water: Definition of pure water, sources responsible for contaminating water, water sampling methods, water purification methods.</li> </ul>			
III				
IV	<ul> <li>Analysis of food products: Nutritional value of foods, idea about food processing and food preservations and adulteration.</li> <li>Analysis of cosmetics: Major and minor constituents and their function</li> </ul>	7		

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Willard, H. H. Instrumental Methods of Analysis, CBS Publishers.
- 2. Skoog & Lerry. Instrumental Methods of Analysis, Saunders College Publications, New York.
- 3. Skoog, D.A.; West, D.M. & Holler, F.J. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry 6th Ed., Saunders College Publishing, Fort Worth (1992).
- 4. Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis, W. H. Freeman.
- 5. Dean, J. A. Analytical Chemistry Notebook, McGraw Hill.
- Day, R. A. & Underwood, A. L. *Quantitative Analysis*, Prentice Hall of India.
   Freifelder, D. Physical Biochemistry 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., W.H. Freeman and Co., N.Y. USA (1982).
- 8. Cooper, T.G. The Tools of Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons, N.Y. USA. 16 (1977).
- 9. Vogel, A. I. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis 7th Ed., Prentice Hall.

I.K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Kapurthala

- 10. Vogel, A. I. Vogel's *Quantitative Chemical Analysis* 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., Prentice Hall. 11. Robinson, J.W. Undergraduate Instrumental Analysis 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York.

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	d of the cour	rse, the stude	nt will be ab	le to						
CO1.	• Understand the basics of analytical chemistry.									
CO2.	Know	Know about soil and water, their sampling, analysis & purification methods.								
CO3.		arise with the								
CO4.		of the nutr					ot of foo			
		sing and adu								
CO5.	Under	stand the fun	ctions of var	ious constitu	ents present	in cosmetic:	s.			
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7			
CO1	3	2	1	-	3	-	-			
CO2	3	2	1	2	2	2	1			
CO3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1			
CO4	3	3	1	2	-	2	1			
CO5	3	3	1	2	_	2				

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I.K. C	UJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES					
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	ВНСР217-19					
Subject Title:	INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-III					
Contact Hours: L:0 T:0 P:6 Credits:3						
Examination 3 Duration (hours)						
Objective(s):	To understand the various concepts involved in the quantitative analysis of the metal ions through gravimetric analysis; learn to prepare the inorganic complexes and chromatographic separation techniques for the separation of different metal ions.					

Unit	Contents
	Gravimetric Analysis:
	<ul> <li>i. Estimation of nickel (II) using Dimethylglyoxime (DMG).</li> <li>ii. Estimation of copper as CuSCN</li> <li>iii. Estimation of iron as Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> by precipitating iron as Fe(OH)<sub>3</sub>.</li> <li>iv. Estimation of Al (III) by precipitating with oxine and weighing as Al(oxine)<sub>3</sub> (aluminium oxinate).</li> </ul>
	Inorganic Preparations:
	<ul> <li>i. Tetraamminecopper (II) sulphate, [Cu(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]SO<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O</li> <li>ii. <i>Cis</i> and <i>trans</i> K[Cr(C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>. (H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>] Potassium dioxalatodiaquachromate (III)</li> </ul>
	iii. Tetraamminecarbonatocobalt (III) ion iv. Potassium tris(oxalate)ferrate(III)
	Chromatography of metal ions
	Principles involved in chromatographic separations. Paper chromatographic separation of following metal ions:
	i. Ni (II) and Co (II) ii. Fe (III) and Al (III)

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	Vogel, A.I.	Vogel's book on Quantitative Analysis	ELBS, 1986

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# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the en	d of the cour	se, the stude	nt will be ab	le to				
CO1.	. Under	Understand the concept of qualntitative analysis. Understand the various techniques/principles involved in the quantitativ						
CO2.	. Under	stand the va	arious techn	niques/princi	ples involve	a in the c	Juannan	
aı	nalysis for p	resent metal	ons.					
<ul> <li>CO3. Learn to synthesize various inorganic compounds</li> <li>CO4. Understand the principles involved in chromatographic separation</li> </ul>								
CO4	. Under	stand the prin	nciples invol	lved in chron	natographic	separations		
CO5	. Learn	to estimate t	he cations pr	resent, throug	gh quantitati	ve analysis	10007	
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	
CO1	3	2	1	2	2	1	2	
CO2	1	2	2	2	1	0	1	
CO3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	
	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	
CO4	12	-						

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I.K. G	UJRA DEPA	L PUN RTMEN	JAB T	ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY THEMICAL SCIENCES	
Course Name B.Sc.(Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCP218-19				
Subject Title:	PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB-III				
Contact Hours:	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2	
Examination 4 Duration (hours)					
Objective(s):					

enhance their problem solving and analytical skills.

B.Sc (Honours) Chemistry, Choice Based Credit System, Batch 2019 and onwards

topics taught in theory class of physical chemistry, which in turn will

#### **Details of the Course**

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	J.B. Yadav	Practical Physical Chemistry	Krishna
2	B. D. Khosla, V. C. Garg, & A. Gulati,	Senior Practical Physical Chemistry	R. Chand & Co. New Delhi (2011)
3	V. D. Athawale, & P. Mathur,	Experimental Physical Chemistry	New Age International: New Delhi (2001)

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# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	l of the cou	irse, the stud	lents will be	able to			
CO1.	like p	rstand the ba reparation ar uring with pr	nd standardis	es for carryin ation of solu	ng out a phys itions, handli	sical chemisting the equip	ry practical ments and
CO2.		late the theo imental erro		practical asp	ects and kno	ow about the	limits of the
CO3.	Contraction of the second second	mine the var		l parameters	for the vario	ous problems	under study
CO4.	Verif	y various lav	vs studied ir	the theory	part.	1	
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	1	2	2	3

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I.K. G	<b>GUJRA</b> DEPA	L PUN	JAB T	ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name				lemistry
Subject Code:	BHC	P219-19		
Subject Title:	BASI	C ANAL	YTICA	L CHEMISTRY LAB-III
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2
Examination Duration (hours)	3			
Objective(s):	topics	taught 1	n theory	practical knowledge and skills about various class of basic analytical chemistry, which in problem solving and analytical skills.

# **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents
	1. Importance of significant figures and standard deviations
	2. Determination of pH of soil samples.
	3. Estimation of Calcium and Magnesium ions as Calcium carbonate by
	<ol> <li>Complexometric titration.</li> <li>Determination of pH, acidity and alkalinity of a water sample.</li> </ol>
	5. Determination of dissolved oxygen (DO) of a water sample.
	6. Identification of adulterants in some common food items like coffee
	powder, asafoetida, chilli powder, turmeric powder, coriander powder and pulses, etc.
	7. Analysis of preservatives and colouring matter.
	8. Paper chromatographic separation of mixture of metal ion ( $Fe^{3+}$ and $Al^{3+}$ ).
	9. Analysis of deodorants and antiperspirants, Al, Zn, boric acid, chloride, sulphate.
	10. Spectrophotometric determination of Iron in Vitamin / Dietary Tablets.
	<ol> <li>Spectrophotometric Identification and Determination of Caffeine and Benzoic Acid in Soft Drink.</li> </ol>

# **Reference Books**

Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis, W. H. Freeman. 1.

Dean, J. A. Analytical Chemistry Notebook, McGraw Hill. 2.

**Course Outcomes and Mapping** 

At the end	1 of the co	urse, the stu	dents will b	e able to					
CO1.	Ident	Identify the adulterants in common food items. Analyse samples of soil (pH) and water (pH, acidity, alkalinity etc) Learn the paper chromatographic technique for separation of metal ions.							
CO2.	Anal								
CO3.	Learr								
CO4.	Learr	the spectro	photometri	c determinat	tion of com	pounds in co	in ions.		
	produ	icts.	1	e determinut	non or comp	Jounds in co	ommercial		
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	DCOL					
	1001	F302	PSU3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	1	3	3	3	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
	1 2	3	3	3 3	PSO5 3	3	PSO7 3		
CO2	1 2 2	3	3 3 2	3	PSO5 3 3		PSO7 3 2		
CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4	1 2 2 2	3	1303       3       2       2	PSO4           3           3           2	PSO5 3 3 2	3	PSO7 3 2 1		

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I.K. (	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHCL213-19
Subject Title:	GREEN CHEMISTRY
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4
Examination Duration (hours)	3
Objective(s):	To teach the fundamental concepts of Green Chemistry and its applications.

Details of the Course (Atomic Structure and Chemical Bonding)

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	<ul> <li>Introduction to Green Chemistry</li> <li>What is Green Chemistry? Need for Green Chemistry. Goals of Green Chemistry. Limitations/ Obstacles in the pursuit of the goals of Green Chemistry.</li> <li>Principles of Green Chemistry and Designing a Chemical synthesis</li> <li>Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with their explanations and examples; Designing a Green Synthesis using these principles; Prevention of Waste/ byproducts; maximum incorporation of the materials used in the process into the final products (Atom Economy); prevention/ minimization of hazardous/ toxic products; designing safer chemicals – different basic approaches to do so; selection of appropriate auxiliary substances (solvents, separation agents), green solvents, solventless processes, immobilized solvents and ionic liquids; energy requirements for reactions - use of microwaves, ultrasonic energy; selection of starting materials; avoidance of unnecessary derivatization – careful use of blocking/protecting groups.</li> </ul>	12
Π	<ul> <li>Principles of Green Chemistry and Designing a Chemical synthesis</li> <li>Use of catalytic reagents (wherever possible) in preference to stoichiometric reagents; designing of biodegradable products; prevention of chemical accidents; strengthening/ development of analytical techniques to prevent and minimize the generation of hazardous substances in chemical processes.</li> <li>Examples of Green Synthesis/ Reactions <ol> <li>Green Synthesis of the following compounds: adipic acid, catechol, BHT, methyl methacrylate, citral, ibuprofen, paracetamol.</li> <li>Microwave assisted reactions in water: Hofmann Elimination, Oxidation of toluene</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	12
	Microwave assisted reactions in organic solvents: Esterification,	10

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III	Fries rearrangement, Diels-Alder Reaction.	
	Microwave assisted solid state reactions: Deacetylation, Deprotection. Saponification of esters, Alkylation of reactive methylene compounds, synthesis of nitriles from aldehydes. 3. Ultrasound assisted reactions: Esterification, saponification, substitution reactions, Alkylations, oxidation, reduction, coupling reaction, Cannizaro reaction.	
IV	4. Selective methylation of active methylene group using dimethylcarbonate, Free Radical Bromination; Biocatalysis in organic syntheses. Future Trends in Green Chemistry	11
	Oxidation reagents and catalysts; Biomimetic, multifunctional reagents; Combinatorial green chemistry; Proliferation of solventless reactions; oncovalent derivatization; Green chemistry in sustainable development	

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	V.K. Ahluwalia &	New Trends in Green	Anamalaya Publishers
	M.R. Kidwai	Chemistry	(2005)
2	P.T. Anastas & J.K. Warner	Oxford Green Chemistry- Theory and Practical	University Press (1998)
3	A.S. Matlack	Introduction to Green Chemistry	Marcel Dekker (2001)
4	M.C. Cann & M.E.	Real-World cases in	American Chemical Society,
	Connely	Green Chemistry	Washington (2000)
5	M.A. Ryan & M.	Introduction to Green	American Chemical Society,
	Tinnesand	Chemistry	Washington (2002)

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	d of the cou	rse, the stude	ent will be ab	ole to					
<b>CO1.</b> Understand the fundamental concepts of green chemistry									
CO2.	Learn	the use of th al reactions	ese fundame	ntal principle	es for the des	igning of va	rious		
<b>CO3.</b> Understand the various techniques available and their present appli different green reactions									
CO4. CO5.	<b>CO4.</b> Learn about the various applications of the green chemistry								
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	2	2	3	2	2	1	2		
CO2	2	3	2	1	3	2	1		
			2	1	3	2	1		

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CO3	1	2	3	1	2	2	1
CO4	1	2	1	3	2	2	0
CO5	2	3	2	2	1	2	2

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I.K. (	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHCL214-19
Subject Title:	POLYMER CHEMISTRY
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4
Examination Duration (hours)	3
Objective(s):	This course will equip students with the knowledge concerning the fundamentals in the basic areas of Polymer Chemistry.

### **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
Ι	Introduction and history of polymeric materials: Different schemes of classification of polymers, Polymer nomenclature, Molecular forces and chemical bonding in polymers, Texture of Polymers. Functionality and its importance: Criteria for synthetic polymer formation, classification of polymerization processes, Relationships between functionality, extent of reaction and degree of polymerization. Bifunctional	10
Ш	systems, Poly-functional systems.Kinetics of Polymerization:Mechanism and kinetics of step growth, radical chain growth, ionic chain (both cationic and anionic) and coordination polymerizations, Mechanism and kinetics of copolymerization, polymerization techniques.Crystallization and crystallinity: Determination of crystalline melting point and degree of crystallinity, Morphology of crystalline polymers, Factors affecting crystalline melting point.Nature and structure of polymers-Structure Property relationships.	12
Ш	<b>Determination of molecular weight of polymers (</b> $M_n$ , $M_w$ , etc) by end group analysis, viscometry, light scattering and osmotic pressure methods. Molecular weight distribution and its significance. Polydispersity index. <b>Glass transition temperature (Tg) and determination of Tg</b> Free volume theory, WLF equation, Factors affecting glass transition temperature (Tg). <b>Polymer Solution –</b> Criteria for polymer solubility, Solubility parameter, Thermodynamics of polymer solutions, entropy, enthalpy, and free energy change of mixing of polymers solutions, Flory- Huggins theory, Lower and Upper critical solution temperatures.	11
IV	Properties of Polymers (Physical, thermal, Flow & Mechanical	

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<b>Properties).</b> Brief introduction to preparation, structure, properties and application of the following polymers: polyolefins, polystyrene and styrene copolymers, poly(vinyl chloride) and related polymers, poly(vinyl acetate) and related polymers, acrylic polymers, fluoro polymers, polyamides and related polymers. Phenol formaldehyde resins (Bakelite, Novalac), polyurethanes, silicone polymers, polydienes. Polycarbonates Conducting Delymers for the polymers.
polydienes, Polycarbonates, Conducting Polymers, [polyacetylene, polyaniline, poly(p-phenylene sulphide polypyrrole, polythiophene)].

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher/Year
1	G. Odian	Principles of Polymerization	John Wiley
2	F.W. Billmeyer	Text Book of Polymer Science	
3	P. Ghosh	Polymer Science & Technology	Tata Mcgraw-Hill
4	R.W. Lenz:	Organic Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers	-

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the en	nd of the count	rse, the stude	ent will be ab	le to			
CO1			ature, classif		bonding in n	olymers	
CO2	. Learn	the criteria erization	for the synth	nesis of poly	mers and m	echanism i	nvolved in
CO3.	. Under	stand the mo	rphology, kin	netics and the	eir structure	nronerty rel	ationship
CO4.	. Learn	the various	techniques u	ised for det	ermining the	molocular	auonship
CO5		eric compou the physical,	thermal, Flo	w and Mech	anical Prope	rties of Poly	/mers
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	PSO1 4	PSO2 4	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5 3	PSO6 4	PSO7 2
CO1 CO2				PSO4 - 1			
	4	4	3	-	3	4	
CO2	4	4	3	-	3	4	

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Course Name	DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHCL304-19
Subject Title:	ANALYTICAL CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4
Examination Duration (hours)	3
Objective(s):	Basic understanding of the structures, properties and functions of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins and the analysis of biochemistry of diseases using Blood and Urine.

## **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	<b>Carbohydrates:</b> Classification, Types and Biological importance of Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides and Glycosaminoglycans. Metabolism, Cellular currency of energy (ATP), Glycolysis, Alcoholic and Lactic acid fermentations, Krebs cycle. Isolation and characterization of polysachharides.	10
11	Proteins: Classification, biological importance; Primary and secondary and tertiary structures of proteins- $\alpha$ -helix and $\beta$ - pleated sheets, Isolation, characterization and denaturation of proteins.Enzymes: Nomenclature, classification, Characteristics (mention of Ribozymes), Active site, Mechanism of enzyme action, Stereospecificity of enzymes, Coenzymes and cofactors, Enzyme inhibitors, effect of pH, temperature on enzyme activity, enzyme inhibition. Biocatalysis.	11
III	<ul> <li>Lipids: Classification. Biological importance of triglycerides and phosphoglycerides and cholesterol; Lipid membrane, Liposomes and their biological functions and underlying applications.</li> <li>Lipoproteins: Properties, functions and biochemical functions of steroid hormones. Biochemistry of peptide hormones.</li> <li>Nucleic Acids: Structure of DNA (Watson-Crick model) and RNA, Genetic Code, Biological roles of DNA and RNA: Replication, Transcription and Translation, Introduction to Gene therapy.</li> </ul>	11

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IV	<b>Biochemistry of disease:</b> A diagnostic approach by blood/ urine analysis.	13
	<b>Blood:</b> Composition and functions of blood, blood coagulation. Blood collection and preservation of samples. Estimation and interpretation of data for blood sugar, urea, creatinine, cholesterol and bilirubin. Normal constituents of blood and their estimation and variation in pathological conditions - urea, uric acid, creatinine, glucose, bilirubin, total protein, albumin/globulin ratio. Lipid profile – cholesterol, triglycerides, lipoproteins - HDL and LDL.	
	<b>Urine:</b> Collection and preservation of samples. Normal composition of urine – volume, pH, colour, specific gravity. Constituents-urea, uric acid, creatinine, pigment. Abnormal constituents – glucose, albumin, ketone bodies, variations in urea, creatinine, pigments and their clinical significance in brief. Uremia, hyperuricemia, porphyria and factors affecting nitrogen balance.	

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Lippincott's illustrated biochemistry Champe and Harvey; 6th edition 2007.
- D.Voet and J.G. Voet: Fundamentals of Biochemistry, John Wiley & Sons, USA 2004.
- 3. Albert L. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.
- 4. Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M. :Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
- 5. Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. & Stryer, L. Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
- 6. O. Mikes, R.A. Chalmers: Laboratory Handbook of Chromatographic Methods.
- 7. M.N.Chatterjea and Ranashinde: Text book of Medical biochemistry. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publisher (P) Ltd.

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1. Understand the structure & functions of Biomolecules.
- CO2. An advanced understanding and applied knowledge of the theory of clinical biochemistry.
- CO3. A critical understanding of how biochemical investigations are employed to develop a clinical diagnosis.
- CO4. To gain knowledge and understanding of clinical disorders.
- CO5. To gain knowledge of biological samples and their collection procedures.

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	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	2	3	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	2	3
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	3	3

B.Sc (Honours) Chemistry, Choice Based Credit System, Batch 2019 and onwards

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I.K.	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES					
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCL305-19					
Subject Title:	INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS AND ENVIRONMENT					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4					
Examination Duration (hours)	3					
Objective(s):	The objective of this course is to make students aware about the concepts of different gases and their industrial production, uses, storage and hazards; Manufacturing, applications, analysis and hazards of the Inorganic Chemicals, Preparation of Ultra-Pure metals for semiconducting technology, Air and Water pollution, control measures for Air and Water Pollutants, Catalyst and Biocatalyst, Energy and Environment.					

### **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	Industrial Gases and Inorganic ChemicalsIndustrial Gases: Large scale production, uses, storage and hazards in handling of the following gases: oxygen, nitrogen, argon, neon, helium, hydrogen, acetylene, carbon monoxide, chlorine, fluorine, sulphur dioxide and phosgene.Inorganic Chemicals: Manufacture, application, analysis and hazards 	12

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II	Environment and its segments	11
	Ecosystems. Biogeochemical cycles of carbon, nitrogen and sulphur. <i>Air Pollution:</i> Major regions of atmosphere. Chemical and photochemical reactions in atmosphere. Air pollutants: types, sources, particle size and chemical nature; Photochemical smog: its constituents and photochemistry., Major sources of air pollution and Pollution by $SO_2$ , $CO_2$ , $CO$ , $NO_x$ , and $H_2S$ gases. Methods of estimation of CO, $NO_x$ , $SO_x$ and control procedures. Effects of air pollution on living organisms and vegetation. Greenhouse effect and Global warming, Ozone depletion by oxides of nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbons and Halogens, removal of sulphur from coal.	
III	Water Pollution	10
	Hydrological cycle, water resources, aquatic ecosystems, Sources and nature of water pollutants, Techniques for measuring water pollution, Impacts of water pollution on hydrological and ecosystems.	10
	Water purification methods. Effluent treatment plants (primary, secondary and tertiary treatment). Industrial effluents from the following industries and their treatment: electroplating, textile, tannery, dairy, petroleum and petrochemicals, agro, fertilizer, etc. Sludge disposal.	
	Industrial waste management, incineration of waste. Water treatment and purification (reverse osmosis, electro dialysis, ion exchange). Water quality parameters for waste water, industrial water and domestic water.	
IV	Energy & Environment	12
	Sources of energy: Coal, petrol and natural gas. Nuclear Fusion / Fission, Solar energy, Hydrogen, geothermal, Tidal and Hydel, etc.	
	Nuclear Pollution: Disposal of nuclear waste, nuclear disaster and its management. E-waste and its Management	
	Biocatalysis	
	Introduction to biocatalysis: Importance in "Green Chemistry" and Chemical Industry.	

#### **Reference Books**

1.	Manahan, S.E	. (2017	),Environmental	Chemistry,	CRC Press.

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2.	Buchel, K.H.; Moretto, H.H.; Woditsch, P.(2003), Industrial Inorganic Chemistry,	
	Wiley-VCH.	
3.	De, A.K. (2012), Environmental Chemistry, New Age International Pvt., Ltd.	
4.	Khopkar, S.M.(2010), Environmental Pollution Analysis, New Age International	
	Publisher.	

5. Rai, G.D., Non-Conventinal Energy Resources, Khanna Publications.

#### **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to understand

- **CO1.** different toxic gases and their toxicity hazards, Safe design systems for large scale production of Industrial gases.
- **CO2.** manufacturing processes, handling and storage of inorganic chemicals and knowledge of Hazardous effects of the inorganic chemicals on human beings and vegetation.
- CO3. the requirement of ultra-pure metals for the semiconducting technologies.
- **CO4.** different sources, effects and control measures of air, water pollutants, water quality parameters, different methods of Treatment of effluents from different sources.
- **CO5.** different sources of energy, source of nuclear waste and its disposal. Use of biocatalyst in chemical industries.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	3	3	3	4	2	3	1
CO2	2	3	4	5	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	5	4	3	3
CO5	3	2	4	5	3	4	3

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I.K. (	GUJF DE	RAL PART	PUN MEN	JAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY TT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc	:. (He	onou	rs) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHC	P307	-19	
Subject Title:				nistry Lab-IV
Contact Hours:	L:0	<b>T:0</b>	<b>P:4</b>	Credits:2
Examination	3			
<b>Duration</b> (hours)				
<b>Objective(s):</b>	To u	nders	tand th	he various concepts involved in the quantitative analysis
	of th	e met	al ions	s through different types of titrations.

#### **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
Ι	Oxidation-Reduction Titrations-II	
	Ceric Sulphate Titrations:	
	(i) Standardisation with Mohr's salt.	
	(i) Determination of Cu(II)	
	(iii) Determination of oxalates.	
	KIO <sub>3</sub> Titrations:	
	(i) Determination of copper.	
	(ii) Determination of hydrazine.	
	Precipitation Titrations	
	(i) AgNO3 – standardisation by Mohr's method / by using absorption indicator.	
	(ii) Determination of chloride.	
	(iii)Volhard's method for chloride determination.	
	Complexometric Titrations (EDTA)	
	(i) Standardisation of EDTA with $Pb(NO_3)_2 / ZnSO_4.7H_2O$ (ii) Determination of $Mg_2^{2+}$	
	(iii) Determination of $Ca^{2+}$ (by substitution method). (iv) Determination of total hardness of water (permanent and	
	(v) Determination of Cu <sup>2+</sup> and Ni <sup>2+</sup> by using masking reagent.	

#### **Reference Books**

1. Vogel, A.I. Quantitative Inorganic Analysis.

#### **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

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At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1. Understand the concept of quantitative analysis.

CO2. Learn to estimate the present cations through quantitative analysis

CO3. Understand the various techniques/principles involved in the quantitative analysis present metal ions.

0011	earn to perfo	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	2	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	1	3	2	2	3

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I.K. (				ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc.	(Hono	urs) Ch	iemistry
Subject Code:		P308-19		
Subject Title:				TRY LAB-III: (Synthesis of organic         identifications)
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2
Examination Duration (hours)	3			
Objective(s):	illustr	ative exp	eriments	course is to provide practical knowledge and regarding synthesis, separation, purification and nic compounds.

#### **Details of the Course**

#### Contents

#### **Organic Preparations**

- 1. Selective reduction of 1,3-dinitrobenzene to *m*-nitroaniline.
- 2. Reduction of *p*-nitrobenzaldehyde by sodium borohydride.
- 3. Hydrolysis of amides and esters.
- **4.** Semicarbazone of any one of the following compounds: acetone, ethyl methyl ketone, cyclohexanone, benzaldehyde.
- **5.** S-Benzylisothiouronium salt of one each of water-soluble and water insoluble acids (benzoic acid, oxalic acid, phenyl acetic acid and phthalic acid).
- 6. Aldol condensation using either conventional or green method.
- 7. Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangement.
- 8. Solvent-free Cannizzaro reaction of benzaldehyde.
- 9. Preparation of fluorescein from resorcinol and phthalic anhydride.
- 10. Synthesis of 2-phenylindole using Fischer Indole synthesis reaction.

The above derivatives should be prepared using 0.5-1g of the organic compound. The solid samples must be collected and may be used for recrystallization, melting point determination. All reactions in the following experiments are to be monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) and characteristic data (UV-visible/fluorescence, IR, NMR, MS) is to be explained.

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher	
1	Furniss, B. S., Hannaford,	Vogel's Textbook of Practical	Pearson (1989)	
	A. J., Smith, P. W. G. &	Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed.		

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2	Tatchell, A. R. F. G. Mann and B. C.	Practical Organic Chemistry	Longman, New York
3	Saunders Ahluwalia, V. K. & Aggarwal, R.	Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis,	University Press (2000)
4	Ahluwalia, V. K. & Dhingra, S.	Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis	

# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

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At the end	of the cou	rse, the stude	ents will be	able					
CO6.	To svi	thesise orga	nic compou	inds by vario	ous approach	1.			
CO7.	To de	velop prepar	ative skills t	for purificati	on of organ	ic compound	is by		
00	orrista	Ilization met	thod						
CO8.	Tagar	anota the are	ranic comno	und by thin l	ayer chroma	tography tec	hnique.		
CO9.	Topre	To separate the organic compound by thin layer chromatography technique. To present their work with practical skills and the awareness of health and safety							
007.	procee								
CO10	To an	ply related e	xperiments	for their res	earch work				
COIU	. 10 ap	pry related e	npermission						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7		
CO1	3	1	2	-	3	2	-		
CO1		1	3	-	3	3	-		
CO2	2	-			3	3	-		
CO3	3	3	4	-	4	5	4		
CO4	3	4	3	4			4		
CO5	2	3	4	2	4	4	4		

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I.K. (	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHCL313-19
Subject Title:	CATALYSIS
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4
Examination Duration (hours)	3
Objective(s):	To teach the fundamental concepts of Catalysis and their applications.

## **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
I	Heterogeneous catalysis: - Introduction, Concepts of heterogeneous catalysis, Important Reaction Types, Oxidative Addition and Reductive Elimination, Insertion Reactions, b-Hydride Elimination, Nucleophilic Attack on a Coordinated Ligand Transformation of hydrocarbons, Metathesis of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes, Oxidation of hydrocarbons, Alkene hydrogenation (Wilkinsons Catalyst), Hydroformylation (Co salts), Wacker Process, Synthetic gasoline (Fischer Tropsch reaction).	12
11	Hydrogenation and hydroelementation of alkenes, Hydrogenation of olefins, Asymmetric hydrogenation, Hydroboration of olefins, Hydrocyanation of olefins, Hydroamination of olefins and alkynes Transformations of alkenes and alkynes: Ziegler-Natta-type olefin polymerization, Metathesis of alkenes, alkynes and cycloalkenes, Olefin dimerization and oligomerization, Olefin isomerization	10
III	<ul> <li>Bio-catalysis</li> <li>Introduction, Introduction to enzymes and enzyme catalysed reactions. Classification and mechanism of reaction. Purification and characterization of enzymes. Applications of enzymes in diagnostics, analysis, biosensors and other industrial processes and biotransformations, Enzyme immobilization and concept of enzyme engineering. Nanobiocatalysis,</li> <li>Bio-organometallic chemistry</li> <li>Cobalamin: co-enzyme vitamin B12, Biological redox mediators, Examples of oxido-reductase enzymes: the mono-oxygenases, Nitrogen fixation by nitrogenase enzyme</li> </ul>	
IV	Organometallic complexes in organic synthesis Examples of applications Protection and stabilization of unsaturated organic derivatives and fragments.Nucleophilic and electrophilic reactions on hydrocarbor ligands, General methods of C-C bond formation using the oxidative addition of an organic halide or a related	1

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electrophile, Extension of palladium catalysis to the formation of C-O and C-N bonds, Oxidative coupling reactions of alkynes with other unsaturated fragments, for the formation of cyclic and heterocyclic compounds, Metal-carbene complexes in organic synthesis, Examples of asymmetric catalysis.
of asymmetric catalysis.

#### **Reference Books**

	-
10. Cotton, F.A. G.; Wilkinson & Gaus, P.L. Basic Inorganic Chemistry 3rd Ed.;	
10. Cotton, F.A. U., Wilkinson & Gaus, T.D. Dusie merganise	
Wiley India.	
11. Huheey, J. E.; Keiter, E.A. & Keiter, R.L. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of	
11. Huneey, J. E., Kener, E.A. & Rener, Harper Collins 1993, Pearson, 2006. Structure and Reactivity 4th Ed., Harper Collins 1993, Pearson, 2005.	
12. Sharpe, A.G. Inorganic Chemistry, 4th Indian Reprint (Pearson Education) 2005	
13 Douglas B F · McDaniel, D.H. & Alexander, J.J. Concepts and Wodels in	
Learning Chamistry 3rd Ed John Wiley and Sons, NI, 1994.	
14 Greenwood N.N. & Farnshaw A. Chemistry of the Elements, Elsevier 21d Eu,	
1007 (Ziaglar Natta Catalyst and Equilibria in Grignard Solution).	
15 I D Congigo Inorganic Chemistry 5th Ed., John wiley and sons 2000.	
to p II D Dringinlag of Organometallic Chemistry, Chapinan and Han, 1900.	
<ol> <li>Powell, P. Principles of Organometarine Chemistry 2nd Ed., Oxford University Press,</li> <li>Shriver, D.D. &amp; P. Atkins, Inorganic Chemistry 2nd Ed., Oxford University Press,</li> </ol>	
1004	
9. Basolo, F. & Person, R. Mechanisms of Inorganic Reactions: Study of Metal	
Complexes in Solution 2nd Ed. John wiley & Solis Inc, 191.	
10. Purcell, K.F. & Kotz, J.C., Inorganic Chemistry, W.B. Saunders Co. 1977	
10. Purcell, K.F. & Kötz, J.C., morganic Chemistry 4th Ed., Pearson, 2010. 11. Miessler, G. L. & Donald, A. Tarr, Inorganic Chemistry 4th Ed., Pearson, 2010.	
12. Collman, James P. et al. Principles and Applications of Organotransition Metal	
12. Collman, James P. et al. Principles and Applications of Organization	
Chemistry. Mill Valley, CA: University Science Books, 1987.	
13. Crabtree, Robert H. The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals. j	
New York, NY: John Wiley, 2000.	
14. Spessard, Gary O., & Gary L. Miessler. Organometallic Chemistry. Upper Saddle	
River, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 1996.	-

**Course Outcomes and Mapping** 

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1. Understand the Organometallic chemistry

CO2. Understand the fundamental concepts of various concepts involved in catalysis.

CO3. Learn different application of catalysis in the synthesis of organic compounds.

## CO4. To Understand role of catalysis in biological model PSO6 PSO7 DOOF

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PS06	P507
CO1	1	2	3	2	3	1	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2

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	Star Star Star					12	13
CO4	3	2	3	2	3	2	5

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1111	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry
Subject Code:	BHCL314-19
Subject Title:	ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4
Examination Duration (hours)	3
Objective(s):	This course will equip students with the necessary knowledge concerning various analytical techniques, their sampling and sources of error etc.

Unit	he Course Contents	Contact Hours
Ι	<ul> <li>Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis:</li> <li>Sampling, evaluation of analytical data, errors, accuracy and precision, methods of their expression, normal law of distribution if indeterminate errors, statistical test of data; F, Q and t test, rejection of data, and confidence intervals.</li> <li>Thermal methods of analysis:</li> <li>Theory of thermogravimetry (TG), basic principle of instrumentation.</li> <li>Techniques for quantitative estimation of Ca and Mg from their mixture.</li> </ul>	10
Π	<ul> <li>Optical methods of Analysis: Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of spectroscopy and selection rules, validity of Beer-Lambert's law.</li> <li>UV-Visible Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator and detector) for single and double beam instrument;</li> <li>Basic principles of quantitative analysis: estimation of metal ions from aqueous solution, geometrical isomers, keto-enol tautomers. Determination of composition of metal complexes using Job's method of continuous variation and mole ratio method.</li> <li>Infrared Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator &amp; detector) for single and double beam instrument; sampling techniques. Structural illustration through interpretation of data, Effect and importance of isotope substitution.</li> </ul>	
111	Flame Atomic Absorption and Emission Spectrometry:Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator, detector, choice of flame and Burner designs. Techniques of atomization and sample introduction; Method of background	

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	correction, sources of chemical interferences and their method of removal. Techniques for the quantitative estimation of trace level of metal ions from water samples.	
IV	Separation techniques:Solvent extraction: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique. Mechanism of extraction: extraction by solvation and chelation.Technique of extraction: batch, continuous and counter current extractions.Qualitative and quantitative aspects of solvent extraction: extraction of metal ions from aqueous solution, extraction of organic species from the aqueous and nonaqueous media.Chromatography: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique.Mechanism of separation: adsorption, partition & ion 	12
	Qualitative and quantitative aspects of chromatographic methods of analysis: IC, GLC, GPC, TLC and HPLC.	

#### **Reference Books**

**1.** Vogel, Arthur I: A Test book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (Rev. by G.H. Jeffery and others) 5<sup>th</sup> Ed. The English Language Book Society of Longman.

2. Willard, Hobert H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.

**3.** Christian, Gary D; Analytical Chemistry, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.

4. Harris, Daniel C: Exploring Chemical Analysis, Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2001.

5. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age, International Publisher, 2009.

6. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. and Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd. Singapore.

7. Mikes, O. & Chalmes, R.A. Laboratory Hand Book of Chromatographic & Allied Methods, Elles Harwood Ltd. London.

8. Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry – Methods of separation.

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# **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	l of the cours	se, the studer	nt will be abl	e to	nistry and ste	ns of a cha	racteristic			
CO1.	explain	the fundam	entais of ana	arytical chen	listry and ste	po or a chil				
an	alysis				1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1					
CO2.	estimat	estimate kinds of errors in chemical analysis.								
CO3.	identify	y quality of e	experimental	measuremen	nts.	c 1				
CO4.	interpr	et the source	ces of rande	om errors a	nd effects of	of random	errors on			
	alution recu	lte								
CO5.		arise with va	rious analyti	cal technique	es and compa	are them.				
003.	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7			
	PSOI	1502	1000				2			
CO1	3	1	1	-	2	1	2			
001					1	-	2			
CO2	3	2	3	-	1					
002	2	2	1	-	2	1	2			
CO3	2	2	1				2			
CO4	2	2	2	-	2	1	2			
001		2	2		3		2			

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<b>Course Name</b>	DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry					
Subject Code:	BHCL315-19					
Subject Title:	NANOCHEMISTRY					
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4					
Examination Duration (hours)	3					
Objective(s):	<ul> <li>To learn the basic concepts of Nanochemistry and changes of chemical and physical properties due size reduction.</li> <li>To familiarize about the different chemical methods of synthesis characterization, and different applications of nanomaterials</li> </ul>					

### **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours	
	Introduction to Nanomaterials: History-Feynman's hypothesis- scales of nanosystems- Moore's law, Classification of nanomaterials based on dimensions – one dimensional (1D), two dimensional (2D) and three dimensional (3D) nanomaterials, quantum dots, quantum wires, quantum core/shell structures, Different types of nanomaterials: Synthesis, properties and applications of fullerenes, carbon nanotubes and quantum dots, self-assembled monoayers, monolayer protected metal nanoparticles.	10	
Π	<ul> <li>Chemical Routes for Synthesis of Nanomaterials: Chemical precipitation and co-precipitation; Sol-gel synthesis; Microemulsions or reverse micelles; Solvothermal synthesis; Thermolysis routes, Microwave heating synthesis; Sonochemical synthesis; Photochemical synthesis; Synthesis in supercritical fluids.</li> <li>Organic nanoparticles: Size and shape control of nanoparticles and their characterization; inorganic-organic hybrid nanoparticles; Nanopolymers: Preparation and characterization of diblock Copolymer based nanocomposites; Applications of Nanopolymers in Catalysis.</li> </ul>		
III	Optical characterization: Absorption and photoluminescence (PL & PLE) spectroscopies, steady-state vs. fast spectroscopy, dynamic light scattering, Structural characterization: XRD, SEM, STEM, TEM, AFM, Deviations between bulk and near-surface crystal structures.	Contraction of the second	
IV	Chemistry of small surfaces: Curvature and neighboring-charge effects on chemical reactivity and equilibria (pKa's, redox potentials) Applications in structural materials, lighting, energy conversion (Sola Cells) and catalysis applications, Environmental, safety, and ethica aspects of nanotechnology.	, r	

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#### **Reference Books**

- 1. C.N.R. Rao, H.C. Mult, A. Müller, A. K. Cheetham; The Chemistry of Wiley, 2004, Applications, and Properties Nanomaterials: Synthesis, ISBN:9783527306862.
- 2. G.B. Sergeev, K.J. Klabunde, Nanochemistry, Elsevier, 2013.
- 3. Robert Kelsall, Ian W. Hamley , Mark Geoghegan, Nanoscale Science and Technology, Wiley.
- 4. C Brechignac, P Houdy, M Lahmani, Nanomaterials and Nanochemistry, 2011, Wiley.

**Course Outcomes and Mapping** 

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1. Understand the fundamental concepts of nanomaterials.
- CO2. Learn the different methods of chemical synthesis of nanoparticles.
- CO3. Understand the basic techniques about the organic nanoparticles.
- CO4. Learn about the various characterization techniques.
- fnonomatorials

<u>cos.</u> c	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	1	2	2	2	3	1	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	1	3	2	2	1	2	3
CO4	2	3	3	2	2	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	3

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I.K. (	GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL SCIENCES					
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry BHCL316-19					
Subject Code:						
Subject Title: MOLECULAR MODELLING AND DRUG DESIGN						
<b>Contact Hours:</b>	L:3 T:1 P:0 Credits:4					
Examination	3					
<b>Duration (hours)</b>	1. III and designing using					
Objective(s):	<ul> <li>To learn the basic concepts of molecular modelling and drug designing usi the different energy minimization methods.</li> <li>To understand the fundamentals of computer simulation.</li> </ul>					

## **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents	Contact Hours
1	<ul> <li>Introduction to Molecular Modelling: Introduction. Useful Concepts in Molecular Modelling: Coordinate Systems. Potential Energy Surfaces. Molecular Graphics. Surfaces. Computer Hardware and Software. The Molecular Modelling Literature.</li> <li>Force Fields: Fields. Bond Stretching. Angle Bending. Introduction to nonbonded interactions. Electrostatic interactions. Van-der Waals Interactions. Hydrogen bonding in Molecular Mechanics. Force Field Models for the Simulation of Liquid Water.</li> </ul>	13
II	<b>Energy Minimization and Computer Simulation:</b> Minimization and related methods for exploring the energy surface. Non-derivative method, First and second order minimization methods. Computer simulation methods. Simple thermodynamic properties and Phase Space. Boundaries. Analyzing the results of a simulation and estimating Errors.	10
III	Molecular Dynamics & Monte Carlo Simulation: Molecular Dynamics Simulation Methods. Molecular Dynamics using simple models. Molecular Dynamics with continuous potentials. Molecular Dynamics at constant temperature and pressure. Metropolis method. Monte Carlo simulation of molecules. Models used in Monte Carlo simulations of polymers.	
IV	Structure Prediction and Drug Design: Structure prediction – Introduction to comparative Modeling. Sequence alignment. Constructing and evaluating a comparative model. Predicting protein structures by 'Threading', Molecular docking. Structure based de novo ligand design, Drug Discovery – Chemoinformatics – QSAR.	1

## **Reference Books**

Cur Treau Department of Chemical Sciences IKG Punjab Technical University Kapurthala - 144603 Punjab (INDIA)

- 1. A.R. Leach, Molecular Modelling Principles and Application, Longman, 2001.
- 2. J.M. Haile, Molecular Dynamics Simulation Elementary Methods, John Wiley and Sons, 1997.
- 3. Satya Prakash Gupta, QSAR and Molecular Modeling, Springer Anamaya Publishers, 2008.

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1. Understand the fundamental concepts of molecular modelling.

CO2. Learn the different methods of energy minimization and computer simulation.

CO3. Understand the basic concepts of molecular dyanamics.

Learn about the various concepts of drug designing and molecular modelling. CO4. PSO7 PSO6 PSO5 PSO4 PSO3 PSO2 PSO1 2 3 2 3 2 2 CO1 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 CO2 2 2 2 3 2 3 CO3 2 3 3 2 3 1 3 2 CO4

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				CHEMICAL SCIENCES			
Course Name	B.Sc. (Honours) Chemistry						
Subject Code:	BHCP318-19						
Subject Title: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LAB-IV							
Contact Hours:	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2			
Examination Duration (hours)	3			it movies in the section is the section in the section is the sect			
Objective(s):	illustr	The objective of this course is to provide practical knowledge and illustrative experiments regarding study, estimation and isolation of bioorganic compounds.					

## **Details of the Course**

S. No.	Contents						
1.	Estimation of glycine by Sorenson's formalin method.						
2.	Study of the titration curve of glycine.						
3.	Estimation of proteins by Lowry's method.						
4.	Study of the action of salivary amylase on starch at optimum conditions.						
5.	Effect of temperature on the action of salivary amylase.						
6.	Saponification value of an oil or a fat.						
7.	Determination of Iodine number of an oil/ fat.						
8.	Isolation and characterization of DNA from onion/ cauliflower/peas.						
	Synthesis of Nanoparticles and their applications						
	(i) Green synthesis of silver nanoparticles using plant extract.						
	(ii) Preparation of Chitosan Nanoparticles and characterization using FTIR.						
	(iii) Synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles through non-aqueous route.						
	(iv) Synthesis of copper nanoparticles.						
	Application of synthesized nanoparticles in any two organic transformations /						
	synthesis.						

#### **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher			
1	Manual of Biochemistry Workshop, 2012, Department of Chemistry, University of					
	Delhi.					
	Arthur, I. V. Quantitative O	· · · · · · · ·				

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

Head Department of <del>Geom</del>ical Sciences IKG Punjab Technical University Kapurthala - 144603 Punjab (INDIA)

At the end of the course, the students will be able To study about properties of amino acids/proteins/enzymes. CO11. To estimate amino acids/proteins by various methods. CO12. To understand the isolation and characterisation of DNA. CO13. To present their work with practical skills and the awareness of health and safety CO14. procedures. To apply related experiments for their research work CO15. PSO7 PSO6 PSO5 PSO4 PSO3 PSO2 PSO1 2 . 3 2 -4 1 CO1 3 -3 3 . 3 -**CO2** 3 -3 4 -3 3 CO3 5 4 -4 2 3 3 CO4 4 -4 2 4 3 2 CO5

B.Sc (Honours) Chemistry, Choice Based Credit System, Batch 2019 and onwards

C Department of Chemical Sciences Head IKG Punjab Technical University Kapurthala - 144603 Punjab (INDIA)

I.K. (	DEPA	RTMEN	NT OF C	ECHNICAL UNIVERSITY CHEMICAL SCIENCES		
Course Name	B.Sc.(Honours) Chemistry BHCP319-19					
Subject Code:						
Subject Title: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB-IV						
Contact Hours:	L:0	T:0	P:4	Credits:2		
Examination Duration (hours)	4					
Objective(s):	taugh	To provide students practical knowledge and skills about various topics taught in theory class of physical chemistry, which in turn will enhance their problem solving and analytical skills.				

## **Details of the Course**

Unit	Contents
	Conductometry
	I. Determination of cell constant
	<ul> <li>II. Determination of equivalent conductance, degree of dissociation and dissociation</li> <li>constant of a weak acid.</li> <li>III. Perform the following conductometric titrations: <ol> <li>Strong acid vs. strong base</li> <li>Weak acid vs. strong base</li> <li>Mixture of strong acid and weak acid vs. strong base</li> <li>Strong acid vs. weak base</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
	Potentiometry
	Perform the following potentiometric titrations: i. Strong acid vs. strong base ii. Weak acid vs. strong base iii. Dibasic acid vs. strong base iv. Potassium dichromate vs. Mohr's salt
	Any other experiment related to electrochemistry carried out in the class.
	Introduction to Computational study / Molecular modeling
	<ol> <li>To study the 3-dimensional structure of simple organic molecules such as alkanes, alkene and alkynes using physical as well as computer based modelling.</li> <li>To study the relative stability of E and Z isomers of simple alkenes using molecular modelling.</li> <li>Determination of the molecular configuration of di (determine the interatomic distances) / triatomic (determine the interatomic distances and bond angles) / tetra atomic molecules (determine the interatomic distances and bond angles).</li> </ol>

I.K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Kapurthala

Head Department of Chemical Sciences IKG Punjab Technical University Kapurthala - 144603 Punjab (INDIA)

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## **Reference Books**

S.No.	Author(s)	Title of the Book	Publisher
1	J.B. Yadav	Practical Physical Chemistry	Krishna
2	B. D. Khosla, V. C. Garg, & A. Gulati,	Senior Practical Physical Chemistry	R. Chand & Co. New Delhi (2011)
3	V. D. Athawale, & P. Mathur,	Experimental Physical Chemistry	New Age International: New Delhi (2001)

## **Course Outcomes and Mapping**

At the end	of the cou	rse, the stude	ents will be	able to				
CO5.	Understand the basic procedures for carrying out a physical chemistry practical							
	like p	like preparation and standardisation of solutions, handling the equipments and						
	measu	measuring with precision.						
CO6.	Corre	Correlate the theoretical and practical aspects and know about the limits of the						
000	experimental error.							
					for the various problems under study			
CO7.	Deter	mine the vari	ous physical	l parameters	for the vario	us problems	under study	
CO7. CO6.	Deter	mine the vari y various lav	ous physical	l parameters the theory j	for the vario part.			
	Deten Verif	mine the vari	ous physical	the theory PSO4	for the vario part. PSO5	us problems	under study PSO7	
CO6.	Deter	mine the vari y various lav	ous physical	the theory j	part.			
<b>CO6.</b>	Deten Verif	mine the vari y various lav PSO2 3	ous physical vs studied in PSO3	PSO4	PSO5		PSO7	
CO1 CO2	Deten Verif	mine the vari y various lav PSO2 3 2	ous physical vs studied in PSO3 3	PSO4 3	PSO5		PSO7 3	
	Deten Verif	mine the vari y various lav PSO2 3	ous physical vs studied in PSO3 3 3	PSO4 3	PSO5 3 3	PSO6 3 2	PSO7 3 2	

I.K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Kapurthala

Head Department of Chemical Sciences IKG Punjab Technical University IKG punjab - 144603 Punjab (INDIA) Kapurthala - 144603 Punjab (INDIA) Head

# I.K. GUJRAL PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

Estd. Under Punjab Technical University Act, 1996 (Punjab Act No. 1 of 1997)

Ref. No. : IKGPTU/Reg/N/

Dated :

## NOTIFICATION

## Sub: Regarding Pre-Ph.D Course work.

This is for information of all concerned that Pre-Ph.D course work from 2016-17 will be conducted in the IKGPTU main campus Kapurthala in regular mode. The PhD course work will consists of minimum 15 credits. The structure of the course work is as under.

Sr. No.	Nature of course	Name of course	Credits	Remarks
1.	Core	1.Research Methodology	4	The syllabus of RM should be formulated faculty wise such as Engineering, Science, Management/ Humanities and Life sciences
		2.Subject related theory paper	4	Discipline specific related to advancements in theoretical methods for research
	1	3. Presentation	3	Discipline specific
2.	Interdisciplinary	4. Elective	4	From list of subjects from allied fields
	Total Minimum credits		15	

Registrar

Endorsement No: IKGPTU/REG/N/ 4244-4251

Dated: 22.08.2016

- 1. Secretary to Vice Chancellor: For kind information of Vice Chancellor
- 2. Dean (P&D)
- 3. Dean (RIC)
- 4. Dean (Academics)
- 5. Finance Officer
- 6. Controller of Examination
- 7. DR (Computers): For uploading on website
- 8. File Copy

I. K. Gujral Punjab Technical University, Jalandhar

Jalandhar Kapurthala Highway, Near Pushpa Gujral Science City, Kapurthala - 144 603 Ph. No. 01822 - 662521. 662501 Fax No. : 01822-255506. 662526. Email : registrar@ptu.ac.in

## RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Course code PHAS - 901

L	T	P	C
3	1	0	4

1. Introduction to Research: Kothor + Uotes.

Objectives of research, motivation in research, types of research, significance of research, research methods vs methodology, research process in flow chart, criteria of good research, problems encountered by researchers in India.

2. Thinking Processes: Notes.

Role of thinking in research, levels and styles of thinking; common-sense and
 scientific thinking; examples.

3. Problem solving:

Problem solving strategies – reformulation or rephrasing, techniques of representation, logical thinking, division into sub- problems, verbalization, awareness of scale; importance of graphical representation; examples

## 4. Experimental and modeling skills:

Census and sample survey, sampling procedure, important scaling techniques, methods of data collection estimation and reduction of random errors: detection and elimination of systematic errors: guidelines for constructing questionnaire, Scientific method: role of hypothesis in experiment; hypothesis testing; F test, t test, Chi Square test, use of ANOVA; Types of models; the an of making approximations; problem representation: logical reasoning; mathematical skills; techniques of numerical simulation.

5. Problem finding and literature survey: > Noty (Resuce Outign)

Information gathering - reading, searching and documentation; types, attributes and sources of research problems; problem formulation, relative

importance of various forms of publications, choice of journal and reviewing process, Difference between publishing and patenting.

# 6. Chemdraw and documentation

Difference between TEX and LATEX, basics of using latex, latex input files, input file structures, layout of the document, titles, chapter and sections, cross references, foot note, environments, typesetting, building blocks of a mathematical formula, matrices, tables, including encapsulated postscript graphics, bibliography, downloading and working of CHEMDRAW software

## 7. Data And its Presentation

Introduction to origin, basics of importing and exporting data, working with Microsoft excel, graphing, statistics in origin, hypothesis testing, power and sample size, basic linear regression and curve fitting.

### 8. Statistical Analysis of Data

Error Analysis and Basic Statistics Measuring errors, uncertainties, parent and sample distributions, mean and standard deviation of distribution, types of probability distribution, instrumental and statistical uncertainties, propagation of errors, specific error formulas, method of least square fitting.

#### 9. Multivariate analysis:

Multiple regression, multiple discriminant analysis, multipleanalysis of variance, canonical correlation analysis, Factor analysis cluster analysis, path analysis. Computational techniques.

10. Stress management, Time management, Interpersonal skills, professional ethics:

Psychological phases of a PhD process; stress points, Managing self, teamwork; sense of humor; Plagiarism and research ethics

## **Course structure**

• The course comprises of six modules listed in table below. Each module has 4-5 units.

Modules	Unit title	Teaching hours
Theory	IN MARKAN DATES AND A STREET AND A	
RPE 01	Philosophy and Ethics	4
RPE 02	Scientific Conduct	4
RPE 03	Publication Ethics	7
Practice		
RPE 04	Open Access Publishing	4
RPE 05	Publication Misconduct	4
RPE 06	Databases and Research Metrics	7
10.00	Total	30

## Syllabus in detail

### THEORY

# • RPE 01: PHILOSOPHY AND ETHICS (3 hrs.)

- 1. Introduction to philosophy: definition, nature and scope, concept, branches
- 2. Ethics: definition, moral philosophy, nature of moral judgements and reactions

## • RPE 02: SCIENTIFICCONDUCT (5hrs.)

- 1. Ethics with respect to science and research
- 2. Intellectual honesty and research integrity
- 3. Scientific misconducts: Falsification, Fabrication, and Plagiarism (FFP)
- 4. Redundant publications: duplicate and overlapping publications, salami slicing
- 5. Selective reporting and misrepresentation of data

# • RPE 03: PUBLICATION ETHICS (7 hrs.)

- 1. Publication ethics: definition, introduction and importance
- 2. Best practices / standards setting initiatives and guidelines: COPE, WAME, etc.
- 3. Conflicts of interest
- 4. Publication misconduct: definition, concept, problems that lead to unethical behavior and vice versa, types
- 5. Violation of publication ethics, authorship and contributorship
- 6. Identification of publication misconduct, complaints and appeals
- 7. Predatory publishers and journals

## PRACTICE

• RPE 04: OPEN ACCESS PUBLISHING(4 hrs.)

- 1. Open access publications and initiatives
- 2. SHERPA/RoMEO online resource to check publisher copyright & self-archiving policies
- 3. Software tool to identify predatory publications developed by SPPU
- 4. Journal finder / journal suggestion tools viz. JANE, Elsevier Journal Finder, Springer Journal Suggester, etc.

## **RPE 05: PUBLICATION MISCONDUCT (4hrs.)**

#### A. Group Discussions (2 hrs.)

- 1. Subject specific ethical issues, FFP, authorship
- 2. Conflicts of interest
- 3. Complaints and appeals: examples and fraud from India and abroad

#### B. Software tools (2 hrs.)

Use of plagiarism software like Turnitin, Urkund and other open source software tools

#### **RPE 06: DATABASES AND RESEARCH METRICS (7hrs.)**

#### A. Databases (4 hrs.)

- 1. Indexing databases
- 2. Citation databases: Web of Science, Scopus, etc.

#### B. Research Metrics (3 hrs.)

- 1. Impact Factor of journal as per Journal Citation Report, SNIP, SJR, IPP, Cite Score
- 2. Metrics: h-index, g index, i10 index, altmetrics

#### References

Bird, A. (2006). Philosophy of Science. Routledge.

MacIntyre, Alasdair (1967) A Short History of Ethics. London.

P. Chaddah, (2018) Ethics in Competitive Research: Do not get scooped; do not get plagiarized, ISBN:978-9387480865

National Academy of Sciences, National Academy of Engineering and Institute of Medicine. (2009). On Being a Scientist: A Guide to Responsible Conduct in Research: Third Edition. National Academies Press.

Resnik, D. B. (2011). What is ethics in research & why is it important. National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, 1-10. Retrieved from https://www.niehs.nih.gov/research/resources/bioethics/whatis/index.cfm Beall, J. (2012). Predatory publishers are corrupting open access. Nature, 489(7415), 179–179. https://doi.org/10.1038/489179a

Indian National Science Academy (INSA), Ethics in Science Education, Research and Governance(2019), ISBN:978-81-939482-1-7. http://www.insaindia.res.in/pdf/Ethics\_Book.pdf

## Annexure-A

# 01- Advanced Organic Chemistry

### LTP-3-0-0

#### Total Hours: 45

#### 1. Pericyclic Reactions

Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbital of ethylene, 1, 3- butadiene, 1, 3, 5- hexatriene and allyl system. Classification of pericyclic reactions. Woodward-Hoffmann diagrams. FMO and PMO approach. Electrocyclic reactions, 4n, 4n+2 and allyl systems. Cycloadddition – antarafacial and suprafacial additions, 4n and 4n+2 systems, 2+2 addition of ketenes, 1,3 dipolar Sigmatropic rearrangements-suprafacial and cycloadditions and cheleotropic reactions. antarafacial shifts of Hydrogen, sigmatropic shifts involoving carbon moieties, 3, 3- and sigmatropic rearrangements. Claisen, Cope and aza-Cope rearreangements, ene reaction.

#### 2. Metal Salt Catalysis

(a). Fundamental reaction steps of transition metal catalysed reaction.

oxidative-addition reactions, elimination reactions, cleavage of C-H bonds, migration reaction, insertion reaction.

(b). Homo/heterogeneous catalysis by transition metal complexes.

Hydrogenation reaction, alkene isomerization, hydrosilylation and hydroboration reaction, alkene hydrogenation, reaction of CO and hydrogen, hydroformylation of unsaturated compounds, carbonylation reactions, C-C cross coupling and related reaction, reaction of conjugated dienes, reaction of alkynes, , alkene and alkyne metathesis, phase transfer catalysis,

(c). C-H activation using metal salts, Suzuki reaction, Heck reaction, Negishi coupling, Stille reaction, Sonogashira coupling reactions.

#### 3. Cycloaddition reaction in Organic Synthesis

Cycloaddition reactions:- Brief introduction, types of cycloaddition reactions, diene , dienophiles, intra and inter-molecular Diels Alder reaction (Lewis acid catalysed and uncatalysed), , brief introduction to diene and heterodiene and their cycloaddition reaction (2+2 and 4+2) with dienophiles, regiochemistry and stereochemistry in Diels alder reaction, povarov reaction, aza-diels alder reactions, normal and inverse electron demand cycloaddition reactions, heterodienophiles, Hetero Diels alder reactions (general introduction), 1,3-dipolar cvcloaddition reactions

### 4. Multicomponent cycloaddition reactions, brief introduction to transition metal salts catalysed reactions, brief introduction to (m+o), (m+n+o) type reactions with emphasis on 3+2; 4+3, 2+2, 4+2, 5+2, 2+2+2, 3+2+2, 5+2+1 types of reactions.

#### Books

- Advanced Inorganic Chemistry F.A Cotton 6th addition chapter 21 and 22, p. 1167-1294.
- 2. Cycloaddition reactions in organic synthesis by W. Carruthers in the Tetrahedron Organic Chemistry Series, edited by J. E. Baldwin and P. D. Magnus, Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1990.
- 3. S.M. Mukherji and S. P. Singh, Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry.
- 4. Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity by James E. Huheey, Ellen A. Keiter, Richard L. Keiter
- 5. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis by W Carruthers, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Smith M B , March J March's Organic Chemistry 5th ed (2001)(2103s), Wiley, New York.

## Annexure-B

## 02 Medicinal Chemistry

## No. of Lectures LTP-3-0-0

#### **Total Hours: 45**

Structure, stereochemistry, nomenclature, mode of action, specific clinical applications and structure activity relationships of following classes of drugs and synthesis/commercial routes to specified drugs.

- CNS Active Drugs: CNS Depressants: Hypnotics and sedatives: Barbiturates, Non-barbiturates, Amides and Imides, Glutethimide, Benzodiazepines, Aldehydes and derivatives, Methaqualone and other miscellaneous agents. Anticonvulsants: Barbiturates, Hydanatoins, Oxazolidinediones. Succinimides, Bezodiazepines, Thenacemide, Glutethimide. CNS-stimulants & Psychoactive drugs: Analeptics, Purines, Psychomotor stimulants, Sympathomimetics, Monamine oxidase inhibitors, Tricyclic antidepressants, Miscellaneous psychomotor stimulants. Hallucinogens (Psychodelics, Psychomimetics): Indolethylamines, R-phenylethylamines, Butyrophenones and other miscellaneous drugs.
- 2. **Commercial Synthetic routes to:** Thioridazine, Haloperidol, Chloropromazine, Phenytoin, Phenobarital, Carbamazipine valproic acid, Methaquolane, Nitrazepam, Oxazepam, Diazepam, Cholridazepoxide
- 3. Antibacterial and Antiviral Agents: History of Antibacterial Drugs, Types, Classifications, Structural Activity Relationship, Fluoroquinolones, Mechanism of Action Of Antibacterial, ßlactams, Bacterial Resistance against Antibacerial Drugs,

Target for Anti HIV Drugs. Anti HIV Agents: HIV-Protease inhibitors, Amprenavir, Foseprenavir, Alazanavir etc. Anti-HIV Nucleosides: Lamivudine, Retrovir, Videx, Hivid, Zlarit, Viread, Carbovir, Delavirdine, Ziduvidine, Etavirenz, Calanolide, Capravine, Nevirapine. DNA Polymerase inhibitors: Acyclovir, Ganciclovir, Penciclovir, Famicilovir, Valaciclovir, Valomaciclovir, Codofvir.

4. Antineoplastic agents: Alkylating agents (Nitrogen mustards, Aziridines, Sulfonic acid Esters, Epoxides, Nitrosoureas, Triazenes, Phosphamides, Mitomycin, Comparative activity of alkalyting agents). Antimetaboilities: Antifolates (Methotrexate), Mercaptopurine, Thioguanine, Flourouracil, Floxuridine, Cytarabine, Azathioprine, Antitumor, antibiotics, Dactinomycin, Daunorubricin, Aclacinomycin, Mithramycin, Bleomycin, Miscellaneous compounds: Cisplatin, Taxol, Gunazole, Pipobromin. Antitumor alkaloids: Vincristine, Vinblastine. Hormones agonist and antiagonists: Steroids, Tamoxifen, Mitotane, Dromastanolone propionate, Testalactone, Megestrol acetate Immunotherapy.

#### **Books Recommended:**

 Wilson and Gisvolds Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceuticals Chemistry, 8th edition, edited by R.F. Deorge, J.B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia, 1982.
 Pharmaceutical Chemicals in Perspective. B.G. Reuben and H.A. Wittcoff, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1989.

3. W.O. Foye, T.L. Lamke, D.A. Williams, Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Lippencott Williams and Wilkins, 2002.

# Annexure-D LABORATORY PRACTICES **ESL964**

## Credits 3-0-0

1. Introduction to chemical analysis: Nature of analytical chemistry, general directions of chemical analysis: Cleanliness in the laboratory, Recording and planning data. Data quality: Bias, Precision, Uncertainty, Method detection limit, Checking correctness of analysis, Expression of results, Significant figures, Collection and preservation of sample,

2 Laboratory hazards: Chemical, Fire, Careless habits, Handling of compressed gases, Stockroom safety rules, Laboratory safety rules. Quality assurance of chemical measurements: Quality assurance, quality control, Quality assessment, Sampling, Sampling custody, Sample preparation, Analytical methodology with case studies, Calibrations, Detection limits, Statistics in chemical analysis, Quality control charts.

3. Laboratory apparatus and glassware: Labware materials, soft vs. heat resistant glassware, plastic, porcelain, platinum, nickel labware. Volumetric flask, pipette, burette, cleaning of volumetric glassware. Types of balances: Analytical balances, Desiccators.

4. Chemical reagents and standards: Grade and purity of chemicals, Proper storage of chemicals and standards, Laboratory pure water, Preparation of reagent grade water, Reagent water quality.

5. Reagents and solutions. Stock standardization solutions, Preparation and standardization of common standard solutions,

6. Filtration: Gravity, Vacuum, Centrifugation, Distillation: Simple, Fractional, Vacuum, Refluxing, Ion exchange, Drying and washing sample, Liquid-liquid extraction by separating funnel, Soxhlet extraction.

7. Software's for stock room management, Role of computers in Laboratory occupational health and safety, Waste minimization and disposal.

## **References:**

1. Csuros, M., Environmental Sampling and Analysis, Lewis Publications.

2. Standard methods for the examination of water

### **Total Hrs 45**

Annexure-D

## LABORATORY PRACTICES AND SEAFTY

ES	SL	96.	4				

**Total Hrs 45** 

P T C 0 0 3

3

1. Introduction to chemical analysis:

Nature of analytical chemistry, General directions of chemical analysis: Cleanliness in the laboratory, Recording and planning data. Data quality: Bias, Precision, Uncertainty, Method detection limit, Checking correctness of analysis, Expression of results, Significant figures, Collection and preservation of sample.

# 2. Data Analysis:

Uncertainties, Errors, calibrations, Mean, Standard Deviation, Least square fit.

# 3. Laboratory apparatus and glassware:

Lab wares, soft Vs heat resistant glasswares, lab ware's of plastic, porcelain, platinum and nickel. Volumetric flasks, Pipette, burette, Cleaning of volumetric glassware. Calibrations of Glass wares, Types of balances: Analytical balances, Desiccators,

# 4. Chemical reagents and standards:

Grade and purity of chemicals, Proper storage of chemicals and standards, Laboratory pure water, Preparation of reagent grade water, Reagent water quality.

Quality assurance of chemical measurements: Quality assurance, quality control, Quality assessment, Sampling, Sampling custody, Sample preparation, Analytical methodology with case studies, Calibrations, Detection limits, Statistics in chemical analysis, Quality control charts.

# 5. Reagents and solutions.

Stock standardization solutions. Preparation and standardization of common standard solutions.

# 6. Common Laboratory techniques:

Gravity, Vacuum, Centrifugation, Distillation: Simple, Fractional, Vacuum, Refluxing, Ion exchange, Drying and washing sample, Liquid-liquid extraction by separating funnel, Soxhlet extraction and filtration.

# 7. Inventory Management:

Software's for stock room management, Role or computers in Laboratory occupational health and safety, Waste minimization and disposal.

## 8. Laboratory hazards and safety:/

Lab design, Fume hoods, Chemical safety aspects, Fire, Careless habits, Safe Storage, Handling of Chemicals, Handling of compressed gases, Stockroom safety rules, and Laboratory safety rules. , Protection of Environment, Disposal of Chemicals, Bio safety, chemical and electrical safety, Fire safety, Radiation safety, Eyewash and safety shows, Routine mock drills for lab safety.

#### References:

- 1. Environmental Sampling and Analysis by Csuros, M., Lewis Publications.
- 2. Standard methods for the examination of water Author /publisher missing ?????
- 3. Laboratory Safety for Chemistry Students, by <u>Robert II. Hill Jr.</u> (Author), <u>David C.</u> <u>Finster</u> (Author), Wiley(second Edition)
- 4. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, Fourth Edition. by Sandy Weinberg, CRC press



Pre-Ph. D Syllabus For

Environment<sub>4</sub>Science<sub>4</sub>

I K Gujral Punjab Technical University

Kapurthala

Vandare

Adarsh Palvig

3

Pre Ph.D course work will be of 17 credits and shall be offered on regular basis at IKGPTU campus. The structure of the course work is as under

Sr. No.	Nature of course	Name of course	Credits	Remarks
1.	Core	I.Research Methodology	4	Fhe syllabus of RM should be formulated faculty wise such as Engineering, Science, Management/ Humanities and Life sciences
		2.Subject related theory paper Recent Advances in Environmental Science	4	Discipline specific related to advancements in theoretical methods for research
		3. Presentation Seminar	3	Discipline specific
2.	Interdisciplinary	1. Elective Soil And the Environment	4	From list of subjects from allied fields
3.	Research and Publication Ethics (RPE)	5. Research and Publication Ethics (RPE)	2	As per UGC
	Fotal Minimum cro	edits	15	

Adarah Polvig

Vandarg

#### **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

Course code PHAS - 901

## 1. Introduction to Research:-

Objectives of reSearch, motivation in research, types of research, significance of research, research methods vs methodology, research process in flow chart, criteria of good resorch, problems encountered by researchers in India.

2. Thinking Processes:

Role of thinking in research, levels and styles of thinking; common-sense and . scientific thinking; examples.

3. Problem solving:

Problem solving strategies — reformulation or rephrasing, techniques of representation, logical thinking, division into sub- problems, verbalization, awareness of scale; importance of graphical representation; examples

4. Experimental and modeling skills:

Census and sample survey, sampling procedure, important scaling techniques, methods of data collection, estimation and reduction of random errors; detection and elimination of systematic errors; guidelines for constructing questionnaire, Scientific method: role of hypothesis in experiment; hypothesis testing; F test, t test, Chi Square test, use of ANOVA; Types of models; the art of making approximations; problem representation; logical reasoning; mathematical skills; techniques of numerical simulation.

5. Problem finding and literature survey:

Information gathering — reading, searching and documentation; types, attributes and sources of research problems; problem formulation, relative importance of various forms of publications; choice of journal and reviewing process; Difference between publishing and patenting;

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6. Chemdraw and documentation

Difference between TEX and LATEX, basics of using latex, latex input files, input file structures, layout of the document, titles, chapter and sections, cross references, foot note, environments, typesetting, building blocks of a mathematical formula, matrices, tables, including encapsulated postscript graphics, bibliography, downloading and working of CHEMDRAW software

3

7. Data And its Presentation

Adamh Pelvis

Introduction to origin, basics of importing and exporting data, working with Microsoft excel, graphing, statistics it; origin, hypothesis testing, power and sample size, basic linear regression and curve fitting.

#### 8. Statistical Analysis of Data

Error Analysis and Basic Statistics Measuring errors, uncertainties, • parent and sample distributions, mean and standard deviation of distribution, types of probability distribution, instrumental and statistical uncertainties, propagation of errors, specific error formulas, method of least square fitting.

9. Multivariate analysis:

Multiple regression, multiple discriminant analysis, multipleanalysis of variance, canonical correlation analysis, Factor analysis cluster analysis, path analysis. Computational techniques.

10. Stress management, Time management, Interpersonal skills, professional ethics:

Psychological phases of a PhD process; siress points; Managing self; teamwork; sense of humor; Plagiarism and research ethics

## **REFERENCES:**

1. Research methodology: (http://www.newagepublishers.com/samplechapter 1000896.pdf)

2. The not so short introduction to LATEX by TobianOetiker, Hubert Partl, HreneHyna ard Elisabeth Schlegl, Version 4.16, May 08,2005.(http://tobi.oetiker.ch/lshort/lshort.pdf)

3. T.Veerarajan and T. Ramachandran "Numerical methods" Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2008

4. Data reduction and error analysis for physical sciences by Philip R. Bevington and D.

Keith Robinson. (http://www.physast.uga.edu/files/phys3330 fertic/Basic ErrorAnalysis.pdf)

5.E.M. Phillips and D S Pugh, "How to get a PhD — a handbook for PhD students and their supervisors", Viva books Pvt. Ltd for all scholars irrespective of the ir disciplines.

6. Handbook of Science Communication, compiled by Antony Wilson, Jane Gregory, Steve w!ler, Shirley Earl, Overseas Press Indian Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, first edition 2005.

TG L Squires, "Practical physics", Cambridge University Press for all scholars except those from Humanities and Management sciences.

8. Peter B Medeq, " Advice to a Young Scientist", Pan Books, London 1979.

9. Kothari C R, "Research Methodo; ogy — Methods and Techniques", Wishwa Prakashan, New Delhi, Third Edition 2008.

**Research and Publication Ethics (RPE)** 

[DOCUMENT TITLE]

Vandaug

## **Course Code:**

## **RPE 01: Philosophy and Ethics (3 hrs)**

- 1. Introduction to Philosophy: definition, nature and scope, concept, branches
- Ethics: Definition, moral philosophy, nature of moral judgments and reactions. 2.

## **RPE 02: Scientific Conduct (5 hrs)**

- 1. Ethics with respect to science and research
- 2. Intellectual honesty and research integrity
- 3. Scientific misconducts: Falsification, Fabrication and Plagiarism (FFP)
- Redundant publications: duplicate and overlapping publications, salami slicing 4.
- 5. Selective reporting and misrepresentation of data

# **RPE 03: Publication Ethics (7 hrs)**

- 1. Publication ethics: definition, introduction and importance
- 2. Best practices/standards setting initiatives and guidelines: COPE, WAME etc.
- 3. Conflicts of interest
- 4. Publication misconduct: Definition, concept, problems that lead to unethical behavior and vice versa,

# types

- Violation of publication ethics, authorship and contributorship 5.
- 6. Identification of publication misconduct, complaints and appeals
- 7. Predatory publishers and journals

#### Practice

## **RPE 04: Open Access Publishing (4 hrs)**

- 1. Open access publications and initiatives
- 2. SHERPA/RoMEO online resource to check publisher copyright & self-archiving policies
- Software tool to identify predatory publications developed by SPPU: UGC-CARE list of journals 3.

4. Journal finder/journal suggestion tools viz. JANE, Elsevier Journal Finder, Springer Journal

Suggester, etc.

# **RPE05:** Publication Misconduct (4 hr)

#### Group discussions (2 hrs) A.

1. Subject specific ethical issues, FFP, authorship

2. Conflicts of interest

3. Complaints and appeals: examples and fraud from India and abroad

# B. Software tools (2hrs)

Adamsh Pal Vis Use of plagiarism software like Turnitin, Urkund and ay other open-source software tools. Vandarg

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[AUTHOR NAME]

# RPE 06: Databases and research metrics Databases (7hrs)

## A. Databases (4 hrs)

- 1. Indexing databases
- 2. Citation databases: Web of Science, Scopus etc.

# B. Research Metrics (3 hrs)

- 5. Impact factor of journal as per Journal Citation Report, SNIP, SJR, IPP, Cite Score
- 6. Metrics: h-index, g-index, i-10 index, altmetrics

**Recent Advances in Environmental Science** 

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Adamh Palvig

[AUTHOR NAME]

#### **Unit I Environmental Pollution**

Electrosmog (5G revolution)-environment and health hazards; Invasion of microplastics and consequences thereof, 1.3. Emerging environmental contaminants(Pharmaceuticals/POPs) 1.4. Environmental footprints of digital world

1.5, Biological warfare agents-threat to humanity

# **Unit II Environmental Management**

2.1. Economic evaluation of ecosystem services- a way towards sustainability 2,2. Artificial intelligence as a tool for management of pollution

2.3. Application of UAV (Unmanned Aerial Vehicle) in pollution monitoring and management

2.1. Sustainable waste treatment and management

2.5. Advances in ecological restoration- rising to the challenges of coming decades

#### **Unit III Environmental Technologies**

3.1 Bioremediation technologies - latest trends

3.2 Application of membrane technology in pollution control

3.3 Best available technology (BAT) for management of persistent organic pollutants 3.4 Sustainable green technologies (Green cities and Carbon sequestration)

3.5 Advanced application of remote sensing and GIS

3.6 Nanotechnology in pollution control

#### **Unit IV Environmental Initiatives**

4.1. National action plan on climate change, Paris agreement(IPCC Reports) 4.2. Sustainable development goals (SDG's)

4.3. Latest EIA notifications

4.4. Comprehensive environmental pollution index (CEPI)

4.5. UNEP's report-global environment outlook

Soil and Environment

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#### Credits 4-0-0

# 1. Soil and its components:

Soil as component of ecosystems, Soil and man, soil pollution.: Texture and structure, bulk density, pore space, soil water, soil air, mineral, organic and chemical components of soil, Interactions between soil components.

#### 2. Soil Development:

Rock and their weathering, addition and decomposition of organicmatter, processes of soil formation, soil horizons, soil classification and characteristics.

## 3. Soil properties and Processes:

Electrically charged surfaces, Exchangeable cations and cation exchange capacity, Diffuse layer, Selectivity of cation adsorption, Anion retention, sorption of gases, Organic materials sources and decomposition, Soil fauna, soil microorganisms, biological nitrogen fixation, Ammonification, nitrification, denitrification, Oxidation and reduction

# 4. Soil as a medium for plant growth:

Plant development and growth, Restrictions to root growth, Requirements of water and nutrients, rhizosphere and mycorrhizas, cultivations, fertilizers, organic manures. Soil acidification: pH and buffering, Percentage base saturation, Processes of soil acidification, Effects of acidity on plants, Acid rain, Acidification of ecosystems

# 5. Heavy metals and radionuclides in soil:

Hazardous elements in soil, Accumulation in soil, Treatment of contaminated land, Radionuclides in soils and their effects on growthof plants

## 6. Soil erosion and conservation:

Natural erosion, Anthropogenic factors responsible for soil erosion, soil conservation methods. Nitrates, Eutrophication, pesticides, degradation of soils, drought, organic farming and sustaining soil fertility.

#### 7. Soil analysis:

Analysis of particle size, water holding capacity, temperature, pH, conductivity, exchangeable calcium and magnesium, sodium, potassium, Available phosphates, nitrogen, alkalinity, chlorides, sulphates, organic matter, calcium carbonate, boron, standard plate count, microbial activity, heavy metals, pesticides.

#### References

1. Bohn, H.L., MCNeal, B.L. and O'Connor, G.A. (1979). Soil Chemistry. Wiley Interscience, New York.

2. Trivedy R.K. and Goul, P.K.(1987). Practical methods in ecology and Environmental Sciences. Enviro Media Publications, India.

3. White, R.E. (1987). Introduction to principles and practice of soil science, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford.

4. Wild, A. (1993). Soil and Environment: An introduction. Cambridge University Press. Cambridge.

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## **Disaster Management**

Credits 4-0-0

- 1. Introduction to disasters
- 2. Earthquakes

Damage Prevention and Rehabiliation by RetrofittingDos and Don'ts While Constructing Buildings

3. Floods

Standard Operating Procedure for Administration Standard Operating Procedure for Individuals

- 4. Cyclones
- 5. Droughts
- 6. Landslides
- 7. Forest Fires
- 8. Avalanches
- 9. Nuclear Disasters Dos and Don'ts While Commercial Nuclear Disaster
- 10. Chemical and industrial Disasters Chemical and Industrial Disaster Mitigation
- 11. Tsunami
- **Case Studies**

Bhopal Gas Tragedy 1984 Orissa Super Cyclone 1999 Bhuj Earthquake 2001 Assam Floods 2004 Peerchu Lake - A Disaster in Being Kumbakonam School Fire Tragedy Tsunami 2004

Reference:

Khanna B K (2005). All you wanted to know about Disasters. New India Publishing Agency, New Delhi. Pp.1-219.

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#### LABORATORY PRACTICES AND SEAFTY

#### **ESL964**

#### Credits 4-0-0

#### 1. Introduction to chemical analysis:

Nature of analytical chemistry, General directions of chemical analysis: Cleanliness in the laboratory, Recording and planning data. Data quality: Bias, Precision, Uncertainty, Method detection limit, Checking correctness of analysis, Expression of results,

Significant figures, Collection and preservation of sample.

## 2. Data Analysis:

Uncertainties, Errors, calibrations, Mean, Standard Deviation, Least square fit.

# 3. Laboratory apparatus and glassware:

Lab wares, soft Vs heat resistant glasswares, lab ware's of plastic, porcelain, platinum and nickel. Volumetric flasks, Pipette, burette, Cleaning of volumetric glassware. Calibrations of Glass wares ,Types of balances: Analytical balances, Desiccators.

# 4. Chemical reagents and standards:

Grade and purity of chemicals, Proper storage of chemicals and standards, Laboratory pure water, Preparation of reagent grade water, Reagent water quality.

Quality assurance of chemical measurements: Quality assurance, quality control, Quality assessment, Sampling, Sampling custody, Sample preparation, Analytical methodology with case studies, Calibrations, Detection limits, Statistics in chemical analysis, Quality control charts.

#### 5. Reagents and solutions:

Stock standardization solutions. Preparation and standardization of common standard solutions.

# 6. Common Laboratory techniques:

Gravity, Vacuum, Centrifugation, Distillation: Simple, Fractional, Vacuum, Refluxing, Ion exchange, Drying and washing sample, Liquid-liquid extraction by separating funnel, Soxhlet extraction and 'filtration.

# 7. Inventory Management:

Software's for stock room management, Role oi computers in Laboratory occupational health and safety, Waste minimization and disposal.

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## 8. Laboratory hazards and safety:

Lab design, Fume hoods, Chemical safety aspects, Fire, Careless habits, Safe Storage, Handling of Chemicals, Handling of compressed gases, Stockroom safety rules, and Laboratory safety rules, Protection of Environment, Disposal of Chemicals, Bio safety, chemical and electrical safety, Fire safety, Radiation safety, Eyewash and safety shows, Routine mock drills for lab safety.

# **References:**

1. Csuros M, Environmental Sampling and Analysis, Lewis Publications (2002).

2. Eugene W Rice (Editor), Rodger B Baird (Editor), Andrew D Eaton (Editor), Lenore S. Clesceri, Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Wastewater (Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater) Amer Public Health Assn (2012).

- 3. <u>Robert II, Hill Jr</u>, <u>David C Finster</u>, Laboratory Safety for Chemistry Students, , Wiley(second Edition)(2016).
- 4. Sandy Weinberg, Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, Fourth Edition, CRC press(2007)

Adamh Palvig